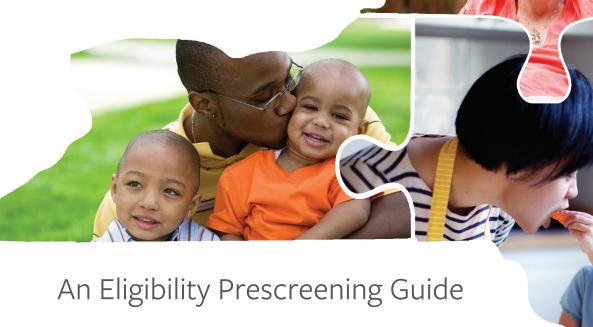
Supplemental

Nutrition

Assistance

Program

in New York State





## Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

in New York State

## An Eligibility Prescreening Guide

For questions or comments related to this guide, please call 518-436-8757.



## **Acknowledgements**

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## **About Us**

Hunger Solutions New York is a statewide non-profit organization dedicated to alleviating hunger. Formed in 1985, Hunger Solutions New York strives to maximize participation in, and support for, federally funded nutrition assistance programs including the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), the School Breakfast Program and National School Lunch Program, the Summer Food Service Program, the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC), and the Child and Adult Care Food Program. We promote:

- Awareness of hunger in communities
- Awareness about programs that address chronic and crisis hunger
- Full participation in nutrition assistance programs for all who are eligible
- Public policies that contribute to ending hunger
- Public awareness of the economic and social benefit of nutrition assistance programs

These efforts improve the health and well-being of New Yorkers while boosting local economies throughout the state. For more information or to sign up for our electronic mailing list, please visit HungerSolutionsNY.org.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

## **Sections In This Guide**

Note: A detailed table of contents can be found in the front of each section.

## **How to Use This Guide**

*In this section:* 

Common Acronyms and Terms

Organizational Structure of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

## **Eligibility Rules**

*In this section:* 

General Eligibility Rules

Factors That Impact Eligibility

Applicants' Responsibilities

Household Composition

Eligibility Rules for Select Groups

Students

Non-citizens

Strikers

Fleeing Felons and Probation Violators

Seniors and People with a Disability

## **RESOURCES:**

LDSS-4314 Household Composition Desk Guide

Student Eligibility Checklist

LDSS-5172 SUNY/CUNY/EOC Student Verification of Enrollment

LDSS-4579 Non-citizen Eligibility Chart

## **Programs to Help Seniors and Disabled SNAP Applicants**

*In this section:* 

Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP)

NYSNIP and NYSCAP

## **RESOURCES:**

LDSS-5166 SNAP-Only Application

LDSS-5181 ESAP Interview Notice Letter

SNAP Medical Deduction Desk Guide and Worksheet

LDSS-4841 NYSCAP Statewide Information Collection Sheet

LDSS-4836/LDSS-4836 NYC NYSCAP Interim Report

Pathways to SNAP for Seniors: Comparing ESAP, NYSNIP, & NYSCAP

## **Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits**

*In this section:* 

SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet

Overview of Budgeting

Expanded Categorical Eligibility/Resources

Calculating Income in SNAP Budgeting

The SNAP Budget Worksheet

Advanced Budgeting

## **RESOURCES:**

Categorical Eligibility Desk Guide

## **Applying for SNAP**

In this section:

The Application Form

Accessing the Application

Accommodations for Special Populations

Filing the Application

**SNAP Expedited Service** 

The SNAP Interview

Verification and Documentation

Notification of Acceptance or Denial

## **RESOURCES:**

LDSS-4826 SNAP Application Form and LDSS-4826A How to Complete Booklet

Instructions for Ordering SNAP Applications & OTDA Order Form 876 EL

LDSS-3938/LDSS-3938 NYC SNAP Application Expedited Processing Summary Sheet

LDSS-4942 Authorized Representative Request Form

LDSS-2642 Documentation Requirements Checklist

LDSS-3666 TA/SNAP Documentation/Verification Desk Guide

LDSS-4847 Documentation Receipt Temporary Assistance, Supplemental Nutrition

Assistance Program (SNAP), Medicaid and/or Child Health Plus A

NYDocSubmit Quick Reference Card

## **Maintaining SNAP Benefits and Recertification**

*In this section:* 

**SNAP Work Rules** 

Recertification and Reporting Requirements

**Transitional Benefits** 

### **RESOURCES:**

LDSS-5193A Important Information About SNAP Work Rules (General and Mandatory E&T) LDSS-3151 Change Report Form

## **Using SNAP Benefits**

*In this section:* 

Monthly Benefits Issuance Schedule

The EBT Card

Eligible Food Items

Using SNAP to Purchase Food Online

Restaurant Meals Program (RMP)

Appointing an Authorized Representative

**Unspent SNAP Balances** 

## **RESOURCES:**

LDSS-4217 ID Card Update Form

LDSS-5230 Restaurant Meals Program Notice of Eligibility Decision

## **SNAP Benefits During Disasters, Misfortunes, & Theft**

*In this section:* 

Disaster SNAP

Replacement SNAP Benefits in a Misfortune

Replacement Benefits After Electronic Theft

## **RESOURCES:**

LDSS-2291 Request for Replacement SNAP with Hunger Solutions New York cover sheet LDSS-5215 Request for Replacement of Stolen Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits

## **How to Use This Guide**

In this section:		

Common Acronyms and Terms	2
Organizational Structure of the	
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	5

1

## **How to Use This Guide**

Hunger Solutions New York's Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) prescreening guide is designed for human service agencies, advocates, and volunteers working with low-income households who wish to:

- Determine which households may qualify for SNAP benefits,
- Estimate a household's SNAP benefit allotment,
- Assist potentially eligible households through the SNAP application process, and
- Assist current SNAP participants in the recertification process.

## Contained in this guide are:

- Eligibility rules for a variety of populations,
- Details about policies and programs that facilitate SNAP access,
- Tools for budgeting and estimating SNAP benefits,
- Step-by-step SNAP budgeting instructions,
- Specifics about maintaining, using, and recertifying for SNAP benefits,
- Information about how SNAP is administered during disasters and misfortunes,
- Information about electronic benefit theft, including what it is, how to protect EBT cards from skimming, and how to help clients apply for replacement of stolen benefits.

On the left, beneath headings and subheadings, there are policy references like these:

SNAPSB SECTION 3: PG. 6

03-ADM-03

10-INF-22

To help demystify them, here is an explanation of each:

SNAPSB SECTION 3: PG. 6: this refers to a section of the SNAP Sourcebook (SNAPSB), which details New York State policy and includes SNAP administration instructions for local districts. To view the SNAP Sourcebook and SNAP policy memos, visit: otda.ny.gov/legal/

03-ADM-03; 10-INF-22: these refer to OTDA SNAP policy memoranda issued through administrative directives (ADMs), informational letters (INFs), local commissioner memoranda (LCMs), and General Information Messages (GIS).

The end of each section includes helpful resources related to that section's content. Throughout the guide, we also refer to Hunger Solutions New York web pages that contain SNAP policy information or useful tools for the SNAP application and recertification process. Additional resources can be found in our online Resource Library, available at HungerSolutionsNY.org/Resource-Library

This guide only briefly addresses SNAP work rules. The New York State Temporary Assistance and SNAP Employment Policy Manual provides a comprehensive explanation of SNAP's employment and training requirements.

10/2024

How to Use This Guide, cont. Hunger Solutions New York also provides a digital SNAP Prescreening Guide at SNAPGuideNY.org. The digital guide includes a benefits estimator where you can input an applicant's household information, income, and deductions and instantly calculate an estimated SNAP benefit.

Hunger Solutions New York updates the print and digital guides periodically to reflect policy changes, including the yearly October 1 SNAP standards/deductions/ adjustments. Each section in the print guide has a date at the bottom of the page that indicates the most recent update to that section. Visit SNAPGuideNY.org and click "Download a PDF of the Guide" to ensure that you have the most recent version. You can also visit HungerSolutionsNY.org/SNAP for the latest SNAP policy changes and clarifications.

## **Common Acronyms and Terms**

ABLE Account Achieving a Better Life Experience—tax-advantaged savings

programs for eligible people with disabilities

ADA Americans with Disabilities Act

ADM Administrative Directive—issued by OTDA to notify LDSS

about policies and procedures that must be followed in the

administration of programs

CAP Combined Application Project

Cat el Categorical Eligibility

CTE Career and Technical Education

DSS Department of Social Services—the county-level SNAP

administering agency. Also referred to as the SNAP office

(see also LDSS)

DHS Department of Homeland Security

E&T Employment and Training Program

EBT Electronic Benefits Transfer—a system of disbursing temporary

assistance and SNAP benefits to households, using a swipe card

EFC Expected Family Contribution

EITCs Earned Income Tax Credits

EOC Educational Opportunity Center

ESAP Elderly Simplified Application Project

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Common Acronyms and Terms, cont.	FA	Family Assistance—see TANF
	FEDS	Front End Detection System
	FNS	Food and Nutrition Service—the division of USDA responsible for administering SNAP and child nutrition programs
	FPL	Federal Poverty Level
	GIS	General Information System Messages—issued by OTDA to provide immediate direction to SNAP offices about current OTDA program policies and procedures
	GIT	Gross Income Test
	HEAP	Home Energy Assistance Program
	HRA	Human Resources Administration—New York City's Department of Social Services, the SNAP administering agency in NYC. Also referred to as the SNAP office.
	IDA	Individual Development Account—a type of savings account that helps low-income and low-wealth people save for specific goals over a set period of time. IDAs are designed to help people build wealth and improve their financial outcomes.
	INF	Informational Letter—issued by OTDA, these letters include articles of general interest to SNAP office staff, including pamphlets or brochures, new or revised lists of contacts, etc.
	IPV	Intentional Program Violation—disqualification imposed on someone who has committed fraud
	LDSS	Local Department of Social Services—the county-level SNAP administering agency. Also referred to as the SNAP office. (see also DSS)
	LEP	Limited English Proficiency
	LPR	Lawful (or Legal) Permanent Resident—also known as "Green Card" holder
	MA	Medicaid
	NTA/NPA	Non-Temporary Assistance/Non-Public Assistance—household in which no one receives temporary assistance
	NOMI	Notice of Missed Interview
	NYSNIP	New York State Nutrition Improvement Project—program that provides automatic SNAP benefits to SSI live-alone recipients
	OJT	On-the-Job Training

Common Acronyms and Terms, cont.	OTDA	Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance—also referred to as NYSOTDA, the state agency responsible for administering SNAP in New York State
	PARIS	Public Assistance Reporting Information System
	RA	Rehabilitation Act
	SN/SNA	Safety Net Assistance—temporary assistance program for households without children and households that have exceeded the five-year TANF time limit
	SNAP	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program—formerly the Food Stamp Program
	SNAPSB	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Source Book— New York State administrative policy manual
	SSA	Social Security Administration
	SSD/SSDIB	Social Security Disability Insurance Benefits
	SSI	Supplemental Security Income—cash assistance program for low-income elderly (65+) and disabled individuals, administered by SSA
	SSN	Social Security Number
	SUA	Standard Utility Allowance
	TA	Temporary Assistance—generic term for SNA and TANF—also known as cash assistance, public assistance, or welfare
	TANF	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families—the temporary assistance program for families with children, also known as Family Assistance
	ТВА	Transitional Benefits Alternative—transitional SNAP for people leaving TANF
	UIB	Unemployment Insurance Benefits
	USCIS	United States Citizenship and Immigration Services—the federal immigration agency formerly known as INS—Immigration and Naturalization Service
	USDA	United States Department of Agriculture—administers SNAP on the federal level
	WEP	Work Experience Program

WIA Workforce Investment Act

WIOA Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act

## **HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE**

## Organizational Structure of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

## **United States Congress**

Congress authorizes SNAP through the Farm Bill every five years.

## **United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)**

Federal agency responsible for the administration of SNAP.

Issues SNAP regulations and policies.

Monitors state agency performance.

## Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance (OTDA)

Responsible for administering SNAP in New York State.

Issues state regulations, policy directives and trains and monitors local Departments of Social Services.

Responsible for administration of state SNAP Employment & Training Plan and ABAWD policies.

## Local Department of Social Services (LDSS) or Human Resource Administration (HRA) In NYC

County government agency that determines SNAP eligibility and issues benefits to eligible households.

Households apply for SNAP through their LDSS/HRA.

## **Eligibility Rules**

## *In this section:*

General Eligibility Rules	1
Factors That Impact Eligibility	1
Applicants' Responsibilities	2
Household Composition	2
Mandatory Household Members	2
Rules for Those Not Considered Mandatory Household Members	2
Household Composition Guide	3
Boarders and Foster Care Youth	4
Adopted Children	4
Homeless Youth	5
Joint Custody	5
Special Rules for People Who Are Severely Disabled and Living With Others	5
Eligibility Rules for Select Groups	6
Students	6
Determining Student Eligibility	6
Eligible Students are Exempt from Work Rules	7
Students Who Do Not Qualify for SNAP	8
Continuing Eligibility of Students	8
Non-citizens	8
Non-citizens Who Are Eligible for SNAP	9
Qualified Alien Status	9
Providing Assistance to Ukrainians	10
SNAP Eligibility for Ukrainians Granted Humanitarian Parole	10
Non-citizens in the U.S. for Humanitarian Reasons	10
Family Reunification Process for Select Countries	11
Certain Non-Citizens Can Apply for Re-Parole	11

Qualifying for SNAP Using the 40 Quarters Test	12
Households Containing Ineligible Non-citizens	12
Immigration Reporting Requirement	12
Permanent Block of Public Charge Rule	12
Strikers	13
Fleeing Felons and Probation Violators	13
Seniors and People with a Disability	14
SNAP Programs for Seniors and People with Disabilities	14
Expanded Categorical Eligibility	14
Other Rules That Help Seniors and People with Disabilities Access SNAP	15
RESOURCES FOR THIS SECTION	16
LDSS-4314 Household Composition Desk Guide	
Student Eligibility Checklist	
LDSS-5172 SUNY/CUNY/EOC Student Verification of Enrollment	l I
LDSS-4579 Non-citizen Eligibility Chart	

## **General Eligibility Rules**

SNAP eligibility rules and benefit levels are generally set at the federal level and uniform across the nation, although states have flexibility to tailor aspects of the program.

## **Factors That Impact Eligibility**

There are a number of factors that impact a household's eligibility for SNAP benefits, including:

- Monthly income (earned and unearned)
- Which household members are included/excluded in the SNAP case (non-citizens, students, etc.)
- Household composition (who purchases and prepares the majority of their meals together)
- Age of those applying
- Disability status of household members

Other factors that impact budgeting will be discussed in detail later in this guide.

Federal rules mandate that a household's income and resources must pass three tests to determine benefit eligibility, but *most* NYS households must only pass one—an income test:

**Gross monthly income**—the household income before any of the program's deductions are applied—must be at or below:

**200%** of federal poverty level (FPL) for households containing senior or disabled members or that have out-of-pocket dependent care costs;

**150%** FPL for households that have earned income, and do not meet the 200% FPL criteria; and

**130%** FPL for households that do not meet the criteria for 200% or 150% of FPL.

See the SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet in the Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits section of this guide for the full FPL chart.

In NYS the following income and resources are **not** tested for *most* applicant households:

- **Net income**—the household income after deductions are applied. Net Income must be at or below 100% of the FPL; and
- **Assets**—owned property regarded as having value. Assets must fall below certain limits. Households that include a member who is elderly or has a disability must have assets of \$4,500 or less. Households without such a member must have assets of \$3,000 or less.

10/2024

## **Applicants' Responsibilities**

SNAP applicants are required to participate in the application process in the following ways:

- Provide documentation of household circumstances, and
- An adult member of the household, or an authorized representative of the household, must participate in an interview to determine eligibility.

This guide will explain these concepts in detail.

## **Household Composition**

SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 48

Household composition is important when prescreening for SNAP eligibility because individuals included in a SNAP household must have their income included when determining eligibility and calculating the budget.

A SNAP household is defined as people who:

- Live together, and
- Purchase and prepare the majority of their meals together.

## **Mandatory Household Members**

Mandatory household members must be included in the SNAP household if they live in the same house, even if they do not purchase and prepare meals together.

Mandatory household members include:

- Spouses
- Parents (natural, adoptive or step-parent) and their children under 22
- Children under 18 under parental control of a person other than a parent (see the *Household Composition Guide* in this section for additional details)

**Note:** people who are not living together are not part of the same SNAP household, even if they are married or have other legal relationships to each other.

## **Rules for Those Not Considered Mandatory Household Members**

People who are not considered mandatory household members can apply for SNAP as a separate household, as long as they purchase and prepare the majority of their meals separately.

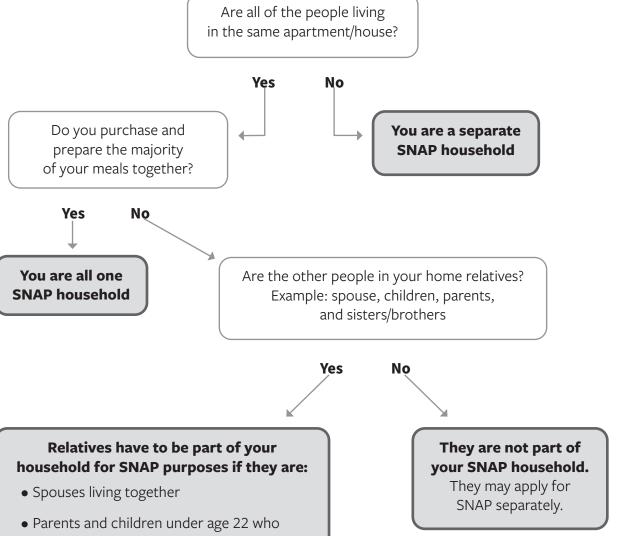
If a person living in the same house or apartment with an applicant is not a member of the applicant's SNAP household, that person's income and resources are ignored.

See the *Household Composition Guide* in this section for a step-by-step guide to determining household composition.

3

## **Household Composition Guide**

To determine who is included in a SNAP household, ask the following questions:



- Parents and children under age 22 who live together even if the child has their own minor child (ren) and/or spouse living with them.
- Children under age 18 living with and under the "parental control" of an adult other than their parent/stepparent. (For information on how "parental control" is determined, see 07-INF-14 Child-Only Questions and Answers pg 11, question 41, and SNAPSB Section 5: pp. 50 c. + note)

## Relatives who may be separate SNAP households if they purchase/

- Adult brothers & sisters living together
- Adult children, 22 or older, living with parents

prepare food separately:

Cousins, uncles/aunts, and other distant relatives

10/2024

## Household Composition, cont.

SNAPSB SECTION 5 PAGES 53,55 08-ADM-04

## **Helpful resource:**

08-ADM-04 has more information on allowable, verified, reimbursable expenses for adopted and foster children included in the SNAP household.

## **Boarders and Foster Care Youth**

Boarder: Individual living with others and paying reasonable compensation to the others for meals and lodging. This does not include commercial boarding houses.

Boarders and foster care children may be either included in or excluded from the SNAP household of the landlord or foster parents, at the household's option.

## Boarder (Room and Meals):

- Not a mandatory member of the SNAP household, but may be considered to be a member of a household at the household's request (unless residing in a commercial boarding house).
- May never be a separate household under SNAP rules.
- The following can never be considered borders:
  - Children under 22 years of age living with their parent(s), including step children.
  - A spouse of a member of the household.
  - Children under 18 years of age who are under the parental control of an adult member of the household including a sibling.

If a boarder(s) is included in the SNAP household:

• Direct payments to the household for room and meals are counted as self-employment income which is considered earned income.

Roomer (Room, No Meals):

 Not a mandatory member of the SNAP household, and may apply for SNAP as a separate household.

Shared Living (Pays a Share of Shelter Expenses):

• Not a mandatory member of the SNAP household, and may apply for SNAP as a separate household.

Foster Care Youth:

If a foster care child is:

- **Included** in the SNAP household, foster care income (in excess of allowable, verified, reimbursable expenses) is counted as unearned income.
- **Excluded** from the SNAP household, foster care income is exempt.

For more information see the LDSS-4314 Household Composition Desk Guide at the end of this section.

## **Adopted Children**

Adopted children must be included in the SNAP household, and adoption subsidies in excess of allowable, verified, reimbursable expenses are counted as unearned income.

## Household Composition, cont.

GIS 13 TA/DC043

## **Homeless Youth**

SNAP regulations do not have an age requirement, in most cases, for homeless youth. Any homeless youth under the age of 22 can apply for SNAP as long as they are not residing with their parents and are not under "parental control" of another person. They do not need to be included in a parent's SNAP case unless they live together. A homeless individual must apply as a household with the other people that they are living with if they regularly buy and prepare the majority of their meals together.

## **Joint Custody**

In joint custody situations, a child can only receive SNAP as part of one household in any given month.

In situations where both parents are seeking SNAP for the same child, the issue must be resolved between the parents.

SNAP offices should evaluate joint custody situations on a case-by-case basis and take into consideration factors such as parental control and court orders.

When deciding which SNAP household a child will be a part of, the amount of time the child spends with one parent in joint custody situations is not a determining factor.

A child will remain a member of a parent's SNAP case unless the child no longer resides with that parent on a long-term basis (i.e., summer vacation lasting several months).

## Special Rules for People Who Are Severely Disabled and Living With Others

A disabled individual who lives with others might not be able to purchase and prepare their meals because of a severe medical condition. However, that person may still be able to establish separate household status if they fit into one of two groups:

- The majority of the person's meals are purchased and prepared separately from the people they live with.
- The majority of the person's meals are not purchased and prepared separately, but the person is both elderly and disabled, and the income of their "housemates" (those purchasing and preparing the food for everyone) does not exceed 165% of the federal poverty level. See the SNAP Standards and Deductions Reference Sheet at the beginning of this section.

## **Eligibility Rules for Select Groups**

SNAP eligibility rules vary based on who is applying. For certain groups of people, the eligibility rules make it harder to access SNAP (i.e., students and non-citizens), while for others, rules are streamlined or simplified (i.e., seniors and people living with a disability). It is important to evaluate each individual's eligibility since some people in a household might be eligible even if others are not.

## **Students**

SNAPSB SECTION 5:

PG. 91-92

09-ADM-08

12-INF-14

20-ADM-13

21 TA/DC 004

22TA/DC073

23-ADM-09

## Helpful resources at the back of this section:

Student Eligibility Checklist LDSS-5172 SUNY/CUNY/ EOC Student Verification of Enrollment A **student** is any person who is:

- 18 through 49 years of age
- Physically and mentally fit
- Enrolled at least half-time in an institution of higher education

**Institution of Higher Education:** Any institution at the post high school level that normally requires a high school diploma or equivalency certificate for enrollment, including but not limited to:

- Colleges
- Universities
- Business schools
- Vocational schools
- Trade or technical schools
- Correspondence schools
- Online courses
- Colleges or universities that offer degree programs regardless of whether a high-school diploma is required

**Enrolled in a College Meal Plan:** Students receiving 50% or more of their meals (based on 3 meals for seven days equaling 21 meals) from a college meal plan are not eligible to receive SNAP as they are considered to be living in an institution. The SNAP office must screen each student to identify the number of meals the student is granted under their meal plan.

## **Determining Student Eligibility**

When working with students who are applying for SNAP, you must first determine if they meet the criteria to be considered an "eligible student" under SNAP rules. Under these rules, students who are 18 to 49 years old and enrolled at least half-time in an institution of higher learning cannot get SNAP unless they meet at least one of the following exceptions:

## **ELIGIBILITY RULES**

## Students, cont.

## Student is working:

- Employed an average of 20 hours a week or more
- Self-employed, working an average of 20 hours a week and making an average income equal to the federal minimum wage multiplied by 20 hours
- Participates in an on-the-job training program

## Student has one or more of these individual characteristics:

- 17 years old or younger
- 50 years old or older
- Physically or mentally unfit for work: the individual has an illness, condition, or life circumstance, whether temporary or permanent, that reduces or affects their ability to work 20 hours a week
- Primary caretaker of a household member who is under age 6 or is incapacitated
- Primary caretaker of a household member between the ages of 6 and 11, if no adequate childcare is available that would make it possible to work and go to school
- A single parent enrolled full-time who is responsible for the care of children under age 12

## Student participates in qualified government program:

- Receives Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
- Receives unemployment benefits
- Participating in state or federal work-study
- Attends a State University of New York (SUNY) or City University of New York (CUNY) community, comprehensive, or technology college and is enrolled in a qualified certificate or degree Career and Technical Education (CTE) program
- Attends an Educational Opportunity Center (EOC) and is enrolled in a qualified CTE program, remedial courses, basic adult education, literacy, or English as a second language
- Assigned to, placed in, or self-placed in a college or other institution of higher education through certain employment and training programs, such as the SNAP Employment and Training (E&T), Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) or a Department of Labor program

For help determining if a student meets any of these exemptions, see the *Student Eligibility Checklist* at the end of this section.

## **Eligible Students are Exempt from Work Rules**

Students determined to be "eligible students" under SNAP rules are exempt from:

- SNAP E&T work requirements, and
- SNAP time limit rules for Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWDs) (currently suspended until February 28, 2025)

## Students, cont.

## **Students Who Do Not Qualify for SNAP**

Students who do not meet one of the above exceptions are excluded from the SNAP household, and neither the income nor the resources of the ineligible student will be used in determining eligibility for the rest of the household. However, if the student makes any cash contributions to the remaining members of the household, this will count as income. The rest of the household members may still be eligible.

## **Continuing Eligibility of Students**

**Eligible students** remain eligible between school breaks (vacations, summer, etc.) unless the student graduates, is suspended or expelled, drops out, or does not intend to register for the next school term (excluding summer semesters).

**Exception:** Students who have work-study lose their SNAP eligibility between semesters if the break is a full month or longer and in summer months, unless the work-study continues or they fit into another exemption.

**Ineligible students** remain ineligible between school breaks (vacations, summer, etc.) unless the student graduates, is suspended or expelled, drops out, or does not intend to register for the next school term (excluding summer semesters).

## Non-citizens

03-INF-14

GIS 10 TA/DC005

GIS 16 TA/DC048

21-LCM-13

21TA/DC071,

ATTACHMENT 1

22-LCM-04,

ATTACHMENT 1,

ATTACHMENT 2

22 TA/DC003

22TA/DC059

23TA/DC006

23TA/DC017

23-LCM-06

23TA/DC036

23DC073

24DC009

24DC032

24DC044

**Citizen:** a person (other than a child of a foreign diplomat) who is born in: one of the 50 states, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, U.S. Virgin Islands or the Northern Mariana Islands, and who has not renounced or otherwise lost their citizenship. Citizens can apply for SNAP, but must qualify under eligibility rules to receive benefits.

**Naturalized Citizen:** a person born outside of the U.S. who has lawfully become a U.S. citizen. Naturalized citizens can apply for SNAP, but must qualify under eligibility rules to receive benefits.

**National:** a citizen of a particular country, typically entitled to hold that country's passport. (e.g., "a Cuban national")

**Non-citizen:** a person who lives in the U.S. but has yet to become a naturalized citizen. Non-citizens who are legally present in the U.S. may be eligible for SNAP if/when they meet additional criteria.

**Repatriation:** the act or process of restoring or returning someone or something to the country of origin, allegiance, or citizenship; the act of repatriating or the state of being repatriated.

**Undocumented Non-citizens:** those who cannot prove they are legally present in this country. These individuals are never eligible for SNAP.

### Non-citizens, cont.

## Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-4579 Non-citizen Eligibility Chart

## Non-citizens Who Are Eligible for SNAP

The desk guide prepared by OTDA (LDSS-4579—at the back of this section) lists the categories of non-citizens who are eligible for SNAP (as well as cash assistance and Medicaid) along with what documents can be used to verify their status.

To receive SNAP benefits, the non-citizen must:

- 1. Have "qualified alien" status and
- 2. Meet a condition that allows qualified non-citizens to get SNAP

## **Qualified Alien Status**

All non-citizens must meet one criterion from each list. See LDSS-4579 (at the back of this section) for further clarification on non-citizen status.

## Non-citizens with Qualified Alien Status

- Asylees
- · Amerasian immigrants
- Certain domestic violence survivors
- Certain Hmong or Highland Laotian non-citizens
- Conditional entrants
- Cuban/Haitian entrant
- Lawful permanent residents (LPRs or "green card" holders)
- North American Indians born in Canada
- Persons whose deportation or removal has been withheld
- Persons paroled for at least 1 year
- Refugees

## **Qualified Non-citizens Eligible for SNAP**

- Adults who have held qualified alien status for at least five years
- Amerasian immigrants
- Asylees
- Children under 18 with a qualified alien status
- Cuban/Haitian entrants
- Disabled individuals with qualified alien status
- LPRs on active military duty or with honorable discharge status, as well as their spouses and children under 18
- LPRs with substantial work history in the U.S.
   ("40 quarters" test—see details later in this section)
- Persons whose deportation or removal has been withheld
- Refugees
  - Ukrainian citizens and nationals granted humanitarian parole between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2024 (including spouses and children granted humanitarian parole after September 30, 2023).
     See Providing Assistance to Ukrainians in this section for more details.

## Non-citizens, cont.

22TA/DC059 24DC044

## **Providing Assistance to Ukrainians**

Due to the continued armed conflict in Ukraine, the U.S. has several provisions that allow certain Ukrainian individuals and families, or non-Ukrainians who lived in Ukraine (all referred to as Ukrainians), to meet immigration-related eligibility requirements to enroll in federally funded benefits like Temporary Assistance (TA), Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP), and the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP). Here we will focus on SNAP eligibility for Ukrainians.

OTDA informed SNAP offices of the following immigration statuses being granted to Ukrainians, along with SNAP eligibility rules for each status:

- Humanitarian Parole extended April 24, 2024, under the Ukraine Security Appropriations Act, 2024
- Humanitarian Parole granted May 21, 2022, under the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act of 2022
- Humanitarian Parole granted April 21, 2022, under the Uniting for Ukraine program

For more information on the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) documents that verify if a Ukrainian has been granted humanitarian parole, see 24DC044.

## **SNAP Eligibility for Ukrainians Granted Humanitarian Parole**

People listed below meet the non-citizen eligibility requirements to enroll in SNAP without being subject to a five-year waiting period, and continue to meet the non-citizen requirements to participate in SNAP for as long as they are granted parole or re-parole and meet all other SNAP eligibility criteria:

- Citizens or nationals of Ukraine granted parole status between February 24, 2022, and September 30, 2024
- Spouses or children of such Ukrainian citizens or nationals granted parole status after September 30, 2023
- The parents, legal guardians, or primary caregivers of a Ukrainian citizen or national determined to be an unaccompanied child and are granted parole status after September 30, 2023

Ukrainians who meet the above criteria are:

- Not subject to a waiting period (five-year ban) in order to receive SNAP.
- Exempt from sponsor-deeming requirements. Sponsor income, resources and contributions are not considered when determining eligibility for SNAP.

Ukrainian individuals paroled into the U.S. prior to February 24, 2022, must meet the regular SNAP non-citizen eligibility rules.

## Non-citizens in the U.S. for Humanitarian Reasons

Qualified non-citizens who came to the U.S. for humanitarian reasons—including refugees, asylees, and those with a withholding of deportation—continue to be eligible for SNAP benefits even if they adjust their status to LPR.

## ELIGIBILITY RULES

## Non-citizens, cont.

23DC073 24DC009 24DC32

## **Family Reunification Process for Select Countries**

The United States Department of Homeland Security recently announced a new family reunification parole (FRP) process for several countries. This process is intended to reunite families more quickly and is part of comprehensive federal measures to reduce dangerous and irregular migration across the Western Hemisphere and expand lawful pathways to enter the U.S.

Guidance from NYS (23DC073, 24DC009, 24DC32) gives details for each country eligible for the new FRP process. Nationals from the following countries may be invited on a case-by-case basis to participate in the FRP: Columbia, Cuba, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Haiti, and Honduras.

The following are common themes for the new FRP in the countries listed above:

- To be eligible for FRP, nationals must have filed an approved Form I-130, Petition for Alien Relative. This form allows an eligible beneficiary to be considered for parole into the U.S. while they wait for their family-based immigrant visa to become available.
- Non-Citizens paroled into the U.S. for one year or more may be eligible for SNAP if they otherwise meet all conditions of eligibility for the program.

A Cuban/Haitian Entrant is considered a specially qualified non-citizen and, based on this immigration status, is eligible for SNAP.

The policy documents listed above contain information about acceptable immigration documentation and other important details specific to each country.

## 23DC061

## **Certain Non-Citizens Can Apply for Re-Parole**

SNAP offices have been informed that certain non-citizens can request re-parole based on urgent humanitarian reasons or significant public benefit through a new streamlined process from the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS).

Effective immediately, the following non-citizens are eligible to file form I-131, Application of Travel Document (available online at uscis.gov/i-131):

- Non-Citizens already paroled into the U.S. who are requesting a new period of parole, or re-parole, to remain in the U.S.; or
- Afghan nationals paroled into the U.S. on or after July 31, 2021, with "OAR" or "PAR" classes of admission.

For more information about the streamlined re-parole application process for Afghan parolees, please refer to the Re-Parole Process for Certain Afghans webpage on USCIS's website at uscis.gov.

If a non-citizen applies for SNAP and is denied because they are unable to provide immigration documentation that supports a non-citizen status that is satisfactory for benefit eligibility, SNAP offices are encouraged to direct those non-citizens to contact their immigration attorney and/or call the New York State Office for New Americans (ONA) hotline: 1-800-566-7636.

## Non-citizens, cont.

## **Qualifying for SNAP Using the 40 Quarters Test**

LPRs who can be credited with 40 qualifying quarters of work history are qualified to receive SNAP. One quarter is the equivalent of a three-month period; therefore roughly 10 years of work equals 40 quarters. To count as a qualifying quarter, a worker must have earned a minimum salary during that quarter. Quarters of work history can be shared with some family members. Quarters earned during a marriage can be shared between spouses, even if separated or deceased (but not if divorced), and between parents and their children (for quarters worked before the child's 18th birthday, including quarters worked before the child was born). The SNAP office will get the social security records of any worker's quarters claimed by an applicant.

## **Households Containing Ineligible Non-citizens**

Households containing ineligible non-citizens can still get SNAP if someone in the household is an eligible non-citizen or a U.S. citizen. Even undocumented parents can apply for SNAP on behalf of their eligible non-citizen or citizen children.

## **Immigration Reporting Requirement**

There is an immigration reporting requirement in the SNAP Law that makes some families with undocumented members reluctant to apply. The law requires the state SNAP agency to report "aliens it knows to be unlawfully present" to the United States Citizenship Immigration Services (USCIS). However, NYS SNAP offices have been instructed to report only those individuals who present evidence of a USCIS determination that they are not in the United States lawfully, such as a final Order of Deportation or falsified immigration documents. The SNAP office is required to give the names and addresses of non-citizens who have a final Order of Deportation or falsified immigration documents to OTDA, not to USCIS.

SNAP workers do not have the authority to contact Immigration directly. If a SNAP worker threatens to report a non-citizen to USCIS to get them to withdraw their application, that is a violation of the Civil Rights Law and should be brought to the attention of the supervisor, the Commissioner, or OTDA.

GIS 21 TA/DC033
21-LCM-13
JOINT LETTER ON PUBLIC
CHARGE FROM FNS/USCIS
22-LCM-04,
ATTACHMENT 1,
ATTACHMENT 2

## **Permanent Block of Public Charge Rule**

On December 23, 2022, a public charge rule went into effect that finalizes the public charge policy in the longstanding 1999 interim field guidance. As a result, DHS can no longer consider an individual's use or potential use of SNAP as a factor in a public charge test.

USCIS defines "public charge" as an individual who is likely at any time to become "primarily dependent on the government for subsistence, as demonstrated by either the receipt of public cash assistance for income maintenance, or institutionalization for long-term care at government expense."

A public charge test is used by immigration officials to decide whether a person can enter the U.S. or is eligible to receive lawful permanent residence or LPR status.

23-LCM-06

## **ELIGIBILITY RULES**

### Non-citizens, cont.

When a non-citizen applies for LPR status or for a visa, they are subjected to an assessment of their life circumstances to determine if they are likely to become a public charge in the future.

This final rule means that DHS will not consider the receipt of SNAP, Medicaid, and public housing benefits as part of a public charge determination. DHS will continue to use the 1999 interim field guidance issued by the former Immigration and Naturalization Service. This guidance makes it clear that the use of most public benefits programs will not have an impact on an individual's immigration status.

For more information and resources, visit HungerSolutionsNY.org/public-charge/

## **Strikers**

SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 13 GIS 16 TA/DC032 GIS 19 TA/DC044

**Striker:** a worker who takes part in an organized work stoppage, refusing to perform job duties until certain demands are met.

The following people are not considered strikers:

- People who have been locked out
- People out of work because of someone else's strike
- People in a different bargaining unit who are afraid to cross a picket line
- People exempt from work registration under SNAP E&T rules (other than those exempt because they are working)
- Strikers who have been permanently replaced

If the primary wage earner of a household is participating in a job action (on strike, a walk-out, etc.), the striker and the whole household are ineligible for SNAP unless they were eligible for benefits before the strike began. Thus, the striker's income before the strike will be budgeted and applied to the entire household as if they were still working. In this case, other household members cannot simply exclude the striker to establish a separate case. A household cannot get more SNAP benefits because its income goes down during the strike. If the striker leaves the household, the remaining household members become eligible again.

## **Fleeing Felons and Probation Violators**

GIS 10 TA/DC026

**Fleeing felon:** a person with a felony warrant pending against them.

**Probation violator:** someone who has broken the terms or conditions of probation.

Both fleeing felons and probation violators may be identified by computer matches and denied SNAP. However, other household members may continue to be eligible for SNAP, and special budgeting rules apply.

According to OTDA, SNAP offices must not discontinue SNAP benefits for anyone with a warrant based on an *alleged* probation or parole violation. Those types of warrants do not constitute a determination of a violation.

10/2024

## Seniors and People with a Disability

Senior: anyone 60 years or older.

**Person with a Disability:** anyone determined to be disabled by the Social Security Administration and most likely receiving a federally related disability benefit including:

- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Social Security Disability (SSD)
- Disability-related Medicaid
- Veterans Administration (VA) Disability 100%

*Note*: The surviving spouse or child of a deceased veteran may be entitled to the above VA Disability benefits if they are determined to have a disability described below:

- Surviving spouse of a veteran considered in need of regular aid and attendance by the VA, or permanently housebound;
- Surviving child of a veteran and considered by the VA to be permanently incapable of self-support;
- Surviving spouse or child of a veteran and approved to receive compensation
  for a service-connected death or pension benefits for a non-service-connected
  death, based on VA determination. The surviving spouse or child must also have
  a disability considered permanent under the Social Security Act.

For details, see the SNAP Sourcebook Section 5, pp. 56-67.

## **SNAP Programs for Seniors and People with Disabilities**

New York State provides multiple pathways to SNAP participation for seniors and people with disabilities. The Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP), NYS Nutrition Improvement Project (NYSNIP) and the NYS Combined Application Project (NYSCAP) are special projects designed to improve access to SNAP for these vulnerable groups. Specific eligibility requirements determine which route to SNAP a potentially eligible senior or disabled person may take. See the *Programs to Help Seniors and Disabled Applicants Access SNAP* section for more information.

## **Expanded Categorical Eligibility**

In NYS seniors and people with disabilities can have higher gross incomes and still qualify for SNAP under Expanded Categorical Eligibility. To qualify, gross monthly income must be **at or below 200% of poverty** for households containing an elderly or disabled member.

**Note:** Seniors or people with disabilities who have incomes over 200% of the federal poverty limit may still be eligible for SNAP, but only if their resources are below the resource limit and they pass a net income test.

See the SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet in the Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits section of this guide for the full FPL chart.

## Seniors and People with a Disability, cont.

## Other Rules That Help Seniors and People with Disabilities Access SNAP

## **Establishing separate household status**

If a person lives with others and is both elderly and disabled, they may be able to establish separate household status for SNAP purposes if:

- The income of their housemates does not exceed 165% of the federal poverty limit (see the SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet in the Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits section for the full FPL chart), or
- A person is severely disabled and lives with others, but their food is being purchased and prepared separately from the people they live with.

**Telephone interviews**—households comprised of all seniors and/or adults with disabilities and no earned income are granted telephone interviews automatically.

**Medical deduction**—seniors and those with a disability who qualify for SNAP may be entitled to a larger monthly benefit by deducting out-of-pocket medical expenses over \$35. By reporting these expenses in the SNAP application process, seniors can get even more help paying for food each month. See the SNAP Medical Expense Deduction Worksheet in the Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits section of this guide.

**Appointing an authorized representative** who can apply on their behalf, attend the interview, and use the EBT card to make purchases. This option is available to all SNAP applicants, but it is most useful to seniors and people with disabilities.

## **Resources for This Section**

On the following pages, you will find these resources:

LDSS-4314 Household Composition Desk Guide
Student Eligibility Checklist
LDSS-5172 SUNY/CUNY/EOC Student Verification of Enrollment
LDSS-4579 Non-citizen Eligibility Chart

# SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) BENEFITS HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION DESK GUIDE

All persons, even if they are members of different families, who customarily purchase and prepare meals together are to be considered members of the same SNAP benefits household.

RELATIONSHIPS:	SITUATION RESULT
Spouses Living Together	Must always be considered as a single household.
Children Under 22 Years of Age living with their parent(s) (Includes Stepchildren), and if applicable, the children's spouse and their own children.	Must be considered as a single household.
Children Under 18	Must be considered as a single household.
(Except Foster Children)	(Reminder: A child under 18 living with their spouse or child is not considered under parental control.)
Under the Parental Control of an Adult Household Member Who Is Not the Children's Parent or Step Parent.	
NOTE: There is no age requirement for an individual not under parental control to receive SNAP benefits.	itrol to receive SNAP benefits.
CIRCUMSTANCES CAUSING INELIGIBILITY:	SITUATION RESULT
Resident of Institution	Ineligible <b>unless</b> a resident of a:
	<ul> <li>Drug/alcohol Treatment facility; or</li> <li>Subsidized housing for the elderly; or</li> <li>Shelter for battered women and children.</li> <li>Shelter for the homeless; or</li> </ul>
Ineligible Student	Non-household member. (Income and resources are excluded. The household can claim their prorated share of expenses.)
Work Rules Sanctioned or Intentional Program Violation Disqualified	Excluded household member. (Income and resources are counted in their entirety. The household can claim full expenses.)
ABAWD Ineligible	Ineligible household member. Income is prorated, resources are counted in their entirety. Expenses paid by or billed to the excluded person are prorated.
<ul> <li>Any individual who is:</li> <li>Ineligible to get a Social Security Number (SSN); or</li> <li>Fails to or is unable to provide a SSN and fails to apply for a SSN or refuses to cooperate with resolving a SSN validation discrepancy.</li> </ul>	Excluded household member. (Income is prorated; resources are counted in their entirety. Expenses paid by or billed to the excluded person are prorated.) Applying for or providing the SSN immediately brings the excluded individual into compliance.
A household that fails to or refuses to cooperate in the SSN validation process.	The SNAP case is closed.

## SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) BENEFITS HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION DESK GUIDE

Persons residing together who do not meet any of the previous definitions may be separate households if they purchase and prepare food separately from the other persons.

SPECIAL LIVING ARRANGEMENT:	SITUATION RESULT
Boarder (Room and Meals)	Not a part of the household, but may be considered to be a member of a household at the household's request, (unless residing in a commercial boarding house). May never be a separate household. The following can never be considered boarders:
	<ul> <li>Children Under 22 Years of Age living with their parent(s), (including step children).</li> <li>A spouse of a member of the household.</li> <li>Children under 18 years of age who are under the parental control of an adult member of the household including a sibling.</li> </ul>
Roomer (Room, No Meals)	Not considered part of household, but may apply as a separate household.
Shared Living (Pays a Share of Shelter Expenses)	Not considered part of household, but may apply as a separate household.
Foster <b>Children</b>	It is the household's decision to include or exclude foster children as household members. If included, those foster care payments that cannot be excluded as verified reimbursements are counted as income. If excluded, the foster care payments are not counted as income.
Elderly Individuals and their Spouses	Separate household status may be granted to those elderly individuals and their spouse <b>who cannot purchase</b> and prepare their own meals because they suffer from certain disabilities, even if they are living and eating with others, if they meet certain conditions.**

## \*\*ALL OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS MUST BE MET:

- The individual must be 60 years of age or older; and
- The individual must suffer from a disability considered permanent under the Social Security Act or from a non-disease related, severe, permanent disability and be unable to purchase and prepare
- The gross income of the others with whom the individual resides (excluding the income of the individual and the spouse) cannot exceed 165% of the poverty level.

## STUDENTS:

In order to participate in the SNAP Program, a student who is enrolled at least half-time in an institution of higher education and is at least 18 years old but less than 50 years old and is not disabled must meet one of the following criteria:

- Be receiving Family Assistance or Federally funded Safety Net Assistance Benefits; or
- Provide more than half the physical care for a child under 6; or
- Be enrolled full time and be a single parent responsible for the care of a child under 12; or
- Provide more than half the care of a child under 12 and not have adequate child care to work and go to school; or
- Be participating during the school year in a State or Federally financed work study program funded under Title IV-C; or Be employed for an average of 20 hours per week and earn an amount equal to the Federal minimum wage x 20
- Was placed in school through WIOA, SNAP E&T, Safety Net Employment Activity which is comparable to a SNAP E&T activities or DOL
- Attend a SUNY/CUNY comprehensive college, technology college, or community college and are enrolled in a qualified career and technical education (CTE) program, or
  - Attend a NYS Educational Opportunity Centers (EOC) and are enrolled in a CTE program, remedial course, basic adult education, literacy, or English as a second language.

# **SNAP & Students**

# Checklist for Determining Student Eligibility

SNAP rules limit the eligibility of certain groups of people, including students. Follow this checklist to determine if an applicant meets the criteria of an eligible student under SNAP rules.

Please note that there are additional SNAP income and eligibility rules that all SNAP applicants, including students, must meet in order to qualify to receive a SNAP benefit each month.

1.	Establi	ish app	licant's status as a student. The applicant:
	□ Yes	□ No	Is enrolled in a higher education institution that normally requires a high school diploma or equivalency certificate for enrollment. This includes but is not limited to: colleges, universities, correspondence school or online courses, vocational and trade/technical schools at the post-high school level.
	□ Yes	□ No	Is enrolled at least half-time (using the school's definition of half-time).
	□ Yes	□ No	For an applicant applying between semesters: intends to register for the next school term.
	Proceed	d to Ste	the above, the applicant is considered a student and the student rule applies. p 2. If "No" to any of the above, the applicant is <b>not</b> considered a student and es do not apply (continue to screen the applicant under regular SNAP rules).
2.	Is the s	student	t enrolled in a college meal plan?
	□ Yes	□ No	The applicant receives 50% or more of their meals from a college meal plan. Note: This is based on 3 meals for seven days equaling 21 meals. The SNAP office must screen each student to identify the number of meals the student is granted under their meal plan.
			ident is <b>not</b> eligible for SNAP, as they are defined as living in an institution. ue to Step 3.
			lent meet ANY of the following exemptions? If so, provide the SNAP e documentation noted.
	Studer	nt Is Wo	orking:
	□ Emp	oloyed a	an average of 20 hours per week.
			proof of wages and work hours, such as pay stubs, income tax records, ntract with the employer.
			yed an average of 20 hours per week and receives average weekly earnings all to the federal minimum wage multiplied by 20 hours.
	•	Provide	proof of wages, such as most current income tax return, earnings and

expense report, or records and related materials concerning self-employment.

☐ Participates in an on-the-job training program.
<ul> <li>Provides proof of participation in the job training program, such as a letter from the program that includes how many hours the applicant participates each week or other correspondence with similar information.</li> </ul>
Individual Characteristics:
$\square$ 17 years of age or under or 50 years of age or over.
Provide proof of age, such as a birth certificate, drivers license, school records, or statement from another person.
☐ Physically or mentally unfit to work: An individual is considered physically or mentally unfit for work if they have an illness, condition, or life circumstance, whether temporary or permanent, that reduces or affects their ability to work 20 hours a week.
▶ Provide a letter from a medical or mental health provider stating that the applicant is not able to work 20 hours per week. The letter should include the medical professional's contact information, and can come from any of the following: doctor, doctor's assistant, representative of a doctor's office, nurse or nurse practitioner, licensed or certified psychologist, or social worker.
☐ Primary caretaker for a household member who is under 6.
► Child in case should be documented in the case record; nothing further should be needed.
☐ Primary caretaker for a household member between the ages of 6 and 11, if no adequate child care is available that would make it possible to work and go to school.
► Child in case should be documented in the case record; nothing further should be needed. The caretaker can self-declare the inadequate childcare.
☐ Single parent enrolled full-time who is responsible for the care of a child under 12.
Single status and child should be documented in the case record; nothing further should be needed.
Student Participates in a Qualifying Government Program:
☐ Receives Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF).
► Information on participation in TANF is in the case record; nothing else should be needed.
☐ Receives unemployment benefits.
Provide proof of unemployment benefits, such as letter from Unemployment or unemployment check stubs.
☐ Participates in a state or federal work-study program during the regular school year.
Provide proof of work study, such as financial aid award letter or written request that the institution of higher learning communicate the student's eligibility to participate in work study to the SNAP office.

Attends a State University of New York (SUNY) or City University of New York (CUNY) community, comprehensive, or technology college and is enrolled in a qualified certificate or degree in a Career and Technical Education (CTE) program.
► Provide proof of participation in a CTE program using the LDSS-5172 SUNY/CUNY/EOC Student Verification of Enrollment (available at our website).
Attends an Educational Opportunity Center (EOC) and is enrolled in a qualified CTE program, remedial courses, basic adult education, literacy, or English as a second language.
► Provide proof of participating in an EOC program using the LDSS-5172 SUNY/CUNY/EOC Student Verification of Enrollment (available at our website).
Assigned to, placed in, or self-placed in a college or other institution of higher education through certain employment and training programs, such as the SNAP Employment and Training (E&T), Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) or a Department of Labor program.

If a student meets **any** of the above exemptions, they are an "eligible student" based on SNAP's student eligibility criteria. Note that there are additional SNAP income and eligibility rules that all SNAP applicants, including students, must meet in order to receive a SNAP benefit each month.

► Tell the SNAP office or provide proof of your participation in one of these programs.

Additionally, those considered "eligible students" are exempt from:

- SNAP E&T work requirements, and
- SNAP Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD) Time Limit Rule (currently suspended in New York State until February 28, 2025).

For more information and resources, visit our Students and SNAP webpage: HungerSolutionsNY.org/federal-nutrition-programs/snap/snap-eligibility-for-college-students/



# **SUNY/CUNY/EOC Student Verification of Enrollment**

Student Name:	Date:
College/EOC Name:	Date of Birth:
TO BE COMPLETED BY COLLEGE OR EOC OFFICIAL:	
Is the student named above enrolled at least half-time?	☐ Yes ☐ No
Student's Program of Study or Major:	
Academic Semester or Date of Enrollment in Program of S	study:Year
<ol> <li>Is the student enrolled in a program of study or major that, Career and Technical Education program under the Carl D Improvement Act of 2006 (HEGIS codes 5000 through 559)</li> </ol>	Perkins Career and Technical Education
5. Is the student enrolled at an EOC in a program of Career a education, literacy, or English as a second language?	and Technical Education, remedial courses, basic adult
By signing below, I certify that all of the information provided above in knowledge.	is true and accurate to the best of my professional
Signature of College/EOC Official	Date
Printed Name	Title
Phone Number	

LDSS-4579 (Rev. 10/21)

Page 1

This desk aid does not include every form of acceptable documentation to support a non-citizen status that would be satisfactory for benefit eligibility. If an individual presents a document not listed below, follow your social services district policies/ procedures for further guidance IMPORTANT!

	WMS ACI		WMS	Safety Net	Family Assistance	Supplemental Nutrition
Description of Status	Code	Common Documentation	DOS and DEC	Assistance (SNA)	(FA)	Assistance Program (SNAP)
Lawful Permanent Resident (LPR) <u>without</u> 40 Qualifying Quarters	Ж	I-551 Permanent Resident Card: workers must check category code; <sup>2</sup> or  Temporary I-551 stamp in foreign passport or on I-94 Arrival/Departure Record:  or  Immigrant visa with the notation "upon endorsement serves as temporary I-551 permanent resident for one year;"  or  I-797 Notice of Action indicating approval of an I-485 Application to Register Permanent Residence or Adjust Status;  or  I-327 Permit to Reenter the United States;  or  I-181 Memorandum of Creation of Record of Lawful Permanent Residence with approval stamp;  or  Any other authoritative document that identifies the non-citizen³ as an LPR	DOS is the date status was obtained	Yes	Yes if: Entered the U.S. on or after 8/22/96, and after five years in U.S. in a qualified status; or Entered the U.S. before 8/22/96, have continuously resided in the U.S., and are in a qualified status.	Yes if:  In a qualified status and in receipt of certain disability benefits [7 USC 2012(j)(2)-(7)];  or ln a qualified status and under age 18;  or After five years in U.S. in a qualified status;  or Or Currently in a qualified status and was age 65 or older on 8122(96 and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on that date
LPR <u>with</u> 40 Qualifying Quarters	v	Same LPR documentation as above and Proof of 40 qualifying quarters <sup>4</sup> Note: No quarters eamed after 12/31/96 may be counted in which a non-citizen has received a federal means-tested public benefit, including but not limited to FA, SSI and SNAP.	DOS is the date status was obtained			Yes

The Date of Status (DOS) field in the Welfare Management System (WMS) identifies the date a non-citizen obtained qualified status, which is indicated by the appropriate Alien Citizenship Indicator (ACI) code, and is used to calculate when a qualified non-citizens that are considered Premanently Residing Under Color of Law (PRUCOL) are not qualified non-citizens, their time in a status that is considered PRUCOL does not count towards the five years. For non-citizens that are considered PRUCOL, the DOS field is left blank. If a non-citizen who is PRUCOL later adjusts to a qualified status, the date that the qualified status is obtained is the date that is entered in the DOS field.

The Date Entered Country (DEC) field in WMS indicates when the non-citizen physically entered the United States (U.S.). This is necessary so as not to deny federal benefits to certain qualified non-citizens who entered the U.S. prior to August 22, 1996 but have been in a qualified status for less than five years

Workers must check the "Category" code on the documentation provided to make the correct eligibility determination for federal benefits (FA, SNAP). This code is used to describe the category that was used to admit a non-citizen to the U.S. as a permanent resident. It is located on the front side of the 1-551 Permanent Resident Card, often referred to as a "green card," may Resident Card, often referred to as a "green card," may not be subject to the "five-year bar" on federal benefits depending on the category code on the I-551.

Additionally, it is essential that the category codes included in the qualified battered non-citizen section on page 3 of the desk aid are identified. This is because, for qualified battered non-citizens, the DOS is often prior to the "Resident Since" date on the L551 Permanent Resident Card

<sup>\*</sup>As used in this desk aid, the term "non-citizen" means a person who is not a citizen or national of the U.S. The term "qualified non-citizen" means a person who is a "qualified alien" as that term is defined in 8 U.S.C. § 1641.

Note: individuals born in certain territories of the U.S. are U.S. citizens at birth. These include: Puerto Rico, U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, Commonwealth of the Northem Mariana Islands, and the Parama Canal Zone (if bom between 226/1904 and 10/1/1979). In addition, individuals who are bom outside of the U.S. are U.S. be U.S. citizens at birth if one or both parents were U.S. citizens at their time of birth. Districts must verify citizenship after birth by any means who are not U.S. citizens at birth may become U.S. citizens at their time of birth. Districts must verify citizenship after birth by any means whatsoever. Individuals born in American Samoa or Swains Island are nationals of the U.S. and for purposes of benefit eligibility should be treated as citizens, ACI code "C."

<sup>440</sup> quirlifying quarters as defined under Title II of the Social Security Act, or can be credited with such qualifying quarters. An LPR turning 18 years old.
An LPR may also be credited with quarters earned by a spouse during their marriage. A widow or widower relains credit for all qualifying quarters earned by a deceased spouse during the marriage ends in divorce, however, any quarters earned by the spouse during their marriage are forfeited.

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	Yes	Yes
Family Assistance (FA)	Yes	Yes
Safety Net Assistance (SNA)	Yes	Yes
WMS DOS and DEC Codes	DOS is the date the non-citizen entered the U.S.	DOS is the date status was obtained
Common Documentation	E551 Permanent Resident Card, or I-94 Arrival/Departure Record or Passport stamped/coded: AM1, AM2, AM3, AM6, AM7, AM8, AR1, AR6, R8-6, RE1, RE2, RE3, RE4, RE5, RE6, RE7, RE8, RE9, CQ1, CQ2, CQ3, SI-1, SI-2, SI-3, SI-6, SI-7, SI-8, SI-9, SQ1, SQ2, SQ3, SQ4, SQ5, SQ6, SQ7, SQ8 or SQ9;  Department of Homeland Security (DHS)/Customs and Border Protection (CBP) or DHS/United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) Temporary I-551 Alien Documentation Identification and Telecommunication (ADIT) stamp;  Or  194 Arrival/Departure Record or Passport stamped/coded: "admitted under Section 207 or 203(a)(7) far sin effect prior to 4/1/80) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA)," or "Refuge," or Iraq or Afghanistan national stamped: "admitted under Section 101(a)(27) of the INA," or "SQ/SI parole," or evacuees from Afghanistan with one of the following stamps: "Humanitarian Parole per INA Section 212(a)(5)(A)," or DHS/CBP stamp noting Operation Allies Refuge or "OAR," or DHS/CBP admission stamp noting Operation Allies Welcome or "OAW," or DHS/CBP admission stamp noting "DT;"  Or  194 Arrival/Departure Record with a separate, printed page on CBP letterhead, and the following notation, signed and dated by a USCIS officer: Special Immigrant Status (SQ/SI) Parolee; Section 602(B)(1) AAPA/Section 105(a) NDAA 2006; Date:USCIS Officer:	L551 Permanent Resident Card coded: AS1, AS2, AS6, AS7, or AS8; or or L766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A5 or A05; or L94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: "Granted asylum under Section 208 of the INA;" or Grant letter from the USCIS Asylum Office; or Or Order of an immigration judge granting asylum
WMS ACI Code	œ	∢
Description of Status	Conditional Entrant (A status granted to Refugees prior to 1980)     Iraqi or Afghan Special Immigrant Visa Holder (SIV) or SQ/SI Parolee     Afghan Humanitarian Parolee     Afghan Humanitarian Parolee     Amerasian Immigrant     Certain Hmong or Highland     Laotian     *Also explore eligibility for Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA). See 16-ADM-02	Asylum Granted <sup>6</sup> *Also explore eligibility for RCA. See 16-ADM-02

<sup>5</sup> Afghan Humanitarian Parolees shall be eligible for certain benefits until March 31, 2023, or the end of the individual's parole term, whichever is later. <sup>6</sup> If the non-citizen has not been granted asylum, but is an asylum applicant with employment authorization, refer to page 8 to determine SNA eligibility.

# Page 3

# **NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY DESK AID**

LDSS-4579 (Rev. 10/21)

IMPORTANI! This desk aid does not include every form of acceptable documentation to support a non-citizen status that would be satisfactory for benefit eligibility. If an individual presents a document not listed below, follow your social services district policies/ procedures for further guidance.

Description of Status	WMS ACI Code	Common Documentation	WMS DOS and DEC Codes	Safety Net Assistance (SNA)	Family Assistance (FA)	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)
Qualified Battered Non-Citizen!  A U.S. citizen's or LPR's battered spouse, or child, or parent or child of such battered person, who:  Obtains "Notice of Prima Facie" Case from the USCIS under the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA);  or Has an I-360 self-petition under VAWA that is approved;  or Has a pending I-360 self-betition and is determined to be a credible victim of domestic violence by the district's Domestic Violence by the district's Domestic Violence by the district's DVL with a pending or approved I-130 petition;  or Has an application for VAWA cancellation of removal or suspension of deportation that has been granted or is pending and the immigration court finds that the applicant has a prima facie case for this relief	œ	1-551 Permanent Resident Card coded: B11, B12, B16, B17, B20, B21, B22, B23, B24, B25, B26, B27, B28, B29, B31, B32, B33, B36, B37, B38, BX1, BX2, BX3, BX6, BX7, BX8, IB1, IB2, IB3, IB6, IB7, IB8 or Z14;  or  1-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A09, A15 or C31;  1-84 Arrival/Departure Record coded: K3, K4, V1, V2 or CR -1-7 and a pending or approved I-130;  or  1-797 Notice of Action indicating prima facie eligbility of an I-360 self-petition under Section 204(a)(1)(A)(ii) or (iii) of the INA;  1-797 Notice of Action indicating approval or pending I-360 self-petition under Section 204(a)(1)(A)(ii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(B)(ii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(B)(ii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) of the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) or the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) or the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) or the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) or the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) or the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) or the INA;  or (iii) or (iv), or Section 204(a)(1)(A)(iii) or (iii) or (iv) or	DOS is the date status was obtained®	, se	Yes if: Entered the U.S. on or after 8/22/96, and after five years in U.S. in a qualified status; or Entered the U.S. before 8/22/96, have continuously resided in the U.S., and are in a qualified status	Yes if:  In a qualified status and in receipt of certain disability benefits [7 USC 2012[j](2)-[7]);  or In a qualified status and under age 18;  or In a qualified status and have 40 qualifying quarters;  or After five years in U.S. in a qualified status;  or Currently in a qualified status and was age 65 or older on 8/22/96 and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on that date

For non-citizens to be treated as qualified battered non-citizens, they must meet four requirements:

Be a credible victim of battery or extreme cruelty; and Have appropriate immigration documentation; and

Districts should refer to 06-INF-14 for additional information about qualified battered non-citizens and eligibility

an general, the DOS for TA and SNAP is when all four of the criteria in footroote 6 are met. Exception for SNAP is the DOS for SNAP. Per current United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) guidance, for non-citizens with an approved 1360; or a prima facie determination on a pending 1360; the DOS for SNAP is the date the 1-360 petition was approved, or the date the prima facie determination was made by USCIS, whichever is earlier.

Be able to show a substantial connection between the need for benefits and the battery or extreme cruelty; and No longer reside in the same household as the abuser.

დ. 4<sub>.</sub>

WMS only records one DOS. If the DOS for TA and SNAP are different, enter the earlier of the two dates in WMS so that the non-citizen can receive the federal benefits they are eligible for, the later date must be noted, and tracked manually in the case record so that the federal benefits for that benefit program are also issued appropriately. See GIS 19 TA/DC038 "SNAP and TA Date of Status (DOS) Determination for Qualified Battered Non-Citizens," for further information.

Note: Non-critarans who file for VAWA related immigration relief often later adjust their immigration status to become LPRs. The "residence since" date on the 1-551 Permanent Resident Card indicates the date. He non-critizen was determined to be a qualified battered non-critizen presents an 1-551 with one of the codes noted above, review the case record, and/or ask the non-critizen if they have additional documentation, to determine if an earlier DOS for benefit eligibility. If a non-critizen presents an 1-551 with one of the codes noted above, review the case record, and/or ask the non-critizen if they have additional documentation, to determine if an earlier DOS would be appropriate.

# Page 4

# **NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY DESK AID**

LDSS-4579 (Rev. 10/21)

|MPORTANT| This desk aid does not include every form of acceptable documentation to support a non-citizen status that would be satisfactory for benefit eligibility. If an individual presents a document not listed below, follow your social services district policies/ procedures for further guidance.

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	Yes	Yes	Yes if:  In a qualified status and in receipt of certain disability benefits [7 USC 2012(j)(2)-(7)];  In a qualified status and under age 18;  or In a qualified status and have 40 qualifying quarters;  or After five years in U.S. in a qualified status;  Currently in a qualified status and was age 65 or older on 812296 and was lawfully residing in the U.S. on that date	No
Family Assistance (FA)	Yes	Yes	Yes if: Entered the U.S. on or after 8/22/96, and after five years in U.S. in a qualified status; or Entered the U.S. before 8/22/96, have continuously resided in the U.S., and are in a qualified status	No
Safety Net Assistance (SNA)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
WMS DOS and DEC Codes	DOS is the date of certification or eligibility by OTIP	DOS is the date status was obtained	DOS is the date status was obtained	DOS is left blank
Common Documentation	L551 Permanent Resident Card coded: ST0, ST6, ST7, ST8 or ST9;  or   L766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A16 or C25; or   L94 Arrival/Departure Record coded: T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 or T6 stating admission under Section 212(d)(5) of the INA if status granted for at least one year; or   L797 Notice of Action indicating approval of an I-914 or I-914A coded: T1, T2, T3, T4, T5 or T6; or   Certification Document (for adults) or Eligibility Leter (crididen) from the Administration for Children and Families (ACP). Office on Trafficking in Persons (OTIP): Must call 1-866-401-55:01 for verification	I-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A10; or Order from an Immigration Judge showing the date deportation was withheld under Section 243(h) of the INA as in effect prior to April 1, 1997, or removal withheld under Section 241(b)(3) of the INA	L766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A04 or C11  and  L94 Arrival/Departure Record indicating admitted for at least one year;  or  L94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: "Paroled pursuant to Section 212(d)(5)," or "parole," or "PIP" with date of entry and date of expiration indicating one year  Note: See Cuban/Haitian Entrant section on page 5 if non-citizen is a Cuban or Haitian national.	L766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A04 or C11;     or         L94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: "Paroled pursuant to section 212(d)(5)," or "parole," or "PIP"     Note: See Cuban/Haitian Entrant section on page 5 if non-citizen is a Cuban or Haitian national.
WMS ACI Code	q	7	9	F
Description of Status	Victim of Human Trafficking *Also explore eligibility for RCA. See 16-ADM-02	Deportation or Removal Withheld	Parolee (for at least one year) (A parolee is a non-citizen who has been allowed to enter the U.S. for humanitarian or public interest reasons)	Parolee (for less than one year)

# **NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY DESK AID**

LDSS-4579 (Rev. 10/21)

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	WMS ACI
	code
77. CHG, HAG or HBG. 77. CHG, HAG or HBG. 4 Arrival/Departure Record 16. CU7, HF, HPO, HP1 or HF 16. CU7, HF, HPO, HP1 or HF 17. Order document from the U 17. Order document from Confirm 17. Order document from Confirm 17. Ordice of Action Confirm 18. Ordice of Action Co	L551 Permanent Resident Card or Temporary L551 stamp in foreign passport coded: CUG, CUT, CH6, HA6 or HB6;  Or   L94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: "Cuban/Haitian Entrant (status pending)" or coded CU6, CUT, HF, HP0, HP1 or HPD;  Or   Any other document from the USCIS indicating parole under the Haitian Family Reunification Parole Program (HFRP) coded "HF;"  Or   Reasonable evidence of being a Cuban or Haitian national (citizen)   and one of the following:   L766 Employment Authorization Card coded: C8, C08, or C11;   or   L766 Employment Authorization Card coded: C8, C08, or C11;   or   L766 Employment Authorization Card coded: C18 (Order of Supervision) with additional documentation to support previous or current panole status into the U.S.;   or   L94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: "Form I-589 filed;"   or   or   L94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: "Form I-589 filed;"   or   l-37C Notice of Action   or   or   or   or   l-37C Notice of Action   or   or   or   or   or   or   or
oof of qualified non-citizen sta litary Identification Card (Av le of determination. If ID card e a copy of current military or	Proof of qualified non-citizen status and  Military Identification Card (Active) that lists an expiration date of more than one year from the date of determination. If ID card is due to expire within one year from the date of determination, use a copy of current military orders.

Exception: This guideline does not apply when the non-citizen was paroled solely to testify as a witness in a judicial, administrative or legislative proceeding, or when the parolee is in legal custody pending criminal prosecution.

# **NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY DESK AID** LDSS-4579 (Rev. 10/21)

| INIS desk aid does not include every form of acceptable documentation to support a non-citizen status that would be satisfactory for benefit eligibility. If an individual presents a document not listed below, follow your social services district policies/procedures for further guidance.

Description of Status	WMS ACI Code	Common Documentation	WMS DOS and DEC	Safety Net Assistance	Family Assistance (FA)	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program
-			Codes	(SNA)		(SNAP)
Veteran: a veteran who is a qualified non-citizen and who (1) has received a discharge from the United States Armed Forces characterized as honorable and not on account of allenage, or (2) has a qualifying condition, as defined in Section 350 of the New York State Executive Law, and has received a dischange other than bad conduct or dischonorable (and not on account of allenage) from the Armed Forces, or (3) is a discharged Armed Forces, or (3) is a discharged LGBT veteran, as defined in Section 350 of the New York State Executive Law, and has received a discharge other than bad conduct or account of allenage) from the Armed Forces; or their spouse, un-remarried dependent child is also a qualified non-citizen	>	and <u>DD Form 214 Discharge Certificate</u> that states "Honorable." A character of discharge "Under Honorable Conditions" is not an "Honorable Discharge" for these purposes. Narrative Reason for Separation block must not state that discharge was for reason of "alienage" or lack of U.S. citizenship.	DOS is the date status was obtained	Yes	Yes	Yes
North American Indian born in Canada	ပ	Least Permanent Resident Card coded: S13 or temporary 1-551 stamp in a Canadian passport;     or     Least Arrival/Departure Record stamped: S13;     or     Iribal document certifying at least 50% American Indian blood, as required by Section 289 of the INA and School records, or, a birth or baptismal certificate issued on a reservation, or, other satisfactory evidence of birth in Canada	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Member of federally recognized tribe born outside U.S.	ပ	Membership card or other tribal document demonstrating membership in a federally recognized Indian tribe under Section $4(e)$ of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes
Permanent nonimmigrant, pursuant to P.L. 99-239, as amended (applicable to citizens of the Federated States of Micronesia and Marshall Islands) or P.L. 99-656 (applicable to citizens of Palau)	0	I-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A08; or l-94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: CFA/MIS "DS" (Duration of Status), D/S; or, CFA/PAL "DS" (Duration of Status), D/S	DOS is left blank	Yes	No	N O
Continuous entry and residence in the U.S. prior to January 1, 1972	0	I-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: C16; on Any other document from the EOIR or USCIS indicating Registry Application is pending; on Any documentary proof establishing entry and continuous residence	DOS is left blank	Yes	No	NO

# **NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY DESK AID**

LDSS-4579 (Rev. 10/21)

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	WMS ACI		MMS	Safety Net	Family Assistance	Supplemental Nutrition
Description of Status	Code	Common Documentation	DOS and DEC Codes	Assistance (SNA)	(FA)	Assistance Program (SNAP)
Subject to an Order of Supervision	0	L20B Order of Supervision:             or             L220B Order of Supervision:             or             Any other authoritative document indicating an Order of Supervision             Note: Cuban or Haitian nationals under an Order of Supervision are deemed to retain their Cuban-Haitian Entants status for benefieligibility purposes if they can document they are a national of Cuba or Haiti with a previous or current parole status into the U.S. <sup>10</sup>	DOS is left blank	Yes	No	NO
Cancellation of Removal	0	Order from the EOIR granting cancellation of removal;  or  Any other document from the EOIR indicating cancellation of removal granted	DOS is left blank	Yes	No	No
Deferred Action Status	0	P-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: C14 or C33;  P-797 Notice of Action indicating approved "Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals" (DACA) application;  or  Any document from the USCIS granting deferred action to a "U" visa applicant;  of  Any other document from the EOIR or USCIS indicating deferred action including any documentation that a DACA application has been approved.	DOS is left blank	Yes	ON.	Ŷ.
"U" Visa	0	P-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A19 or A20; or 1-94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: U1, U2, U3, U4, or U5; or 1-797 Notice of Action indicating that a petition for "U" nonimmigrant status was approved; or Any other document from the USCIS indicating "U" nonimmigrant status	DOS is left blank	Yes	No	N
"S" Visa	0	P.766 Employment Authorization Card coded: C21;         or         P44 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: S5, S6, or S7;         Any other document from the USCIS indicating "S" visa status	DOS is left blank	Yes	No	NO
"K3" or "K4" or "V" Visa Granted Under the Legal Immigration Family Equity Act (LIFE Act)	0	P-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A9, A09, A14, or A15;  or  1-94 Arrival/Departure Record stamped: K3, K4, V1, V2, or V3;  Unexpired "K3," "K4," or "V" visa in passport  Note: If an expired "K" or "V" visa is submitted, then proof that an I-539 (Application to Extend/Change Nonimmigrant Status) was filed with USCIS, and, proof that a Form I-130, I-485, or an immigrant visa application is still pending, must also be submitted.	DOS is left blank	Yes	ν	°2

<sup>10</sup>Refer to GIS 16 TA/DC048 "Eligibility to Participate in SNAP by Certain Cuban Nationals Under an Order of Supervision," for additional information regarding SNAP eligibility for these non-citizens.

# NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY DESK AID

LDSS-4579 (Rev. 10/21)

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procedures for further guidance.

Description of Status	WMS ACI Code	Common Documentation	WMS DOS and DEC Codes	Safety Net Assistance (SNA)	Family Assistance (FA)	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	
Temporary Protected Status (TPS)	0	I-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A12; or I-797 Notice of Action indicating TPS granted	DOS is left blank	Yes	ON	ON	
Asylum <u>Applicant</u> with Employment Authorization	0	I-766 Employment Authorization Gard coded: C8 or C08;  or  I-797 Notice of Action indicating Asylum application received or pending, and that the non-citizen is authorized to work in the U.S.;  or  Any other document from the USCIS indicating an asylum application is pending and that the non-citizen is authorized to work in the U.S.  Note: Cuban or Haitian nationals who have an application for asylum pending with the USCIS and are not subject to a final, non-appealable, and legally enforceable removal order have Cuban-Haitian Entrant status for benefit eligibility purposes. See Cuban/Haitian Entrant section on page 5.	DOS is left blank	Yes	<b>8</b>	Ŷ	
Deferred Enforced Departure	0	I-766 Employment Authorization Card coded: A11	DOS is left blank	Yes	No	No	
Special Immigrant Juvenile (SIJ)	0	I-797 Notice of Action indicating approval of an I-360 petition for SIJ;  or  Any other USCIS or government document indicating that the non-citizen is an SIJ.	DOS is left blank	Yes	ON	No	
Non-citizen, not otherwise included on this desk aid, who the USCIS has officially determined is legitimately present in the U.S. and who the USCIS is allowing to reside in the country for an indefinite period of time	0	Districts must contact the Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance (OTDA) Temporary Assistance (TA) Bureau for additional guidance if the district believes they have a non-citizen that fits this description.	DOS is left blank	Yes	N	ON	
Other status not eligible for TA or SNAP	Е	Non-citizen that is unable to provide sufficient documentation to support their inclusion in any of the above statuses.	N/A		No <sup>11</sup>		

For any questions related to TA benefit eligibility for non-citizens, please contact the OTDA TA Bureau at: otda.sm.cees.tabureau@otda.ny.gov. or: (518) 474-9344.

For any questions related to SNAP benefit eligibility for non-citizens, please contact the OTDA SNAP Bureau at: otda.sm.cees.snap@otda.ny.gov or: (518) 473-1469.

11ft it is determined that a non-citizen is ineligible for TA and/or SNAP because of their non-citizen status, the non-citizen must be denied using the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien Status (TA) or F92 – Ineligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Proof of Citizenship or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code "E." Use of the appropriate denial code (F92 - Failure to Provide Provide Proof or Eligible Alien (SNAP)) and ACI code (F92 - Failure to Provide Provide

# **Programs to Help Seniors and Disabled SNAP Applicants**

*In this section:* 

Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP)	1
Who Is Eligible for ESAP	1
Benefits of ESAP	1
How to Apply for ESAP	2
ESAP Interview Rules for Application and Recertification	2
Data Matching and Other Simplifications	3
Non-mandatory Interim Report	4
Other Reporting Requirements	4
Households Who No Longer Meet ESAP Criteria	4
ESAP Outreach by OTDA	5
NYSNIP and NYSCAP	5
What Is a CAP	5
NYSNIP to NYSCAP	6
Automatic Enrollment into NYSCAP	6
18- to 21-year-old SSI Recipients Coded A/A by SSA	7
Enrollees Must Use Benefits Within 90 Days	7
SNAP Benefits/Budgeting Under NYSCAP	7
Interim Report	8
NYSCAP Recertification	9
Changes to the NYSNIP Benefit Matrix and Benefit Allotments	9
RESOURCES FOR THIS SECTION	10
LDSS-5166 SNAP-Only Application	
LDSS-5181 ESAP Interview Notice Letter	
SNAP Medical Deduction Desk Guide and Worksheet	
LDSS-4841 NYSCAP Statewide Information Collection Sheet (English & Spanish)	
LDSS-4836/LDSS-4836 NYC NYSCAP Interim Report (English & Spanish)	
Pathways to SNAP for Seniors: Comparing ESAP, NYSNIP, & NYSCAP	

# **Programs to Help Seniors and Disabled SNAP Applicants**

Adult: an individual age 18 or older.

**Senior:** an individual age 60 or older.

**Person with a Disability:** anyone determined to be disabled by the Social Security Administration and most likely receiving a federally-related disability benefit including, but not limited to:

- Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
- Social Security Disability (SSD)
- Disability-related Medicaid
- Veterans Administration (VA) Disability 100%

# **Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP)**

20-ADM-14 21TA/DC079 NYS implemented the Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP) to improve access to and participation in SNAP for older adults and adults with disabilities.

# Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-5166 SNAP-Only Application

LDSS-5181 ESAP Interview Notice Letter

SNAP Medical Deduction Desk Guide and Worksheet

Pathways to SNAP for Seniors: Comparing ESAP, NYSNIP, & NYSCAP ESAP provides a simplified application, increased data matching for required verification, and a longer certification period. ESAP households are not required to complete a recertification interview, although they can request one.

# Who Is Eligible for ESAP

To be eligible for ESAP, a household must meet the following:

- All adult members must be a senior and/or disabled (and not eligible for NYSNIP or NYSCAP—more information about NYSNIP and NYSCAP is found later in this section), and
- Have no earned income.

Households fitting the above criteria that include children and/or disabled children can participate in ESAP.

### **Benefits of ESAP**

Households eligible to participate in ESAP will be provided:

- Data matching and relaxed rules for needed verification
- 36-month certification period with a non-mandatory interim report
- No interview at recertification

10/2024

# ESAP, cont. How to Apply for ESAP

Applicants can use the new simplified paper application (LDSS-5166) with an easy-to-read pamphlet (to help senior/disabled households better understand medical deductions), or apply online through myBenefits or Access HRA portals.

New applications for SNAP that meet the ESAP criteria will be placed into ESAP. These households will receive a notice that includes the benefits of ESAP and the extension of the certification period.

Households already receiving SNAP and meeting ESAP criteria will be placed into ESAP at their next recertification, as long as they continue to be eligible for SNAP.

# **ESAP Interview Rules for Application and Recertification**

**Applications:** ESAP-eligible households are required to have an initial application interview when applying for SNAP, like all other SNAP applicants.

**Recertifications:** ESAP-eligible households are *not* required to complete a recertification interview, but may request one. However, ESAP-eligible households must submit a completed recertification application and any required documents to receive ongoing SNAP benefits.

ESAP households will get an ESAP-specific Notice of Expiration (NOE) informing them that a recertification interview is not required and that the SNAP office must determine if they are eligible for continued SNAP benefits. The NOE includes instructions on how to request an interview.

# SNAP Offices must offer ESAP-eligible households a recertification interview in the following situations:

- Before an ESAP recertification application can be denied for any reason other than a failure to submit a recertification application.
  - ESAP-eligible households who do not return a recertification application will have their SNAP case closed for failure to recertify, like any other SNAP case.
- When information on the ESAP recertification application is questionable.
  - Anytime there is questionable information and further clarification is needed, the ESAP-eligible household will receive a notification of a scheduled interview appointment (upstate) or instructions on how to complete a telephone interview (NYC).
- Upon request by the ESAP household.

SNAP offices cannot deny an ESAP recertification application without first offering a recertification interview to the household.

3

### ESAP, cont.

**Upstate:** SNAP offices will use the LDSS-5181 "ESAP Interview Notice Letter" in both English and Spanish. The LDSS-5181 informs the household:

- Their scheduled interview date and time,
- Their case will be closed if they don't complete an interview,
- Information provided on their recertification application indicates they are no longer eligible for SNAP, and
- They are being offered a chance to be interviewed to correct any incorrect information before their SNAP case is closed.

**NYC:** SNAP offices will include the following information when notifying ESAP households:

- Their SNAP case will close at recertification unless they complete an interview to determine eligibility,
- This information is similar to the existing Z95 notice, but contains ESAP-specific language explaining the need for the interview, and
- Provides instructions on where to call to complete an interview over the phone (except for those ESAP households being closed for failure to submit a recertification application).

# **Data Matching and Other Simplifications**

Participating ESAP households are **required to provide the following documentation:** 

- Proof of residency,
- Out-of-pocket medical expenses over \$35,
- Non-federal/state sources of unearned income, and
- Any questionable information.

# Unless questionable, participating ESAP households may self-declare the following expenses:

- Standard Utility Allowances (SUA), and
- All other shelter-related expenses (e.g., rent, mortgage, taxes, and insurance on the dwelling).

# **SNAP offices are required to use computer matches and available systems** to verify the following circumstances of ESAP-eligible households:

- Unearned income,
- Date of birth,
- Social Security Number, and
- If appropriate, to ensure the household has no earned income.

10/2024

# ESAP, cont. Non-mandatory Interim Report

Households participating in ESAP will receive a non-mandatory interim report (LDSS-3151 SNAP Change Report Form) at the midpoint (18 months) of their 36-month certification period. This form **does** *not* **need to be returned** and the SNAP office **may not take a negative action** against the ESAP household for not returning it.

- ESAP households may use this form to report changes—especially those that will increase their SNAP benefits.
- Changes that increase the household's SNAP benefit must be acted upon and verified using resources and data matching or, if needed, documents from the household.
- No negative actions can be taken against the household for failure to verify the changes, but these will be looked into at the next recertification.

# **Other Reporting Requirements**

Due to simplified reporting requirements, ESAP households don't have to report most changes until their next recertification (36 months). However, the following changes **must be reported within ten days of the beginning of the month following the month in which the change took place:** 

- Change in household composition. Whenever a person leaves or is added to an ESAP household, this should be reported because it may affect the household's eligibility for ESAP. If all adults are not 60 or older and/or disabled, the household would no longer be eligible for ESAP and should be transitioned to regular SNAP if eligible.
- **Receipt of earned income.** If any member of the ESAP household begins receiving earned income this should be reported, as households receiving earned income are not eligible for ESAP.
- **Substantial lottery or gambling winnings.** SNAP rules require that all SNAP households must report substantial lottery or gambling winnings. Substantial lottery or gambling winnings are defined as a cash prize equal to or greater than the maximum allowable resources test for senior/disabled households—currently \$4,500—won in a single game before taxes or other withholdings.

# **Households Who No Longer Meet ESAP Criteria**

Households that no longer meet the criteria for ESAP will need to leave the project; these households are referred to as "leavers".

Leavers who remain eligible for SNAP, but not ESAP:

- Keep the balance of their original 36-month certification period until the next recertification
- Are no longer granted any of the other ESAP flexibilities
- Are subject to the regular reporting requirements that would apply to the household based on its circumstances when it leaves ESAP

### ESAP, cont.

# **ESAP Outreach by OTDA**

As part of this project, OTDA will collaborate with community partners and the New York State Office of the Aging (NYSOFA) to inform and engage the ESAP-eligible population. This outreach will inform ESAP-eligible households about the project, provide the ESAP application, help with the initial certification and recertification processes, and help clients understand and verify allowable medical costs.

To support this outreach, a brochure has been developed to help ESAP households understand how allowable medical expenses may impact their SNAP benefit amount. PUB-5176, "It's Easy for Older and Disabled Adults to Get SNAP—Deducting Medical Expenses for SNAP" explains that certain verified out-of-pocket medical costs that total more than \$35 can be deducted from countable income, which could result in some recipients receiving additional SNAP benefits each month. The brochure contains examples of deductible medical costs, information about the simplified application process for ESAP, and information needed to complete the application. To download the brochure, visit:

- English: otda.ny.gov/policy/gis/2021/21DC079-Attachment-3.pdf
- Spanish: otda.ny.gov/policy/gis/2021/21DC079-Attachment-4.pdf

# **NYSNIP and NYSCAP**

04 LCM-13 GIS 12TA/DC019 21TA/DC080 22TA/DC108 23DC87 24-ADM-09

For more than two decades, New York has operated a Combined Application Project (CAP) called the New York State Nutrition Improvement Project (NYSNIP), which automatically enrolls single Supplemental Security Income (SSI) live-alone recipients into SNAP. No separate SNAP application, interview, or verification are needed to be automatically enrolled.

From December 2021 through November 30, 2024, NYS is transitioning from NYSNIP to a new CAP called the New York State Combined Application Project (NYSCAP). The information here highlights the end of NYSNIP and details how NYSCAP works.

# Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-4841 NYSCAP Statewide Information Collection Sheet

LDSS-4836/LDSS-4836 NYC NYSCAP Interim Report

Pathways to SNAP for Seniors: Comparing ESAP, NYSNIP, & NYSCAP

### What Is a CAP

CAPs are a partnership between the Social Security Administration (SSA), the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)/Food and Nutrition Service (FNS), and state and local agencies to streamline SNAP application procedures for individuals receiving SSI benefits. The projects are designed to strengthen access to nutrition benefits for this vulnerable population.

New York State uses the standard CAP model which includes simplified joint SNAP/SSI application processing by SSA as individuals apply for or are recertified for SSI. CAPs use standard benefit amounts and/or standard shelter expenses in the benefit calculation and require evaluations to ensure cost neutrality is maintained.

10/2024

# NYSNIP/NYSCAP, cont.

23DC87 24-ADM-09

### **NYSNIP to NYSCAP**

Since 2014, OTDA has struggled to comply with the cost neutrality requirements of a CAP. For this reason, NYS submitted a waiver request to USDA/FNS to implement a new revised SSI CAP that will be simpler, more cost-neutral, and easier to evaluate for cost neutrality in the future. This new CAP is called NYSCAP.

NYSNIP and NYSCAP will run concurrently through November 30, 2024. On December 1, 2024, all NYSNIP participants will have been moved into NYSCAP.

### **Automatic Enrollment into NYSCAP**

CAPs have an automatic enrollment process that uses data matching to enroll single Supplemental Security Income (SSI) live-alone recipients into SNAP. No separate SNAP application, interview, or verification are needed to be automatically enrolled.

The SNAP office/HRA center uses monthly data matching to find eligible NYSCAP participants from the list of newly approved SSI recipients in NYS.

NYSCAP is available only to:

- SSI live-alone recipients—those classified as "living alone" by Social Security Administration (SSA) (i.e., live by themselves and pay their food, shelter, and clothing expenses).
- This code, called an "A/A," designates a federal SSI living code of 'A' and a State Supplement code of 'A.'

SSA sets these codes, not the SNAP office/HRA center. Only SSA can code SSI recipients as live-alones.

OTDA clarified the following in 24-ADM-09:

- SSI recipients who live in a dwelling with a spouse but are coded A/A can
  participate in NYSCAP as their own separate SNAP household unless their
  spouse applies for SNAP, in which case they would need to be on a SNAP
  case together and would not be eligible for NYSCAP.
- If a married couple has two NYSCAP cases opened automatically, they can
  both have a separate case in the same dwelling based on each being coded A/A.
  However, if these two married individuals were to submit an application outside
  of the NYSCAP auto-enrollment process, the normal mandatory household
  composition rules would apply, and they would need to be on the same SNAP
  case together and would not be eligible for NYSCAP.

SSI couples and recipients in other living arrangement categories cannot participate in NYSCAP, but they may be eligible for SNAP through ESAP or the regular SNAP application process. Information about ESAP is included earlier in this section.

7

# NYSNIP/NYSCAP, cont.

# 18- to 21-year-old SSI Recipients Coded A/A by SSA

SSI participants ages 18 to 21 can be coded A/A, designating them as SSI live-alone, even if they reside with their parents. These SSI recipients can participate in NYSCAP as a separate SNAP household, as long as the parents are not in receipt of SNAP benefits. If both the parents and the 18- to 21-year-old SSI live-alone are current SNAP participants or applying for SNAP, then this family must apply together as one household under regular SNAP eligibility rules.

# **Enrollees Must Use Benefits Within 90 Days**

When a person is enrolled in NYSCAP, they must redeem their SNAP benefits within the first 90 days of the auto-opening of their SNAP case. This means that they must use the EBT card that they received at a local SNAP vendor to purchase food. By doing this, the enrollee is agreeing to participate in SNAP and is providing an electronic application signature allowing them to receive monthly SNAP benefits. If benefits are not accessed within 90 days, the NYSCAP case will be automatically closed by the SNAP office and benefits will be removed and may not be restored.

# **SNAP Benefits/Budgeting Under NYSCAP**

NYSCAP enrollees will initially receive a minimum benefit level that can be as low as \$23. However, benefits may be adjusted up to the maximum SNAP benefit level—as high as \$292—if households complete and return the NYSCAP Statewide SNAP Case Information Collection Sheet (LDSS-4841) included with their NYSCAP opening notice (includes questions about shelter and utility costs).

There are no negative actions for not returning the LDSS-4841. The Information Collection Sheet gives enrollees the opportunity to provide and, if necessary, verify information that may qualify the household for a higher SNAP benefit.

**Under NYSNIP, the SNAP budgeting/benefit is standardized.** Benefit standards consider four factors:

- Cost of shelter
- Eligibility for the heating/cooling standard utility allowance
- Presence of other income
- Geographic location

See the most recent NYSNIP Matrix by Shelter Type at: HungerSolutionsNY.org/toolkit-snap-october-1-2019-eligibility-budgeting-changes/ Note that the NYSNIP matrix sunsets December 1, 2024.

**Under NYSCAP, the SNAP budgeting/benefit is individualized.** NYSCAP enrollees will have their SNAP case opened with their actual SSI income and any other income already budgeted, but with no shelter, medical, or other deductions, aside from the standard deduction.

10/2024

### NYSNIP/NYSCAP, cont.

The NYSCAP Statewide SNAP Case Information Collection Sheet (LDSS-4841) is provided to notify the SNAP office of the enrollee's circumstances. Once the SNAP office receives a completed LDSS-4841 and any needed documents, the enrollee's SNAP budget and benefit amount must be updated using standard SNAP budgeting.

Under NYSCAP rules, enrollees will automatically receive a reminder notice six months after the opening of their NYSCAP case if they have not returned the LDSS-4841:

- This notice provides enrollees with another opportunity to share information about their shelter and utility costs to maximize their SNAP benefit.
- Households that do not respond to this notice will not be subject to negative action. However, the household will continue to receive a monthly SNAP benefit as low as \$23 instead of getting a monthly benefit that could be as high as \$292 a month.

Upon receiving a completed LDSS-4841, the SNAP office must update the SNAP budget using standard SNAP budgeting rules, including:

- Adding the actual shelter expense,
- Determining the Heating/Cooling Standard Utility Allowance, and
- Adding in any medical expenses eligible under SNAP rules.

NYSCAP enrollees must meet the same SNAP verification requirements as all other SNAP cases, except:

• They may self-declare all shelter-related expenses (e.g., rent, mortgage, taxes, and insurance on the dwelling), unless questionable.

### **Interim Report**

Households participating in NYSCAP will receive an interim report called the NYSCAP SNAP Case Interim Report (LDSS-4836, LDSS-4836 NYC) at the midpoint of their certification period.

For NYSCAP participants, the interim report is sent at the **18-month point of their 36-month certification period.** 

The following interim reporting rules apply to NYSCAP:

- The NYSCAP SNAP Case Interim Report (LDSS-4836), which collects information needed to complete a SNAP budget using standard SNAP budgeting procedures, must be responded to or the SNAP case will be closed. This can include mailing a completed form back or calling the SNAP office and having a caseworker document the responses in the case record.
- If the interim report is returned, but there is not enough information to complete a SNAP budget, the SNAP office must contact the household to clarify or ask for needed documentation.

# NYSNIP/NYSCAP, cont.

# **NYSCAP Recertification**

Under SNAP rules a household is only authorized eligible for SNAP benefits for a specified, limited period of time, called the certification period. At the end of that period, the SNAP case is automatically closed unless the SNAP Office authorizes a new certification period. This process is called a recertification.

The NYSCAP certification period lasts up to **36 months (3 years).** 

At the end of a certification period, NYSCAP households:

- Must follow the recertification process in place for all SNAP recipients in order to continue to receive SNAP benefits.
- Will receive a notice of expiration that includes a SNAP application/ recertification form. This form must be completed and returned.
- Must follow regular SNAP documentation requirements.

NYSCAP households who are found eligible when recertifying will be given a new 36-month certification period for SNAP.

Participants who lose SSI live-alone status will be taken out of NYSNIP/NYSCAP; however, they can still receive SNAP benefits through ESAP or regular SNAP if they apply and are eligible.

# **Changes to the NYSNIP Benefit Matrix and Benefit Allotments**

The NYSNIP benefit matrix will sunset on December 1, 2024. Until then, you can see the matrix valid October 1, 2024 through December 1, 2024 at: HungerSolutionsNY.org/toolkit-snap-october-1-2019-eligibility-budgeting-changes/

# **Resources for This Section**

On the following pages, you will find these resources:

**LDSS-5166 SNAP-Only Application** 

**LDSS-5181 ESAP Interview Notice Letter** 

**SNAP Medical Deduction Desk Guide and Worksheet** 

LDSS-4841 NYSCAP Statewide Information Collection Sheet (English & Spanish)

LDSS-4836/LDSS-4836 NYC NYSCAP Interim Report (English & Spanish)

Pathways to SNAP for Seniors: Comparing ESAP, NYSNIP, & NYSCAP

# Application/Recertification for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Benefits

If you are blind or seriously visually impaired, would you like to receive written notices in an alternative format?
If yes, check the type of format you would like:
Large Print
☐ Data CD
Audio CD
Braille, if you assert that none of the other alternative formats will be equally effective for you.
If you require another accommodation, please contact your social services

# When You Are Applying For SNAP

district.

- You can file an application the same day you receive it. We must accept your application if, at a minimum, it contains your name, address, (if you have one), and a signature. This information will establish your application filing date.
- You must complete the application process, including having an interview and signing the certification statement on page 2 of the application/recertification for your eligibility to be determined. If you are eligible, benefits will be provided back to the date you filed your application.
- You can apply for and get SNAP for eligible household member(s) even if you or some other members of your household are not eligible for benefits because of immigration status. For example, ineligible non-citizen parents can apply for SNAP for their children and receive benefits for their eligible children.
- You can still apply and be eligible for SNAP even if you have reached your Temporary Assistance time limits.

# When You Are Recertifying For SNAP

You must submit the signed and completed recertification application.

Remember to sign your application.

# Need SNAP Benefits Right Away? You May Be Eligible for Expedited Processing of your SNAP Application:

If your household has little or no income or liquid resources, **or** if your rent and utility expenses are more than your income and liquid resources, **or** you are a migrant or seasonal farmworker with little or no income or resources when you apply, you may be eligible to get SNAP within 7 calendar days of the date you apply. When a resident of an institution is jointly applying for SSI and SNAP prior to leaving the institution, the recorded filing date of the application is the date of release of the applicant from the institution.

# Where You Can Apply For SNAP

If you live **outside of New York City**, you can apply online at myBenefits.ny.gov, or call or visit the social services district in the county where you live and ask for an application package, which can be mailed to or dropped off at that appropriate office. You can get the address and phone number of the social services district in your county by calling toll free **1-800-342-3009**.

If you live in **New York City** and are NOT also applying for Temporary Assistance, you can apply online at Access HRA, or call or visit any SNAP Office and ask for an application package. You can get the address and phone number by calling **1-718-557-1399** or toll free **1-800-342-3009**.

**Non-Discrimination Notice** – In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, this institution is prohibited from discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex (including gender identity and sexual orientation), religious creed, disability, age, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity.

Program information may be made available in languages other than English. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication to obtain program information (e.g. Braille, large print, audio tape, American Sign Language), should contact the Agency (State or local) where they applied for benefits. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339.

To file a program discrimination complaint, a Complainant should complete a form AD-3027, USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form which can be obtained online at: <a href="https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ad-3027.pdf">https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ad-3027.pdf</a> from any USDA office, by calling (833) 620-1071, or by writing a letter addressed to USDA. The letter must contain the complainant's name, address, telephone number, and a written description of the alleged discriminatory action in sufficient detail to inform the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights (ASCR) about the nature and date of an alleged civil rights violation. The completed AD-3027 form or letter must be submitted to:

- (1) mail: Food and Nutrition Service, USDA 1320 Braddock Place, Room 334 Alexandria, VA 22314; or
- (2) fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or
- (3) email: FNSCIVILRIGHTSCOMPLAINTS@usda.gov

This institution is an equal opportunity provider. **Do not mail your application to this address.** 

# Application/Recertification for Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Benefits Application Information

SSN:			Date of Birth:	
Daytime Phone Numb	er(s) (with area code)	:		
Home Address (Street	, Apt #):			
City, State, Zip Code:				
Mailing Address (if dif	ferent):			
Your Ethnicity/Race:	not affect your eligib  Ethnicity: Hisp  Race: (check all that  American Indian	ility or benefit amount. anic or Latino?	Yes No	Your answer is voluntary, and it will  Black or African American
Spoken Language: P Are you a U.S. citizen Are you a resident of	: Yes	No	Which County do y	ou live in?
☐ Interpreter Required Did someone help you	pairment d u complete this form	☐ Hearing Impaired ☐ Sign Language Red? ☐ Yes ☐ N	0	
rneir phone numi	per with area code: _			
Household Informat				
List the people who live	with you:			
Name (last, first, MI): _ Date of Birth:			SS	SN:
Sex: Male Different Identity:		X	Language Spoken:	
Name (last, first, MI): _			SS	SN:
Date of Birth:  Sex: Male  Different Identity:			Language Spoken:	
Name (last, first, MI): _			SS	SN:
Date of Birth:  Sex: Male  Different Identity:	☐ Female	X	Language Spoken:	

LDSS-5166 (Rev. 12/23)

Type of Income		any of the following type	s of income?	
· ·	Amount of Income	Frequency of Income	Name of Person Wh	ho Receives Income
Social Security				
SSI				
Pension				
Veteran's Benefits				
Workers' Compensation				
Wages				
Other				
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# Instructions for Completing the Application Form

- Try to answer as many questions as you can.
- On page 1 of the application form, put your telephone number where you can be reached during weekdays or where a message can be left for you.
- Remember to sign your name before you submit your application form.
- Be sure to read the included Notice of Rights and Responsibilities and the SNAP Penalty Warning on the following pages.
- You can file an incomplete application by filling in your name and address on the front and your signature on the back and completing the rest of the application later. This minimal information will establish your application filing date.
- SNAP benefits will be effective back to the date that you applied.

**You must be interviewed:** We will review your application when it is received and will contact you to discuss the information you gave on your application.

**Note:** If we cannot reach you, you will receive a letter for a scheduled phone interview.

**You must submit verification:** During your interview, we will explain what verification and information you will need to give to receive SNAP benefits. We will send you a verification checklist with the items you need to provide. You have 30 days from the date that your application is received to give us the verification we need. Be sure to ask us for help if you are having difficulty obtaining these documents.

**Decision:** You will receive a decision on your application within 30 days.

# What Verification Will I Need to Submit?

These are most of the items you will need when applying for SNAP benefits:

- Identification Showing Your Name and Address:
- If you have no address, please tell us.
- Proof of income.
- An award letter or direct deposit statement of unearned income including interest income amounts and frequency of payments. If you are working, submit your last four weeks of pay stubs, direct deposit statements, or copies of checks.
- Social Security Numbers for All Members Applying.
- Proof of Noncitizen Status If you are not a citizen, provide proof of legal noncitizen status.
- **Proof of Certain Expenses:** Although optional, if you provide proof of either of the following, your SNAP benefits could be higher.
  - Medical Expenses If you or anyone in your household is age 60 or older or has a certified disability, out-ofpocket medical expenses must be verified with receipts for co-payments or premiums on health insurance, or
    receipts for dentures, eyeglasses, hearing aids, hearing aid batteries, prescription medications, doctor-prescribed
    pain relievers or over-the-counter drugs, and transportation to get to and from medical services.
  - **Child Support Payments -** Proof, such as court documents, of child support payments you pay to someone not living with you, and amount paid.

Also tell us if you have any of the expenses below (this is optional, but these could make your SNAP benefits higher):

- 1. Housing Costs: rent or mortgage payments, real estate taxes, or homeowners' insurance.
- 2. **Utilities:** air conditioning costs, home heating oil, gas for heating, wood or coal for heating, gas for cooking, electricity, telephone (including cell phones), or other utility expenses such as for water, sewer, or garbage disposal service.
- 3. Dependent Care Expenses: in-home or out-of-home care.

# Read the Important Information Below

**SNAP Penalty Warning** – Any information you provide in connection with your application for SNAP will be subject to verification by Federal, State and local officials. If any information is incorrect, you may be denied SNAP. You may be subject to criminal prosecution if you knowingly provide incorrect information which affects eligibility or the amount of benefits. Anyone who is violating a condition of probation or parole or anyone who is fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody or confinement for a felony, and is actively being pursued by law enforcement, is not eligible to receive SNAP benefits.

If a SNAP household member is found to have committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV), the member will not be able to get SNAP benefits for a period of:

- 12 months for the first SNAP-IPV;
- 24 months for the second SNAP IPV;
- 24 months for the first SNAP-IPV, that is based on a court finding that the individual used or received SNAP benefits
  in a transaction involving the sale of a controlled substance. (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's
  prescription is required.)
- 120 months if found guilty of making a false statement about who you are or where you live in order to get multiple SNAP benefits simultaneously, unless permanently disqualified for a third IPV.
- Additionally, a court may bar an individual from participation in SNAP for an additional 18 months.
- Permanent disqualification of an individual for:
  - The first SNAP-IPV based on a court finding of using or receiving SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of firearms, ammunition or explosives.
  - The first SNAP-IPV based on a court conviction for trafficking SNAP benefits for a combined amount of \$500 or more (Trafficking includes the illegal use, transfer, acquisition, alteration or possession of SNAP authorization cards or access devices.)
  - The second SNAP-IPV based on a court finding that an individual used or received SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of controlled substances. (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's prescription is required.)
  - All third SNAP-IPV Intentional Program Violations.

Any person convicted of a felony for knowingly using, transferring, acquiring, altering or possessing SNAP authorization cards or access devices may be fined up to \$250,000, imprisoned up to 20 years or both. The individual may also be subject to prosecution under the applicable Federal and State laws.

You may be found ineligible for SNAP or found to have committed an IPV if:

- You make a false or misleading statement, or misrepresent, conceal or withhold facts in order to qualify for benefits or receive more benefits; or
- Purchase a product with SNAP benefits with the intent of obtaining cash by intentionally discarding the product and returning the container for the deposit amount; or
- Commit or attempt to commit an act that constitutes a violation of Federal or State law for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of SNAP benefits, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of the Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) system.
- Additionally, the following are not allowed and, you may be disqualified from receiving SNAP benefits and/or be subject to penalties for actions that include:
  - Using or have in your possession EBT cards that do not belong to you, without the card owner's consent; or
  - Using SNAP benefits to buy nonfood items, such as alcohol or cigarettes, or to pay for food previously purchased on credit; or
  - Allowing someone else to use your EBT card in exchange for cash, firearms, ammunition, explosives or drugs, or to purchase food for individuals who are not members of the SNAP household.

**Overpayment** – If you get more SNAP benefits than you should have (overpayment), you must pay them back. If your case is active, we will take back the amount of the overpayment from future SNAP benefits that you get. If your case is closed, you may pay back the overpayment through any unused SNAP benefits remaining in your account, or you may pay by cash.

If you have an overpayment that is not paid back, it will be referred for collection, including automated collection by the federal government. Federal benefits (such as Social Security) and tax refunds that you are entitled to receive may be taken to pay back the overpayment. The debt will also be subject to processing charges.

Any SNAP benefits expunged from your EBT account will be used to reduce current overpayments. If you apply for SNAP again, and have not repaid the amount you owe, your SNAP benefits will be reduced if you begin to get them again. You will be notified, at that time, of the amount of reduced benefits you will get.

**Consent** – I understand that by signing this application form I agree to any investigation made by the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance or my local social services district to verify or confirm the information I have given or any other investigation made by them in connection with my request for SNAP benefits. If additional information is requested, I will provide it. I will also cooperate with State and Federal personnel in a SNAP Quality Control Review.

I understand that by signing this application/certification, I consent to an investigation to verify or confirm the information I have given and other investigation by any authorized government agency in connection with Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP) benefits. I also consent to allow the information provided on this application to be used in referrals to available weatherization assistance programs and my utility company's low-income programs. I understand that the State will use my Social Security Number to verify with my home energy vendors the receipt of HEAP. This authorization also includes permission for any of my home energy vendors (including my utility) to release certain statistical information, including but not limited to, my annual electricity usage, electricity cost, fuel consumption, fuel type, annual fuel cost and payment history to the Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance, the local Social Services District and the United States Department of Health and Human Services for the purposes of Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) performance measurement.

Consent for Release of Confidential Unemployment Insurance (UI) Information – I authorize the New York State Department of Labor (DOL) to release any confidential information, maintained by DOL for Unemployment Insurance (UI) purposes, to the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance (OTDA). This information includes UI benefit claims and wage records. I understand that OTDA, along with State and local agency employees working in local social services district offices, will use the UI information for establishing or verifying eligibility for, and the amount of SNAP applied for in this application and for investigations to determine whether I received benefits to which I was not entitled.

New York City Housing Authority Resident Consent to Share Information – If you are applying for assistance in New York City, this consent will allow the New York City Housing Authority (NYCHA) to share information about you with the New York City Human Resources Administration/Department of Social Services (HRA) to help you and your household apply for assistance under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), and/or for HRA cash assistance, which may include payment of rental arrears.

If you sign this application below, NYCHA may share with HRA information relevant to your eligibility for, or level of, SNAP and/or cash assistance benefits including your name, address, date of birth, and rent and utility payment information (such as monthly rent amount, rent payment history, rent balance, and appliance fees). Additionally, by signing this application below, you represent that you have the authority to consent on behalf of minor children listed in this application and you authorize NYCHA to share that child's name, address, and date of birth with HRA.

HRA will keep confidential any information that NYCHA hares any may only share information with the local, state, and federal agencies that oversee HRA's SNAP and cash assistance benefits programs.

**RELEASE OF EDUCATIONAL RECORDS** – I give permission to the New York City social services district to obtain the educational records of myself and/or my minor child(ren) for the following purposes: 1) verifying my eligibility for SNAP; 2) conducting reviews or investigations that result from conflicting information provided as part of the eligibility process and; 3) providing the appropriate federal government agency access to this information for the sole purpose of audit.

Release of Information to Service Providers – I give permission to the social services district and New York State to share information regarding Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program benefits that I or any member of my household for whom I can legally give authorization have received, for purposes of verifying my eligibility for services and payment related to program administration provided by a State or local contractor. Such services may include, but are not limited to, job placement or training services provided to help me or my household members obtain and retain employment.

**SUA (Standard Utility Alowance) Information** – I understand that SNAP recipients are categorically income eligible for the Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP). If I have not received a HEAP benefit of greater than \$20 in the current month or previous 12 months, or other similar energy assistance program benefits, I must pay separately for a heating, air conditioning or utility expense in order to receive a Standard Utility Allowance.

**Changes** – I agree to inform the agency **promptly** of any change in my needs, income, property, living arrangement, ablebodied adult without dependents (ABAWD) status including if my hours of work fall below 80 hours per month, pregnancy status or address to the best of my knowledge or belief in accordance with my reporting requirements.

Requirement to Report/Verify Household Expenses – I understand that my household must report child care and utility expenses in order to get a SNAP deduction for these expenses. I further understand that my household must report and verify rent/mortgage payments, property taxes, insurance, medical expenses and child support paid to a non-household member in order to get a SNAP deduction for these expenses. I understand that failure to report/verify the above expenses will be seen as a statement by my household that I/we do not want to receive a deduction for those unreported/unverified expenses. A deduction for these expenses may make me eligible for SNAP or may increase my SNAP benefits. I understand that I may report/verify these expenses at any time in the future. This deduction would then be applied to the calculation of SNAP in future months in accordance with the rules for change reporting and processing changes.

In applying for SNAP, I understand that the social services district will request and use information available through the Income and Eligibility Verification System to investigate my application, and may verify this information through collateral contacts if discrepancies are found. I also understand that such information may affect my eligibility for SNAP and/or level of SNAP benefits I receive.

**Privacy Act Statement – Collection and Use of Social Security Number (SSN) –** The collection of SSN's is authorized for each household member with respect to SNAP pursuant to the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008. The information we collect will be used to determine whether your household is eligible or continues to be eligible for assistance or benefits. We will verify this information through computer matching programs. This information will also be used to monitor compliance with program regulations and for program management. This information may be disclosed to other State and Federal agencies for official examination and to law enforcement officials for the purpose of apprehending persons fleeing to avoid the law. The information will be used to check identity and to verify earned and unearned income.

If a SNAP claim arises against your household, the information on this application, including all SSN's, may be referred to Federal and State agencies, as well as private claims collection agencies, for claims collection action. Anyone applying for SNAP must provide a SSN. SSN's of ineligible members will also be used and disclosed in the manner above. If you or anyone applying/recertifying does not have a SSN, a SSN must be applied for with the Social Security Administration (SSA.gov).

Besides using the information you give us in this way the State also uses the information to prepare statistics about all the people receiving benefits from the Home Energy Assistance Program. The information is used for quality control by the State to make sure local districts are doing the best job they can. It is used to verify who your energy supplier is and to make certain payments to such vendors.

**Citizenship/Immigration Status** – I swear and/or affirm under penalty of perjury that the information I have provided about the citizenship and immigration status of myself and everyone living with me is true and correct. I understand that any information I provide to verify the immigration status of anyone applying for SNAP may be checked for authenticity with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

For SNAP, citizenship must be documented only if questionable.

Remember to sign your application.

# County Address

Street City, NY ZIP	ESAP RECERTIFICATION INTERVIEW REQUIRED
	Date:
	Case Number: Telephone Number:
Client Name Address Address City, State Zip	
Application Project (ESAP). An interview is n	o continue getting SNAP benefits as part of the Elderly Simplified out usually required for ESAP households at recertification. However, ation form, you must be interviewed to determine if you can still get
We will attempt to phone you at the number(s date and time:	s) you provided to conduct your recertification interview at the following
Date:	Time:
You must be interviewed or your SNAP ca	se will be CLOSED.
Please call the general phone number at the	top of this notice to make arrangements for another interview if you wild. Thank you

This decision is based on Regulation 18 NYCRR 387.7.

# **SNAP Medical Expense Deductions**

Desk Guide & Worksheet

**Adults age 60 and over and people with disabilities** who qualify for SNAP may be entitled to a larger monthly benefit by deducting out-of-pocket medical expenses **over \$35 per month.** These costs are often significant, and reporting them in the SNAP application process can mean more help paying for food each month.

Medical costs can be submitted when applying for SNAP or any time during the SNAP certification period.\* The SNAP office needs documentation to verify each monthly expense submitted. Always use copies of the original medical bills when sending documents to the SNAP office.

This worksheet (over) includes examples of allowed medical expenses and the documents needed to submit them for verification. Insert a *monthly* cost for each to determine a person's total monthly out-of-pocket medical expenses. Some medical expenses, like the cost of prescriptions, may already be calculated as a monthly expense. Larger lump sum medical bills should be divided by the number of months a household is certified to receive SNAP to calculate the monthly cost.

**Example:** Mary has a medical procedure which costs her \$1,200. She divides the amount of the procedure by the number of months\* she will be certified for SNAP:

\$1200 ÷ 24 months = \$50/month

She adds a monthly cost of \$50.00 to her medical expense worksheet.

#### **Need Help?**

Nutrition Outreach and Education Program (NOEP) Coordinators can answer questions and offer free and confidential SNAP application assistance. Visit **FoodHelpNY.org** to find a NOEP Coordinator near you.



<sup>\*</sup>Households where all adults are age 60 and over and/or disabled with no earned income are certified to receive SNAP for 24 months with a 12-month check-in point.

# **SNAP Medical Expense Deduction Worksheet**

Medical Expense	Documentation needed	Cost
Medical and dental care, including psychotherapy and rehabilitation services	Bill/receipt with the unreimbursed cost of care from the providers	\$
Hospitalization or outpatient treatments, nursing care, and nursing home care, including unreimbursed portion of hospitalization, outpatient treatment, and community based treatment	Bill/receipt with the unreimbursed cost of care from the providers	\$
Prescription drugs, over-the-counter medications approved by a licensed practitioner, and costs of medical supplies, sickroom, or other prescribed equipment. (Note: The costs of special diets are not allowed as a medical deduction)	Pharmacy printout of monthly prescriptions/ copayments or receipt, and a list from a health provider of the over-the-counter medications and supplies recommended. The SNAP office does not need the names of <i>prescription</i> drugs, but does need the date of purchase and cost of each drug.	\$
Health insurance premiums, including health and hospital insurance policy premiums, Medicare, Medicaid, and private medical insurance premiums, copayments, and deductibility. This includes "spend down" expenses incurred by Medicaid recipients.	Bill with the monthly premium payment	\$
Cost for a personal care attendant, home health aide, certified nursing aide, visiting nurse, or other attendant, including payments to maintain an attendant, home health aide, child care service, or housekeeper necessary due to age or illness. Includes reasonable cost of food eaten in the home by caretaker.	Contract or bill with services received and cost	\$
Reasonable costs of transportation and lodging to obtain medical treatment and services. Households that drive their own vehicle should use the IRS medical mileage rate.	List of monthly health care trips, including the number of miles traveled to/from the doctor or pharmacy by car or cost of public transportation. Including parking, tolls and lodging.	\$
Medical supplies and equipment, such as eyeglasses, dentures, hearing aids, and prosthetics	Receipt with the cost of the items	\$
Cost of securing and maintaining a seeing eye, hearing, or service dog	Bills for food, vet care and other expenses	\$
Unpaid medical/dental bills	Bill with unpaid portion and total cost of procedure. Unpaid bills submitted in previous certification periods cannot be used again, even if the expense is still owed.	\$
	Total monthly expenses: add all of the above	\$
	Minus \$35	-\$35.00
	Monthly Medical Expense Deduction	\$

New York State Combined Application Project (NYSCAP) Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Case Information Collection Sheet			
CASE NAME:	CASE NUMBER:		
AFTER YOU ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS ON THE FROM REVERSE OF THIS REPORT, YOU MUST SIGN, DATE AND FITTHIS REPORT, TO THE ADDRESS TO THE RIGHT			
Because we do not have any information about your shelter, heat, utilit the minimum SNAP benefit amount. If you answer the questions bel			
expenses, you may be eligible to get more SNAP benefits. You may ha Please be sure you or your authorized representative sign and date		of this form	
	CTION 1	Ji tilis lollii.	
Do you still live at the address to which this notice was sent? [		write your new	address below.)
Your New Address: (include Apt. #)	City/Town:	State:	Zip Code:
		<u> </u>	
2a. Do you: Own your home? Rent? Live	in public housing? Have no permane	nt residence or	are homeless?
2b. How much do you pay monthly for your rent or your mortgage? \$_	Yes", what is your share of the rent? \$		
<ul><li>2c. If you rent, is your rent subsidized?  Yes  No If '2d. If you own your home, are insurance and/or property taxes included</li></ul>	•	☐ Yes ☐	No
2e. If no, how much do you pay each year for property and school taxe	s? \$ Homeowner's Ins	urance? \$	
· · ·	CTION 2 own heat separate from your rent or mortgage	e	
Do you pay a heating or utility company directly for heat separate fit		2	
2. My main source of of heat is: Fuel Oil Electric Heat Natural Other (describe):	al Gas	Propane	e or Bottled Gas
3. Is the <i>heating</i> bill in your name? Yes No If "No," the b	ill is in whose name?		
4. What is your heating account number (if you have one)?			
What is your heating company's name?			
6. What is your <i>heating</i> company's address?			
Address:	City/Town:	State:	Zip Code:
	NS ON THE FRONT AND REVERSE OF THIS FO		
YOU OR YOUR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATI	THE REVERSE OF THIS FORM AND REMEMBE VE MUST RETURN THIS FORM <u>SIGNED</u> AND <u>DA</u> ADDEADS IN THE BOY ABOVE	•	

#### LDSS-4841 (Rev. 9/22)

SECTION 3  Answer questions only if you don't pay for your heat.					
Do you pay a separate monthly charge to your landlord for air cond		☐ Yes	☐ No		
2. Do you pay an electric bill and use an air conditioner?	☐ No				
3. Do you pay a utility company directly for your lights, cooking, hot wa	ater, therr	mostat, furnace or	boiler?	∕es	
4. What is your <i>utility</i> account number (if you have one)?					
5. What is your <i>utility</i> company's name?					
6. What is your <i>utility</i> company's address?					
Address:		City/Town:		State:	Zip Code:
	TOTION	•			
1. Do you have any unreimbursed medical expenses (including a Med 2. If yes, how much do you pay monthly for your medical expenses?  * Unreimbursed medical expenses are medical bills you must pa	\$	enddown)?	Yes N		nsurance.
APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE	1) 11.01.0	The paid by	, modios.a, 2.	DATE SIGNED	louraries.
IMPORTANT IN	IFORMA	TION SECTION			
YOU MAY BE ENTI	ITLED TO	HIGHER BENEF	ITS		
The maximum monthly SNAP benefit for one person is \$281. If you you have housing, heat and/or utility costs, and more than \$35 each expenses if you never told us about them or if they have changed.					
If you want to find out whether you might be able to get more SNAP SNAP office. Thank you.	benefits,	or if you have que	estions about hov	v to fill out this forr	m, call your local
AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE SECTION – If you are an Air	uthorized	Representative, fil	I out this section.		
You can authorize someone who knows your household circumstaverifying the information requested above) for you. You can also aut for you. If you want to do this, have your authorized representative name, address and phone number below.	thorize so	meone outside you	ur household to u	se your SNAP ber	efits to buy food
Print Authorized Representative's Name:				Auth. Rep. Phone	Number:
				( )	
Authorized Representative's Address:	City/Tow	n:		State:	Zip Code:
SIGNATURE SECTION - Make sure to do the following:					
Print the Recipient's Name.	· ·				
Print the Recipient's Name:					
Recipient/Authorized Representative Signature			Date S	igned	
Х					

LDSS-4841 SP (Rev. 9/22)

Proyecto de Solicitud Combinada del Estado de Nueva York (NYSCAP) Programa de Asistencia Nutricional Suplementaria (SNAP) - Hoja de Recopilación de Datos del Caso					
CASO A NOMBRE DE:	NÚMERO DE CASO:				
UNA VEZ QUE USTED HAYA CONTESTADO TODAS LAS PRECEN EL ANVERSO Y EL REVERSO DE ESTE INFORME, DEBE FIRIFECHARLO Y DEVOLVERLO A LA DIRECCIÓN QUE FIGURA DERECHA	MARLO,				

Dado que no tenemos información alguna sobre el monto que usted paga por gastos de alojamiento, calefacción y servicios públicos ni sobre gastos médicos no reembolsables, usted está habilitado(a) para recibir sólo el monto mínimo de subsidio SNAP. Si usted contesta las preguntas que se presentan a continuación sobre sus gastos actuales de alojamiento, calefacción, servicios públicos y gastos médicos no reembolsables, usted podría habilitar para recibir un aumento en el subsidio de SNAP. Es probable que tenga que suministrar pruebas de estos gastos.

Asegúrese que usted o su representante autorizado firme y feche la SECCIÓN DE FIRMAS al reverso de este formulario.

SECCIÓN	l 1:			
1. ¿Todavía vive en el domicilio al que le fue enviada esta notificación? continuación).	Sí No (Si respondió «No», e	scriba su nue	o domicilio a	
Su nuevo domicilio: (incluya número de apartamento)	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código postal:	
2a. Usted:				
SECCIÓN  Responda las preguntas solo si paga por su propia calefaco		er o hipoteca		
ZPaga directamente a una compañía de calefacción o de servicios públicos     ☐ Sí ☐ No			o hipoteca?	
de calefacción es:	Otro (describa) \$	tural 🗌 Cart	oón o leña	
3. ¿Está la factura de calefacción a su nombre? Sí No Si conte ¿A nombre de quién está la factura?	stó «No»			
4. ¿Cuál es el número de la cuenta de calefacción (si tiene una)?				
5. ¿Cómo se llama la compañía proveedora de calefacción?		_		
6. ¿Cuál es la dirección de la compañía proveedora de calefacción?				
Dirección:	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código postal:	
ASEGÚRESE DE CONTESTAR TODAS LAS PREGUNTAS EN EL ANVIMPORTANTE EN EL REVERSO DE ESTE FORMULARIO Y RECUERDE,				

ESTE INFORME FIRMADO Y FECHADO A LA DIRECCIÓN SEÑALADA EN LA CASILLA ANTERIOR

#### LDSS-4841 SP (Rev. 9/22)

	SECCIÓN 3: s <u>solo</u> si no paga por su calefacción			
1. ¿Le paga usted al arrendador una cantidad mensual adicional por		☐ Sí	□ No	
2. ¿Paga usted por servicios de electricidad y usa un aire acondicion	nado? Sí No			
3. ¿Paga directamente a una compañía de servicios por luz, tipo de	servicio que usa para cocinar, agua cali	ente, termo ☐ Sí	stato, caldera	o calentador?
4. ¿Cuál es el número de la cuenta de servicios públicos (si tiene una	a)?			
5. ¿Cómo se llama la compañía proveedora de servicios públicos? _				
6. ¿Cuál es la dirección de la compañía proveedora de servicios púb				
Dirección:	Ciudad/Pueblo:		Estado:	Código postal:
	SECCIÓN 4:			
1. ¿Tiene gastos médicos no reembolsables (incluyendo el sobrante 2. Si contestó que «Sí», ¿Cuánto paga mensualmente por sus gasto				
*Gastos médicos no reembolsables, son gastos médicos que us de salud no los cubre.	sted debe pagar de su propio bolsillo ya	que Medic	are, Medicaid	u otro seguro
FIRMA DEL SOLICITANTE		FEO	CHA DE LA F	IRMA
SECCIÓN DE INF	FORMACIÓN IMPORTANTE			
USTED PODRÍA TENER DEREC	CHO A UN MONTO MAYOR DE SUBSI	DIOS		
El monto máximo mensual del subsidio SNAP para una persona es para recibir un monto mayor si tiene gastos de vivienda, calefaccio más de \$35 al mes. Si usted no había reportado estos gastos anteri	ón o servicios públicos, o ambos, y tier	ne gastos n	nédicos no re	embolsables de
Si desea averiguar si puede recibir un aumento de subsidio SNAP, s SNAP. Gracias.	o si tiene preguntas sobre cómo llenar e	este formula	ario, llame a la	a oficina local de
SECCIÓN DEL REPRESENTANTE AUTORIZADO- Si usted es un	representante autorizado, llene esta sec	cción.		
Usted puede autorizar a otra persona familiarizada con las circunstancias de su grupo familiar para que maneje cuestiones relacionadas con su caso de SNAP (por ejemplo, proporcionar y verificar la información solicitada más arriba). Usted también puede autorizar a otra persona, que no forme parte del grupo familiar, para que canjee sus subsidios SNAP y compre los víveres por usted. Si usted desea hacerlo de esta manera, pida a su representante autorizado que firme en la sección correspondiente al pie de esta página, y escriba abajo, en letra de molde, el nombre, domicilio y número de teléfono de esa persona.				
Escriba en letra de imprenta el nombre del Representante Autorizad	lo:	No. o	de Teléfono d	el Rep:
Domicilio del representante autorizado:	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Esta	) do:	Código postal:
SECCIÓN DE FIRMAS – Asegúrese de hacer lo siguiente:  Escriba en letra de imprenta el nombre del beneficiario  Firme, feche y devuelva este formulario a la dirección inc  Escriba, en letra de molde, el nombre del beneficiario:	dicada en la primera página de este form	nulario.		
Firma del beneficiario / representante autorizado X		Fecha en o	que se firma	

#### NYSCAP Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Benefits Interim Report

Please fill out this form right away and return it to the address listed above. If you don't send the form back, your SNAP benefits will stop. NYSCAP will replace NYSNIP. If you previously had NYSNIP, you now have NYSCAP.

We've sent this form because we must update your NYSCAP SNAP benefits case. Please answer the questions below about your shelter, heat, and utility costs and unreimbursed medical expenses. These expenses affect how much you can get in SNAP. If you never told us about these costs, or if they have changed, we might be able to give you more SNAP. Please send us current proof of these expenses if you never told us about them or if they have changed.

Even if you have no changes to report, you must send the form back or your SNAP benefits will stop. Please sign and date the form and return it to us no later than the 10th day of next month.

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1				
	SECTION	1		
1. Do you still live at the address where th	is notice was sent?	☐ No (If you answered "No", write you	ur new address	below)
Your New Address (include Apartment numb	er):	City/Town:	State:	Zip Code:
2. Do you: Own your home? Other:		Have no permanent residence	or are homeles	s?
2a. How much do you pay monthly for your	rent or mortgage? \$			
2b. If you rent, is your rent subsidized?	☐Yes ☐No If "Yes"	, what is your share of the rent? \$		
2c. If you own your home, are insurance an	d/or property taxes included (escrowe	ed) in your mortgage payment?	es 🔲 No	
2d. If no, how much do you pay each year f	or property and school taxes? \$	Homeowner's	Insurance? \$_	
2e. Has anyone new moved into or out of ye	our household? Yes No	If "Yes", provide their name and	I relationship to	you:
A	SECTION			
·		eat separate from your rent or mortgage	_	
1. Do you pay a heating or utility company	directly for heat separate from your r	ent or mortgage?	_l No	
2. What is your main source of heat? F Propane or Bottled Gas	uel Oil Electric Heat ther (describe):	Natural Gas Coal or Wood	Kerosene	
3. Is the heating bill in your name?	es No If "No", name on the b	?		
4. What is your heating account number (i	f you have one)?			
5. What is your heating company's name?				
6. What is your heating company's address	s?			
Address:		City/Town:	State:	Zip Code:

LDSS-4836 (Rev. 9/23)	New York State Office of Temp	orary and Disabi	lity Assistance	
SECTIO  Answer questions only if you				
Do you pay a separate monthly charge to your landlord for air conditioning				
2. Do you pay an electric bill and use an air conditioner?	□No			
3. Do you pay a utility company directly for your lights, cooking, hot water, the	ermostat, furnace or boiler? Yes	□No		
4. Is the utility bill in your name?	?			
What is your utility account number?				
6. What is your utility company's name?				
7. What is your utility company's address?				
Address:	City/Town:	State:	Zip:	
SECTIO	N 4			
<ol> <li>Do you have any unreimbursed medical expenses (including a Medicaid s</li> <li>If "Yes", how much do you pay monthly for your medical expenses? \$*</li> <li>*Unreimbursed medical expenses are medical bills you must pay that are not pay</li> </ol>	penddown)?	er health insurance	).	
APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE		DATE SIGNE	D	
X				
IMPORTANT INF	ORMATION			
YOU MAY BE ENTITLED TO HIGHER BENEFITS  The maximum monthly SNAP benefit for one person is \$291. If you are receiving less than this amount, you may be eligible for a higher benefit if you have housing, heat and/or utility costs, or more than \$35 each month in unreimbursed medical expenses. Please send us current proof of these expenses if you never told us about them or if they have changed.  If you want to find out whether you might be able to get more SNAP benefits, or if you have questions about how to fill out this form, call your local SNAP office. Thank you.				
Make sure to return this report and verification to	the address listed on the front of this	notice.		
AUTUODIZED DEDDEGENTATIVE GEGTION				
AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE SECTION – If you are an Authorized Representative, fill out this section.  You can authorize someone who knows your household circumstances to handle matters related to your SNAP case (such as providing and verifying the information requested above) for you. You can also authorize someone outside your household to use our SNAP benefits to buy food for you. If you want to do this, have your authorized representative sign in the signature section at the bottom of this page, and print the person's name, address and phone number below.				
Print Authorized Representative's Name:		Auth. Rep. Phone	e Number:	
Authorized Representative's Address:	City/Town:	State:	Zip Code:	
SIGNATURE SECTION – Make sure to do the following:  • Print the Recipient's Name  • Sign, Date and Return this form to the address listed on the first page  Print the Recipient's Name:	e of this form.			

Date Signed:

Recipient/Authorized Representative Signature:

#### Informe Provisional NYSCAP- Subsidios del Programa de Asistencia Nutricional Suplementaria (SNAP)

Llene este formulario inmediatamente y envíelo a la dirección indicada arriba. Si usted no regresa este formulario, sus subsidios SNAP cesarán. El Proyecto de Solicitud Combinada del Estado de Nueva York (NYSCAP) reemplazará el Proyecto de Mejora Nutricional del Estado de Nueva York (NYSNIP). Si anteriormente usted tenía el NYSNIP, ahora tiene el NYSCAP.

Le hemos enviado este formulario porque debemos actualizar los datos de su caso NYSCAP SNAP. Conteste las preguntas a continuación sobre sus gastos de alojamiento, calefacción, servicios públicos y gastos médicos no reembolsables. Dichos gastos influyen en el monto de subsidio SNAP que usted pueda recibir. Si nunca nos informó sobre estos gastos, o si dichos gastos han aumentado, probablemente le podamos dar más en subsidio SNAP. Si usted no había reportado estos gastos anteriormente o si éstos se han modificado, sírvase enviarnos comprobantes de esos gastos.

Aunque no tenga cambios que reportar, debe regresar el formulario o se le suspenderán los subsidios SNAP. Firme y feche el formulario y regréselo a nosotros a más tardar para el día 10 del próximo mes.

no	nosotros a más tardar para el día 10 del próximo mes.				
	SECCIÓN	1:			
ż	Todavía vive en el domicilio al que le fue enviada esta notificación?	No (Si respondió «No», escriba su continuación).	nuevo domicilio	а	
Ç	Su nuevo domicilio: (incluya número de apartamento)	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código postal:	
2.	Usted: ¿Tiene casa propia? ¿Es inquilino? ¿Vive en una vivie Otro:	enda pública?	manente o está	desamparado.	
2a.					
2b. \$	Si es inquilino, ¿Está su alquiler subsidiado?	Si respondió «Sí», ¿Cuánto es la p	oarte de la ren	ta que paga usted?	
2c.	Si usted es dueño de su casa, ¿está(n) incluido(s) el seguro o los impuestos so	obre la propiedad, o ambos (en depósito	fiduciario), en s	u pago de hipoteca?	
2d.	Si respondió «No», ¿cuánto paga anualmente en impuestos sobre la propiedad sobre la propiedad? \$	e impuestos escolares? \$	,   ¿cuánto pag	a en seguro	
2e.	¿Un integrante se incorporó o se retiró del hogar?	Si respondió «Sí», incluya el no que tiene con usted:	mbre de la pers	sona y el parentesco	
	SECCIÓN				
	Responda las preguntas solo si paga por su propia calefaco	ión, por separado del pago de su alquiler	o hipoteca		
	Paga directamente a una compañía de calefacción o de servicios públicos por ca		lquiler o hipoted	a? Sí No	
2. 8	Cuál es su fuente principal de calefacción? Aceite de combustible	☐Calefacción eléctrica ☐Gas natu	ural □Ca	rbón o leña	
	☐ Kerosén ☐ Propano o gas de garrafa ☐ Otro (describa):				
3.	¿Está la factura de calefacción a su nombre? Sí No Si eligió «No	o», la factura está a nombre de			
4.	¿Cuál es el número de la cuenta de calefacción (si tiene una)?				
5.	¿Nombre de su compañía proveedora de calefacción?		_		
6.	¿Dirección de su compañía proveedora de calefacción?				
Dire	ección:	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código postal:	
		1	1	1	

LDSS-4836 SP (Rev. 9/23)

New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance

SECCIÓ  Responda las preguntas solo si				
¿Le paga usted al arrendador una cantidad mensual adicional por gastos de a				
2. ¿Paga usted por servicios de electricidad y usa un aire acondicionado?				
3. ¿Paga directamente a una compañía de servicios por luz, tipo de servicio que	e usa para cocinar, agua caliente, termos	tato, caldera o cale	entador? Sí	
4. ¿Está la factura de calefacción a su nombre? ☐Sí ☐No Si eligió «	No», la factura está a nombre de			
5. ¿Cuál es el número de la cuenta de servicios públicos)?				
6. ¿Nombre de su compañía proveedora de servicios públicos?				
7. ¿Dirección de la compañía proveedora de servicios públicos?				
Dirección:	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código Postal:	
SECCIÓ	N 4:			
<ol> <li>¿Tiene gastos médicos no reembolsables (incluido el sobrante de Medicaid)?</li> <li>Si contestó «Sí», ¿Cuánto paga mensualmente por sus gastos médicos? \$_**Gastos médicos no reembolsables, son gastos médicos que usted debe pagar de cubre.</li> </ol>		caid u otro seguro	de salud no los	
FIRMA DEL SOLICITANTE		FECHA DE L	A FIRMA	
X				
INFORMACIÓN II	MPORTANTE			
USTED PODRÍA TENER DERECHO A U El monto máximo mensual del subsidio SNAP para una persona es \$281. Si usted recibir un monto mayor si tiene gastos de vivienda, calefacción o servicios públicos Si usted no había reportado estos gastos anteriormente o si éstos cambiaron, sírva Si desea averiguar si puede recibir un aumento de subsidio SNAP, o si tiene pregu Gracias.	está recibiendo menos de ese monto, es s, o ambos, y tiene gastos médicos no rec ase enviarnos comprobantes de esos gas	embolsables de má tos.	ás de \$35 al mes.	
Favor de <u>regresar</u> este informe y la verificación a la direcc	ción que se muestra en el anverso de est	a notificación.		
SECCIÓN DEL REPRESENTANTE AUTORIZADO- Si usted es un representante autorizado, llene esta sección.  Usted puede autorizar a otra persona familiarizada con las circunstancias de su grupo familiar para que maneje cuestiones relacionadas con su caso de SNAP (como, por ejemplo, proporcionar y verificar la información solicitada más arriba). Usted también puede autorizar a otra persona, que no forme parte del grupo familiar, para que canjee sus subsidios SNAP y compre los víveres por usted. Si usted desea hacerlo de esta manera, pida a su representante autorizado que firme en la sección correspondiente al pie de esta página, y escriba abajo, en letra de molde, el nombre, domicilio y número de teléfono de esa persona.  Nombre del representante autorizado (en letra de molde):				
Domicilio del representante autorizado:	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código postal:	
SECCIÓN DE FIRMAS – Asegúrese de hacer lo siguiente:  Escriba, en letra de molde, el nombre del beneficiario:  Firme, feche y devuelva este formulario a la dirección indicada en la prir Escriba, en letra de molde, el nombre del beneficiario:  Firma del Beneficiario / Representante Autorizado:	nera página.	Firmado el día	a:	
Escriba, en letra de molde, el nombre del beneficiario:	nera pagina.	Firmado el día	a:	

Notice Date:

# NYSCAP Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Benefits Interim Report (NYC)

Due Date:					
Case Number:	Case Number:				
fold					
Please fill out this form right away and return it to the address listed above. If you don't send the form back,	=	_			
NYSCAP will replace NYSNIP. If you previously had NYSNIP you now have NYSCAP. We've sent this form NYSCAP SNAP benefits case. Please answer the questions below about your shelter, heat, utility costs and un These expenses affect how much you can get in SNAP. If you never told us about these costs, or if they have chardyour more SNAP. Please send us current proof of these expenses if you never told us about them or if they have chardyour more statement.	nreimbursed m anged, we migl	edical expenses.			
Even if you have no changes to report, you must send the form back or your SNAP benefits will stop.					
Please sign and date the form and return it to us no later than the 10th day of next month.					
SECTION 1					
1. Do you still live at the address where this notice was sent? Yes No (If you answered "No", write	e your new add	lress below.)			
Your New Address (including Apartment Number): City/Town:	State:	Zip Code:			
Do you:	are homeless?				
2c. If you rent, is your rent subsidized?	· -	No to you:			
SECTION 2					
Answer questions only if you pay for your own heat separate from your rent or mortgage	ge.				
1. Do you pay a heating or utility company directly for heat separate from your rent or mortgage?	No				
2. What is your main source of heat?					
3. Is the heating bill in your name?  Yes  No If "No", name on the bill?					
4. What is your heating account number (if you have one)?					
5. What is your heating company's name?					
6. What is your heating company's address?					
Address: City/Town:	State:	Zip Code:			

SECT	TION 3			
Answer questions only if y	you don't pay for your heat.			
1. Do you pay a separate monthly charge to your landlord for air conditioning?   Yes   No				
2. Do you pay an electric bill and use an air conditioner?	□No			
3. Do you pay a utility company directly for your lights, cooking, hot water	r, thermostat, furnace or boiler?	☐Yes	□No	
4. Is the utility bill in your name?	on the bill?			
5. What is your utility account number (if you have one)?			_	
6. What is our utility company's name?				
7. What is your utility company's address?				
Address:	City/Town:	Sta	ite:	Zip Code:
SECT	ION 4			
Do you have any unreimbursed* medical expenses (including a Medical expenses)	aid spenddown)?	□No		
2. If yes, how much do you pay monthly for your medical expenses? \$_				
* Unreimbursed medical expenses are medical bills you must pay that are	• •	any other he	ealth insura	ance.
APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED			
X				
IMPORTANT II	NFORMATION			
YOU MAY BE ENTITLE	D TO HIGHER BENEFITS			
The maximum monthly SNAP benefit for one person is \$291. If you are re have housing, heat and/or utility costs, or more than \$35 each month in un expenses if you never told us about them or if they have changed.				
If you have any of these circumstances and want to find out whether you n to fill out this form, call your local SNAP office. Thank you.	night be able to get more SNAP be	enefits or if yo	ou have qu	estions about how
Make sure to return this report to the	ne address on the front of this notic	e.		
ALITHODIZED DEDDESENTATIVE SECTION If you are an Authorized E	Conrespondative fill out this section			
<b>AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE SECTION</b> – If you are an Authorized F You can authorize someone who knows your household circumstances to h		P case (suc	h as provid	ing and verifying
the information requested above) for you. You can also authorize someone	e outside your household to use yo	ur SNAP bei	nefits to bu	y food for you. If
you want to do this, have your authorized representative sign in the signatu and phone number below.	re section at the bottom of this pag	ge, and print	the person	's name, address
Print Authorized Representative's Name:		Auth. Rep.	Phone Nur	mber:
A. the size of Degree and time! Address.	Ott /T	( )	-1	7:- 0-4
Authorized Representative's Address:	City/Town:	Sta	ate:	Zip Code:
SIGNATURE SECTION – Make sure to do the following:				
Print the Recipient's Name  Size Date and Datives this force to the address listed on the first.	and of this forms			
<ul> <li>Sign, Date and Return this form to the address listed on the first print the Recipient's Name:</li> </ul>	page of this form.			
Recipient/Authorized Representative Signature:	Date Signed:			
Nooipionii/Autitorizeu Nepresentative Signature.	Date Olynea.			

Fecha de la notificación:

Fecha límite:

## NYSCAP Subsidios Del Programa De Asistencia Nutricional Suplementaria (SNAP) Informe Provisional (NYC)

Número de Caso:				
doble				
Llene este formulario inmediatamente y envíelo a la dirección indicada a	rriba. Si usted no regresa este formulario,	sus subsidios	SNAP cesarán.	
El Proyecto de Solicitud Combinada del Estado de Nueva York (NYSCAP) reemplazará el Proyecto de Mejora Nutricional del Estado de Nueva York (NYSNIP). Si anteriormente usted tenía el NYSNIP, ahora tiene el NYSCAP. Hemos enviado este formulario porque debemos actualizar los datos de su caso de SNAP del Proyecto de Solicitud Combinada del Estado de Nueva York (NYSCAP). Conteste las preguntas a continuación sobre sus gastos de alojamiento, calefacción, servicios públicos y gastos médicos no reembolsables. Dichos gastos influyen en el monto de subsidio SNAP que usted pueda recibir. Si nunca nos informó sobre estos gastos, o si dichos gastos han aumentado, probablemente le podamos dar más en subsidio SNAP. Si usted no había reportado estos gastos anteriormente o si éstos cambiaron, sírvase enviarnos comprobantes de estos gastos.				
Aunque no tenga cambios que reportar, debe regresar el formulario o se	le suspenderán los subsidios SNAP.			
Firme y feche el formulario y regréselo a nosotros a más tardar para el día 10				
SECO	IÓN 1:			
¿ Todavía vive en el domicilio al que le fue enviada esta notificación? Sí No (Si contestó «No», escriba su nueva dirección a continuación).				
Su nuevo domicilio: (incluya número de apartamento)	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código postal:	
2. Usted:¿Tiene casa propia? ¿Vive en una vivienda pública?No tiene vivienda permanente o está desamparado				
2b. ¿Cuánto paga mensualmente por alquiler o por hipoteca? \$				
2c. Si es inquilino, ¿Está su alquiler subsidiado?   Sí   No   Si respondió «Sí», ¿Cuánto es la parte de la renta que paga usted?  \$				
2d. Si usted es dueño de su casa, ¿está(n) incluido(s) el seguro o los impuestos sobre la propiedad, o ambos (en depósito fiduciario), en su pago de hipoteca?				
2e. Si respondió «No», ¿cuánto paga anualmente en impuestos sobre la propiedad e impuestos escolares? \$, ¿cuánto paga en seguro sobre la propiedad? \$				
2f. ¿Un integrante se incorporó o se retiró del hogar?	□No Si respondió «Sí», incluya	a el nombre d	e la persona y el	
SECCIÓN 2				
Responda las preguntas solo si paga por su propia calefacción, por separado del pago de su alquiler o hipoteca				
<ol> <li>¿Paga directamente a una compañía de calefacción o de servicios públicos por calefacción, por separado del pago de su alquiler o hipoteca?</li> <li>Sí ☐No</li> </ol>				
2.¿Cuál es su fuente principal de calefacción? Aceite de combustible Calefacción eléctrica Gas natural Carbón o leña Kerosén Otro (describa):				
3. ¿Está la factura de calefacción a su nombre? Sí No Si eligió «No», la factura está a nombre de				
4. ¿Cuál es el número de la cuenta de calefacción (si tiene una)?				
5. ¿Nombre de su compañía proveedora de calefacción?				
6. ¿Dirección de su compañía proveedora de calefacción?				
Dirección:	Ciudad/Pueblo:	Estado:	Código postal:	
		l		

SECCIÓN 3:					
Responda las preguntas solo si no paga por su calefacción.  1. ¿Le paga usted al arrendador una cantidad mensual adicional por gastos de aire acondicionado?   Sí   No					
¿Paga usted por servicios de electricidad y usa un aire acondicionado?					
ZPaga directamente a una compañía de servicios por luz, tipo de servicio		a calionto tormos	tato caldora o c	valentador?	
SíNo	que usa para cocinar, agu	a callerile, terrilos	lato, caldera o c	alentauor :	
4. ¿Está la factura de calefacción a su nombre? ☐Sí ☐No Si el	igió «No», la factura está a	nombre de			
5. ¿Cuál es el número de la cuenta de servicios públicos (si tiene una)?					
6. ¿Cómo se llama la compañía proveedora de servicios públicos?					
7. ¿Cuál es la dirección de la compañía proveedora de servicios públicos?					
Dirección:	Ciudad/Pueblo:		Estado:	Código postal:	
SECCIÓN 4:					
1. ¿Tiene gastos médicos no reembolsables* (incluido el sobrante de Medic	aid)?	]Sí 🔲 N	0		
2. Si contestó «Sí», ¿Cuánto paga mensualmente por sus gastos médicos? \$					
*Gastos médicos no reembolsables, son gastos médicos que usted debe pagar de su propio bolsillo ya que Medicare, Medicaid u otro seguro de salud no los cubre.					
FIRMA DEL SOLICITANTE	FECHA DE LA FIRMA				
X					
INFORMACIÓN IMPORTANTE					
USTED PODRÍA TENER DERECHO A UN MONTO MAYOR DE SUBSIDIOS					
El monto máximo mensual del subsidio SNAP para una persona es \$281. Si usted está recibiendo menos de ese monto, es probable que usted sea apto para recibir un monto mayor si tiene gastos de vivienda, calefacción o servicios públicos, o ambos, y tiene gastos médicos no reembolsables de más de \$35 al mes. Si usted no había reportado estos gastos anteriormente o si éstos cambiaron, sírvase enviarnos comprobantes de estos gastos.					
Si usted está bajo alguna de estas circunstancias y desea averiguar si puede recibir un aumento de subsidio SNAP, o si tiene preguntas sobre cómo llenar este formulario, llame a la oficina local de SNAP. Gracias.					
Asegúrese de <u>regresa</u> r este informe a la dirección que se muestra en el anverso de esta notificación.					
SECCIÓN DEL REPRESENTANTE AUTORIZADO- Si usted es un representante autorizado, llene esta sección.					
Usted puede autorizar a otra persona familiarizada con las circunstancias de su grupo familiar para que maneje cuestiones relacionadas con su caso de SNAP (como, por ejemplo, proporcionar y verificar la información solicitada más arriba). Usted también puede autorizar a otra persona, que no forme parte del grupo familiar, para que canjee sus subsidios SNAP y compre los víveres por usted. Si usted desea hacerlo de esta manera, pida a su representante autorizado que firme en la sección correspondiente al pie de esta página, y escriba abajo, en letra de molde, el nombre, domicilio y número de teléfono de esa persona.					
Nombre del representante autorizado (en letra de molde):  Número de Teléfono del representante autorizado (en letra de molde):		ntante autorizado:			
Domicilio del representante autorizado:	Ciudad/Pueblo:		Estado:	Código postal:	
SECCIÓN DE FIRMAS – Asegúrese de hacer lo siguiente:					
<ul> <li>Escriba, en letra de molde, el nombre del beneficiario:</li> <li>Firme, feche y devuelva este formulario a la dirección indicada en la primera página.</li> </ul>					
Escriba, en letra de molde, el nombre del beneficiario:					
Firma del Beneficiario / Representante Autorizado:	Firmado el día:				

# SNAP for Senior & Disabled Households

The Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP—formerly Food Stamps) is our nation's most important anti-hunger program, providing monthly benefits to purchase food at grocery stores, bodegas, and farmers' markets for individuals and families.



# New York provides multiple pathways to SNAP participation for seniors (age 60+) and people with disabilities.

# Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP) NYS Nutrition Improvement Project (NYSNIP) NYS Combined Application Project (NYSCAP)

ESAP, NYSNIP and NYSCAP are special projects designed to improve access to SNAP for these vulnerable groups. Specific eligibility requirements determine which route to SNAP a potentially eligible senior or disabled person may take. Senior/disabled households can only be determined eligible to participate in one of these three programs.

Seniors and people with disabilities who have no earned income and live in households where all adults are 60 and over and/or disabled can qualify for ESAP. Participants receiving SNAP under ESAP benefit from a simplified application, a longer certification period, and fewer recertification requirements.

As of December 1, 2021, seniors and people with disabilities who live alone and receive Supplemental Security Income (SSI) are automatically enrolled in NYSCAP. NYSCAP is replacing NYSNIP, which is phasing out over time. Anyone currently receiving NYSNIP will be transitioned to NYSCAP by 2023.

Seniors who are ineligible for ESAP and NYSNIP/ NYSCAP may still qualify for SNAP. SNAP rules include special provisions that expand access and maximize benefits for seniors and people with disabilities, including expanded categorical eligibility, medical deductions and, in some cases, a higher resource test.

This chart (over) compares rules, requirements, and benefits for these different SNAP projects, along with SNAP rules for those not meeting ESAP or NYSNIP/NYSCAP criteria.



	ESAP	NYSNIP	NYSCAP	SNAP
Who can participate	<b>All adults</b> in household must be seniors or disabled with no earned income	Seniors or disabled who are on SSI and live alone	Seniors or disabled who are on SSI and live alone	Seniors or disabled who are ineligible for ESAP or NYSCAP—may have earned income
Application	Effective 12/01/2021: Eligible new applicants will be placed in ESAP. Current eligible SNAP recipients will be placed in ESAP at recertification.	Effective 12/01/2021: NYSNIP is transitioning to NYSCAP. New participants will be placed in NYSCAP. Current NYSNIP participants will be placed in NYSCAP at recertification.	is transitioning to NYSCAP. d in NYSCAP. Current NYSNIP YSCAP at recertification.	
& enrollment	Apply using the Simplified SNAP- only Application for Seniors and People with Disabilities (LDSS-5166), myBenefits, or AccessHRA	No application—participants are auto-enrolled	No application—participants are auto-enrolled	Apply using myBenefits, AccessHRA, or the SNAP-only Application (LDSS-4826)
Interview required?	Yes	o <sub>N</sub>	ON.	Yes
Applicant screened for expedited service?	Yes	O Z	O Z	Yes
Recertification	<ul><li>Every 36 months</li><li>No interview required</li><li>Non-mandatory interim</li><li>report at 18 months</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Every 48 months</li> <li>Interview required</li> <li>Mandatory interim report at 24 months <ul> <li>(via phone or mail)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Every 36 months</li> <li>Interview required</li> <li>Mandatory interim report at 18 months <ul> <li>(via phone or mail)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul><li>Every 12 months</li><li>Interview required</li><li>Mandatory change</li><li>report form at 6 months</li></ul>
Benefits	Individualized budget	Standardized budget	Individualized budget Participants must redeem benefits within 90 days of auto-enrollment	Individualized budget Senior/disabled households can maximize benefits with categorical eligibility, medical deductions and a higher resource test
Documentation	Computer matches for:  Unearned income  Date of birth  Social security number  Self-declaration for:  Shelter expenses  SuA  Participants must submit:  Residency  Medical deductions	Participants must submit the NYSCAP SNAP Case Information Collection Sheet (LDSS-4841) to maximize benefits	NYSCAP SNAP Case (LDSS-4841) to	See our SNAP Prescreening Guide for detailed information on SNAP documentation

# **Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits**

*In this section:* 

SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet	1
Overview of Budgeting	3
Actions To Take Before Calculating a SNAP Budget	3
Common Sources of Income	4
<b>Expanded Categorical Eligibility/Resources</b>	6
Households with Dependent Care Costs	6
Households with Earned Income	6
All Other Households	6
Households that Are Not Categorically Eligible	7
Resource Limitations for Households That Are Not Categorically Eligible	7
Calculating Income in SNAP Budgeting	8
Earned vs. Unearned Income	8
How To Calculate Monthly Income	8
Income of Non-household Members	8
The SNAP Budget Worksheet	8
Income	10
Deductions	10
Shelter Expenses	11
Excess Shelter Deduction	13
Calculating the SNAP Benefit Allotment	13
Advanced Budgeting	14
Income of Ineligible Household Members	14
Budgeting for Non-citizens	14
Budgeting Shelter Costs for Homeless People	16
Boarders	17
Sanctioned People	17
Self-employment Income	17
Self-employed Farmers	19
Military Families	20
continue	ed →

## Categorical Eligibility Desk Guide

#### **SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet**

All effective 10/1/24 through 9/30/25

#### Federal Poverty Limit (FPL) Monthly Gross Income Test by Household Size

Household Size	200% FPL	150% FPL	130% FPL	165% FPL	100% FPL
1	\$2,510	\$1,883	\$1,632	\$2,071	\$1,255
2	\$3,407	\$2,555	\$2,215	\$2,811	\$1,704
3	\$4,303	\$3,228	\$2,798	\$3,551	\$2,152
4	\$5,200	\$3,900	\$3,380	\$4,290	\$2,600
5	\$6,097	\$4,573	\$3,963	\$5,030	\$3,049
6	\$6,993	\$5,245	\$4,546	\$5,770	\$3,497
7	\$7,890	\$5,918	\$5,129	\$6,510	\$3,945
8	\$8,787	\$6,590	\$5,712	\$7,249	\$4,394
Each Additional Person	+\$897	+\$673	+\$583	+\$740	+\$449

**200% FPL:** Households with elderly/disabled members or out-of-pocket dependent care costs

**150% FPL:** Households with earned income that do not meet 200% criteria

**130% FPL:** Households not meeting criteria for 200% or 150%

**165% FPL:** Only for severely disabled and elderly people with disabilities living with others

and unable to purchase and prepare their own food

100% FPL: Households that are not categorically eligible must meet a net income test

#### **Standard Deductions**

Household Size	Amount
1-3	\$204
4	\$217
5	\$254
6+	\$291

#### **Standard Utility Allowances (SUA)**

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
New York City	\$1,034	\$408	\$31
Nassau & Suffolk Counties	\$962	\$378	\$31
Rest of State	\$854	\$346	\$31

#### Other

**Homeless Shelter Deduction:** \$190.30 **Maximum Shelter Deduction:** \$712.00

**Minumum SNAP Benefit for One & Two Person Households: \$23.00** 

Resource Limits: \$4,500 for Hh with senior/disabled member, \$3,000 for all other households

#### Maximum SNAP Benefit Amounts (Thrifty Food Plan)

Household Size	Maximum Benefit
1	\$292
2	\$536
3	\$768
4	\$975
5	\$1,158
6	\$1,390
7	\$1,536
8	\$1,756
Each Additional Person	+\$220

3

## **Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits**

#### **Overview of Budgeting**

SNAPSB SECTIONS 11, 12, & 13 GIS 14 TA/DC011 GIS 14 TA/DC018 GIS14TA/DC023 GIS 17 TA/DC 040 14-INF-10 SNAP budgeting is complicated compared to budgeting for other means-tested programs. This is the result of an effort to carefully target benefits to the neediest households. This section is intended to guide advocates through the process of estimating the SNAP benefit for which a household might be eligible.

#### **Budget Calculations Are Estimates**

All budget calculations should be considered estimates. Many factors can affect each aspect of the budget, and there are an equal number of opportunities for inaccuracies. In particular, reported income used in the calculation may change or may be the applicant's estimate. Therefore, it is important to emphasize to the applicant that you are providing them with an estimate of the SNAP benefits for which the household may be eligible.

If the allotment ultimately granted by the SNAP office is significantly different, the applicant or advocate should read the budget explanation in the notice of decision carefully to determine where the difference occurred. If the SNAP office has made an error, it should be corrected.

The SNAP budgeting section explains how to determine an estimated SNAP budget using our SNAP Budget Worksheet—including line-by-line instructions for filling it out.

Hunger Solutions New York's digital SNAP Prescreening Guide has a SNAP Benefits Estimator. Unlike the paper budget worksheet, this tool does the math for you. Go to SNAPGuideNY.org/estimator to use the benefits estimator.

#### **Actions To Take Before Calculating a SNAP Budget**

Several determinations must be made in the SNAP budgeting process before a budget can be calculated:

- 1. Determine which household members are included/excluded in the SNAP case. (non-citizens, students, etc.)
- 2. Determine household composition (mandatory household members, i.e., who purchases and prepares food together).
- 3. Add up all income from earned and unearned sources to determine the household's gross income.
- 4. Determine if the household is categorically eligible, and if so, which gross income test must be applied.
- 5. Test the income against the correct percentage of poverty for household size. If the household income is below the amount listed, you can start the budgeting process.

# Overview of Budgeting, cont.

To accurately calculate the household's SNAP budget, you will need the following information:

- Age of household members
- Disability status of household members
- Amount and source of income
- Daycare costs
- Child support paid

- Medical expenses for elderly or disabled household members
- Shelter costs
- Type of shelter
- Utility costs

#### **Common Sources of Income**

This list is not exhaustive.

#### **Earned Income**

#### Gross wages from work (including income from part-time work of high school/GED students who are age 18 or over)

- Self-employment earnings (minus the cost of doing business)
- Gross income from rental property (minus the cost of doing business) in which a household member is engaged in management for at least 20 hours a week
- Payments from boarders/lodgers (excluding related costs incurred)
- Youth Opportunity Program payments
- Earnings from the Workforce Investment Act (WIA) for household members age 19 and over
- Training allowances, to the extent they are not a reimbursement from Temporary Assistance (TA) or SNAP
- VISTA income (however, if the household was on SNAP or TA when they entered VISTA, then the VISTA income is not counted)
- Wages earned by a household member that are garnished or diverted by an employer (except court-ordered child support)

#### **Unearned Income**

- Adoption subsidy
- Alimony payments
- Annuities
- Any portion of Veterans Administration scholarships for general living expenses (the remainder is excluded)
- Child support payments received (including any TA "pass-through")
- FEMA payments to homeless in absence of major disaster
- Foster care subsidy if child is included in the household
- Monies and dividends paid from trusts, interest, and royalties
- Pensions
- Short-term disability payments
- Social security retirement, survivors' benefits, SSI, SSD
- Strike benefits
- Temporary assistance payments (TANF)
- Veterans' benefits including VA Aid and Assistance
- Worker's compensation and unemployment benefits
- Any other direct money payment that represents a gain or benefit not falling under an exemption

# **BUDGETING & ESTIMATING SNAP BENEFITS**

5

#### These Do Not Count As Income for SNAP

This list is not exhaustive.

- Allowances, earnings, or payments to WIA program participants
- Annual school and daycare clothing allowances, regardless of method of payment
- AmeriCorps State and National programs under the National Civilian Community Corps
- Child support collected and not passed through to household by Child Support
- Cost of producing self-employment income
- Crowdfunding accounts\*
- Earned Income Tax Credits
   (EITCs) and all other tax credits–
  federal and state (13-ADM-02)
- Earnings from On the Job Training (OJT) if under age 19
- Earnings of child under 18 who attends high school or GED program
- Educational loans, grants, scholarships for tuition, and mandatory fees
- Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP) payments
- H.U.D. housing subsidies (e.g., Section 8 vouchers, Housing Authority unit subsidies)
- Housing provided to employee by employer

- Income of persons who are not members of the SNAP household
- Income tax refunds, rebates, and credits—federal and state
- Income under Title V of the Older Americans Act
- Individual Development Account (IDA) contributions
- In-kind income (things of value that are not cash)
- Insurance policy dividends
- Interest from funeral agreements or funds
- Irregular or infrequent income less than \$20 per month
- Legally obligated child support paid on behalf of child (ren) not living in the household
- Loans (including educational)
- Lump sum or one-time payments
- Military combat pay
- Monies for care and maintenance of third-party beneficiary who is not in the household
- Non-cash benefits from other federal programs such as WIC or school meals
- New York Achieving a Better Life Experience Accounts (ABLE)

- Payments made on behalf of a household member to a third party (vendor payment) except payments made as part of a cash assistance grant, including Jiggetts payments
- Payments specifically exempted by federal law (i.e. to Hmong refugees, Aleuts, World War II-related payments, etc.)
- Payments to relocate
- Payments to volunteers under Title II of the Domestic Volunteers Services Act (i.e., RSVP, Foster Grandparents, Senior Companion, and senior health aide programs)
- Private charity income under \$300 in three months
- Public Assistance Restaurant Allowances by voucher or direct to vendor
- Reimbursements for otherthan-normal non-living expenses, e.g. medical, special work clothes, car use for work
- Reimbursements for trainingrelated expenses
- Reverse mortgage income
- SSI PASS account income
- Work-study income funded through the Higher Education Act
- VISTA income, but only if the household was on TA or SNAP when they entered VISTA (GIS 17 TA/DC 040)

<sup>\*</sup>This is true even if the funds in the crowdfunding account are used only to pay a deductible expense like medical bills or shelter costs. In such a case, the SNAP office would deduct the allowable expense as part of the regular SNAP budget process.

#### **Expanded Categorical Eligibility/Resources**

**SNAPSB SECTION 17** 

08-ADM-09

09-ADM-06

10-INF-07

16-ADM-06

GIS 16 TA/DC011

# Helpful resource at the back of this section:

Categorical Eligibility Desk Guide Expanded categorical eligibility is granted to most households applying for SNAP. Households granted categorical eligibility will be budgeted differently. These families:

- May be able to use higher gross income levels for eligibility, depending on the household type.
- Do not need to pass a resource test,
- Do not need to pass a net income test.

Under Expanded Categorical Eligibility Rules, NYS allows families to use the following Gross Incomes for SNAP:

**200% FPL** for households containing a senior or disabled member or that have out-of-pocket dependent care costs;

**150% FPL** for households that have earned income, and do not meet the 200% FPL criteria; and

130% FPL for households that do not meet the 200% or 150% FPL criteria.

See the SNAP Standards and Deductions Reference Sheet at the beginning of this section for the full FPL chart.

#### **Households with Dependent Care Costs**

Categorically eligible households with out-of-pocket dependent care costs can use 200% of the FPL when testing gross income. Households are eligible to deduct out-of-pocket daycare expenses when all adult members are:

- Working or needing daycare to continue work,
- Looking for work,
- Attending employment training programs—not limited to SNAP E&T or Unemployment Insurance Benefit (UIB) job search, or
- Pursuing education that is preparatory to employment.

#### **Households with Earned Income**

Categorically eligible households with earned income can use 150% of the FPL when applying for SNAP.

#### **All Other Households**

All other households can be found categorically eligible for SNAP at 130% of FPL if they do not meet the criteria for using 200% or 150% of the FPL as explained above.

# Expanded Categorical Eligibility/Resources, cont.

#### Households that Are Not Categorically Eligible

Most households that are income-eligible for SNAP are also categorically eligible. However, there are still a small number of households that cannot be considered categorically eligible and must have their resources and net income considered as part of the application process. These include:

- Households with members who have been disqualified from SNAP due to an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) or other sanction;
- Households with a senior or disabled member whose gross income is above 200% of the FPL per household size.

Senior/Disabled households may still qualify under regular SNAP rules if they meet the following conditions:

- Resources are considered;
- Senior/disabled households do not need to meet a gross income test (GIT);
- Net income must be at or below 100% of the FPL for household size.

#### **Resource Limitations for Households That Are Not Categorically Eligible**

Resources are everything owned by the people in a household, including cash, bank accounts, stocks and bonds, lump-sum payments received, and real estate. Money raised through online "crowd-funding" is also countable as a resource if it is accessible to the SNAP household.

The resource limit for non-categorically eligible households is:

- \$3,000 for those **with no** elderly or disabled household members.
- \$4,500 for those *with* an elderly or disabled household member.

Any resource owned by a non-categorically eligible household counts toward the household's resource limit, unless it is exempt. There are many exemptions from the resource rules. The most common ones are:

- One licensed vehicle for each adult household member (additional licensed vehicles used by children under 18 to attend school, training, or work are also exempt)
- One house (if the household lives in it)
- Life insurance
- One burial plot per person
- Earned Income Tax Credits (EITCs)

- New York Achieving a Better Life Experience Accounts (ABLE)
- "Tax Preferred" Retirement Accounts such as Keogh Plans, IRAs, Simplified Employer Plans, Profit Sharing Plans, and Cash Balance Plans
- "Tax Preferred" educational accounts like 529s and Coverdell educational savings accounts
- Inaccessible resources

#### **Calculating Income in SNAP Budgeting**

#### **SNAPSB SECTION 13**

#### Earned vs. Unearned Income

It is important to know if income is earned or unearned, since a 20% deduction from the earned income will be taken during the SNAP budgeting process. This deduction makes a big difference in the final SNAP allotment amount. If income is incorrectly classified, the resulting budget will be wrong. Under categorical eligibility rules, most households with earned income are allowed to use 150% of the FPL when determining income eligibility.

#### **How To Calculate Monthly Income**

SNAP defines one month as 4.33 weeks. Calculate monthly income as follows:

If income is received:

Weekly: multiply by 4.33 (work income, UIB)

Every other week: multiply by 2.17

**Twice per month:** multiply by **2** (work income, TANF)

SNAPSB SECTION 13: PG. 272

#### **Income of Non-household Members**

The income of people who are not part of the SNAP household does not count. However, income may still count if it is earned by people who live in the household but are ineligible for SNAP:

- Ineligible students—income does not count
- Sanctioned individuals—income is counted
- Ineligible non-citizens—income is prorated

See Advanced Budgeting later in this section for more details. See the list of some of the most common sources of income earlier in this section.

#### The SNAP Budget Worksheet

SNAPSB SECTION 12 & 13 02 ADM 07

Use the worksheet on the following page to calculate a household's estimated SNAP benefit. Line-by-line instructions for filling it out follow. It will be helpful to have the **SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet** (at the beginning of this section) handy when using the worksheet.

### **SNAP Budget Worksheet** — effective 10/1/24 through 9/30/25

- 1 Gross monthly earned income
- 2 Monthly unearned income
- **3 Gross income:** add Lines 1 and 2
- 4 Child support paid
- 5 Adjusted gross income: Line 3 minus Line 4 Cannot exceed correct gross income test\*
- **6 Earned income deduction:** Line 1 multiplied by 20%
- 7 Enter standard deduction\*
- 8 Dependent care: use actual costs
- **9 Homeless deduction** (\$190.30)
- **10 Medical expenses over \$35/month**Available **only** to elderly/disabled household members
- 11 Total deductions: add Lines 6 through 10
- **12 Adjusted income:** Line 5 minus Line 11 If the amount is a negative number, enter \$0.
- 13 Rent/mortgage
- 14 Standard Utility Allowance (SUA)\*
- **15 Other shelter** (taxes, etc)
- 16 Total shelter expenses: add Lines 13 through 15
- 17 Divide adjusted income (Line 12) by 2
- **17a Shelter excess:** Line 16 minus Line 17. If the amount is greater than \$712, enter \$712. If there are elderly/disabled household members, enter the full dollar amount. If the amount is a negative number, enter \$0.
- **18 Net income:** Line 12 minus Line 17a. If the amount is a negative number, enter \$0. **Only** for households that are **not** categorically eligible\*
- 19 Maximum SNAP benefit amount\*
- 20 Net income (Line 18) multiplied by 30%
- 21 Estimated benefit: Line 19 minus Line 20

**All** one- and two-person households that pass the net income test or are categorically eligible automatically receive a minimum \$23 allotment, even if Line 21 is less than \$23. Categorically eligible households with 3 or more members who yield a zero or negative monthly SNAP benefit (Line 21) will **not** be eligible for SNAP benefits.

<sup>\*</sup>See SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet at the beginning of this section

#### Income

**Line 1. Gross monthly earned income**—income from earned sources before any deductions such as taxes, FICA, health benefits, or union dues are taken out. All income received by every member of the SNAP household counts unless it is specifically exempt. This includes the income of children unless the child is under 18 and a student. More details about how to fill out Line 1 can be found in the *Self Employment Income* section of this guide.

Only earned income goes on Line 1.

**Line 2. Gross monthly unearned income**—Monthly unearned income is the total household income from unearned sources.

**Line 3. Gross income**—Add Lines 1 and 2. This is the household's monthly gross income, earned and unearned combined.

**Line 4. Child support paid**—Enter the amount of any legally obligated child support paid by a household member. Legally obligated health insurance payments for children and court-ordered arrears can be included. Use the same methodology described in the earned/unearned income section to convert weekly payments into a monthly total. (02 ADM 07)

**Line 5. Adjusted gross income**—Subtract Line 4 from Line 3. This is the household's countable monthly gross income. See the FPL Monthly Gross Income Test chart on the *SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet* at the beginning of this section.

Households without an elderly or disabled member that have an adjusted gross income that exceeds the correct Gross Income Test (GIT) are **not** eligible for SNAP.

Households with at least one elderly (age 60+) or disabled member who exceeds 200% GIT, or who is not categorically eligible, do not have to meet a GIT. Do not apply this limit to these households; continue with the budgeting process.

#### SNAPSB SECTION 12 08-ADM-09

#### **Deductions**

**Line 6. Earned Income Deduction**—Multiply Line 1 (earned income) x .2. The earned income expense deduction is 20 percent of the gross wages, salary, or self-employment income.

**Line 7. Standard Deduction**—Enter amount from the Standard Deduction chart on the *SNAP Standards & Deductions Reference Sheet* at the beginning of this section.

**Line 8. Child/Dependent Care**—The actual cost for care of each child/dependent household member, due to work (including households looking for work or attending employment and training programs) or school responsibilities, can be deducted. This deduction can be applied to the care of a disabled adult household member if necessary. (08-ADM-09)

**Line 9. Homeless Household Shelter Deduction**—SNAP households that have no fixed and permanent address can take a monthly deduction of \$190.30 per household in lieu of actual shelter costs. See the section on *Advanced Budgeting* for more information.

**Line 10. Medical Expense Deductions for Elderly and Disabled Applicants Only**—All non-reimbursable medical expenses incurred by elderly or disabled household members can be deducted, except for the first \$35 per month. Medical expenses of other household members cannot be included. For details about medical expenses that can be included as deductions, see the *SNAP Medical Deduction Desk Guide and Worksheet* in the resources at the end of the *Programs to Help Seniors and Disabled Applicants Access SNAP* section of this guide.

**Line 11. Add Lines 6 through 10** to determine the total non-shelter deduction.

Line 12. Subtract Line 11 (deductions) from Line 5 (adjusted gross monthly income) to determine the money assumed to be available for shelter costs and food.

SNAPSB SECTION 12 GIS 14 TA/DC 018 GIS 14 TA/DC023 16-ADM-07 GIS 18 TA/DC012

#### **Shelter Expenses**

**Line 13. Actual Rent or Mortgage**—This is the actual monthly rent or mortgage payment incurred by the household for the home in which it lives.

- Multiple mortgages and other loans for which the home was used as collateral, such as home equity loans, can all be included.
- Homes in foreclosure and households facing eviction proceedings continue to have an allowable shelter deduction as long as the cost is incurred. Mortgage costs, homeowner's insurance, property taxes, and rent remain as allowable shelter expenses even if they are not being paid, including during foreclosure and eviction processes.
- If non-household members are living with the SNAP household, use the share of the rent or mortgage actually paid by the SNAP household. Do not include the non-household member's share. For example, if two families share a house and each family pays half the rent, the applying household can only deduct their half of the rent as a shelter cost.
- Shared living arrangements: Some households take in roomers to help cover their rent or mortgage expenses. SNAP offices should generally treat these situations as "shared living" arrangements, meaning that the roomer's share of the rent would not count as income to the household—even if the roomer is paying their share of the rent or mortgage directly to the household. However, the roomer's share of rent would not be included in the household's shelter deduction. (SNAPSB Section 5, p. 52, 55)

**Line 14. Standard Utility Allowance (SUA)**—SNAP households may receive one of three possible SUAs, depending on their type of housing and where they live in NYS. In all cases, the standardized allowance is used, rather than the household's actual utility expense—even if the household's actual expenses are higher than the standard.

The SUA is never prorated. Households in shared living situations and households with ineligible members can still receive a full SUA.

Using the wrong SUA can result in dramatically miscalculating a household's benefits.

#### Level 1. Combined Heating/Cooling, Utility, and Phone Allowance.

Households are eligible for Level 1 if they meet one of the following:

- Own their own home (including co-op apartments and condominiums)
- Do not own their own home, but are responsible for separately paying for heating and/or air conditioning costs either to a utility provider or landlord. This includes households that are not currently paying or are unable to pay the separate cost or bill, regardless of whether or not the bill for the separate expense is in their name.
- Received a HEAP benefit greater than \$21 in the current month or the previous 12 months. These are households who have heating costs included as part of their rent.
- Received a \$21 HEAP benefit advance payment. These are households that live in government subsidized housing or a group home setting with heat included in their rent.

This advanced \$21 HEAP benefit is issued to SNAP applicants throughout the year including the months in which normal "HEAP season" is closed. SNAP applicants receive this \$21 payment on the cash side of their EBT card and often do not know it is there. This benefit can be withdrawn and spent by the household.

Advanced HEAP benefits cannot be issued for expedited or single issuances of SNAP benefits, unless a recurring SNAP benefit has also been authorized.

If a household is not eligible for Level 1 SUA, follow-up questions are needed to determine the correct SUA level from below.

**Level 2. Combined Utility and Phone Allowance.** Any household that is not eligible for Level 1 but can show some non-heat utility cost (like electricity not used for heating; water, sewage, or trash collection) is eligible for Level 2.

**Level 3. Phone Allowance Only.** This is for households that have no other utility costs but do have a telephone. This allowance is automatically provided to households not eligible for Levels 1 or 2 (except for homeless households receiving the standard homeless deduction. They cannot receive a separate SUA).

See the SUA chart on the SNAP Standards and Deductions Reference Sheet at the beginning of this section.

**Line 15. Other Shelter Expenses**—Other expenses related to shelter can be deducted here, including:

- Taxes
- Homeowners insurance—use a standard figure of 55% of the homeowners insurance premium unless you can determine the portion of the premium cost attributable to insurance on the structure of the home.
- Condo fees

Expenses that cannot be included:

- Insurance costs for insuring furniture or personal belongings
- Routine home maintenance
- Home repairs, unless damage was the result of a disaster (such as fire or flood)

**Line 16. Total Shelter Costs**—Add Lines 13, 14, and 15 to get the total shelter cost.

#### **Excess Shelter Deduction**

The concept of "excess shelter costs" is unique to SNAP. It assumes that a certain percentage of the household's income should be allocated to pay shelter costs. Households with particularly high shelter costs relative to their income (excess shelter costs) are assumed not to have as much money left for food, and so are allowed to deduct the "excess" portion of their shelter costs. However, the amount that can be deducted is capped at \$712.

This "excess shelter cap" does not apply to households with an elderly or disabled member. These households can deduct the entire excess shelter cost, which typically results in significantly higher benefit amounts.

Calculating the Excess Shelter Deduction:

Line 17. Divide Line 12 (income available after other deductions) by 2. Half of the income left after the other deductions is considered to be theoretically available to cover housing costs.

**Line 17a. Calculate the Excess Shelter Deduction.** Subtract Line 17 (amount theoretically available for housing) from Line 16 (total shelter cost). The result is the excess shelter cost. If it is a negative number, enter zero. For elderly/disabled households, enter the full amount of the excess shelter cost. For all other households, if Line 17a exceeds \$712, enter \$712 (the amount of the Excess Shelter Cap); otherwise enter the actual amount.

#### **Calculating the SNAP Benefit Allotment**

**Line 18. Net SNAP Income**—Subtract Line 17a (excess shelter deduction) from Line 12 (income after other deductions). Categorically eligible households do not have to pass the net income test, although you still input the income information and continue through the budget worksheet process. Although the net income test doesn't apply to categorically eligible households, not all categorically eligible households will be able to receive SNAP. See Line 21 below for more information.

For households that are not categorically eligible for SNAP, the net income amount must be under 100% of the FPL for the household to be SNAP-eligible. If this amount is over 100% of the FPL, the remainder of the calculation will result in an allotment of zero. If the amount is a negative number, the net SNAP income is \$0.

See the Gross Income Test chart on the SNAP Standards and Deductions Reference Sheet at the beginning of this section.

**Line 19. Thrifty Food Plan Amount (Maximum SNAP Allotment for Household size)**—The maximum benefit allotment is based on the Thrifty Food Plan, a theoretical idea of the costs of feeding a household. See the Monthly Maximum SNAP Allotment chart on the *SNAP Standards and Deductions Reference Sheet* at the beginning of this section. Enter the maximum allotment on this line. Do not include ineligible members, such as ineligible non-citizens or sanctioned household members.

**Line 20. SNAP Budget Income**—Multiply Line 18 (Net Income) x .3. Thirty percent of the household's net income is assumed to be available for food purchases, and is deducted from the maximum SNAP allotment.

**Line 21. Estimated SNAP Benefit**—Subtract Line 20 (30% of net income) from Line 19 (maximum allotment). This is the estimated SNAP benefit for the household. The minimum SNAP benefit issued to all eligible one- and two-person households is \$23. If the estimated SNAP benefit for a one- and two-person household falls between \$1 and \$23, the household will be eligible for \$23 per month.

If the estimated benefit is zero or a negative number:

- One- and two-person households will get the \$23 minimum benefit.
- Households of 3 or more will not be eligible for any SNAP benefits.

#### **Advanced Budgeting**

#### **Income of Ineligible Household Members**

Some members of a household may be ineligible for SNAP because of their immigration status, sanctions relating to previous participation in the program, or because they are students or participating in a job action. In most cases, though, some or all of the income of household members ineligible for SNAP is counted in the SNAP budgeting process.

SNAPSB SECTION 13: PP. 221, 267 - 271 03-INF-14

#### **Budgeting for Non-citizens**

The income of people ineligible due to immigration status is prorated proportionately to the number of people included in the SNAP case. Thus, if there are three people in the household and two are eligible to receive SNAP, two-thirds of the ineligible person's income would count as income for the SNAP household.

Thus, to determine the amount of income to be budgeted:

# Helpful online resource:

SNAPGuideNY.org has an online SNAP Benefits Estimator to estimate benefits for households with ineligible members.

- 1. Divide the income by the number of people in the household.
- 2. Multiply the result by the number of people in the SNAP case. (See the formula below.)



The result is budgeted as income to the SNAP household, with earned income receiving the earned income deduction.

However, if an eligible household member earns the household's income, the full amount is budgeted. There is no prorating to allow for the presence of the ineligible household member. Resources of ineligible non-citizens are counted in their entirety—not prorated.

#### **Deductions for Households with Ineligible Non-citizens**

The shelter and dependent care expenses billed to or paid by the ineligible household member are prorated in the same manner as income. The amount of actual expenses paid by the eligible household members can be deducted. The household receives a full SUA.

# **Budgeting Rules for SNAP-eligible Sponsored Non-citizens Sponsor Deeming**

If a sponsored non-citizen is eligible for SNAP, the income of a non-household member who sponsored a non-citizen may be counted. This "sponsor deeming" applies only to sponsor agreements entered into since December 1997.

Very few non-citizens should be subject to sponsor deeming. Sponsor deeming does not apply to:

- Refugees
- Asylees
- People with deportation withheld
- LPRs with 40 qualifying quarters, or
- LPRs who are indigent (whose gross income, including any income provided by the sponsor, is below 130% of the federal poverty level)

Additionally, sponsor deeming does not apply if:

- The sponsor is a part of the SNAP household
- The sponsor is ineligible for SNAP based on immigration status, or
- The sponsored non-citizen is a battered spouse or dependent

#### **Sponsor Liability**

In addition to the sponsor deeming requirement, there is also a "sponsor liability" rule for non-citizens whose sponsors entered into a sponsor agreement since December 1997. Under the sponsor liability rule, the sponsor may be held liable for—and asked to repay—the value of any SNAP benefits issued to the sponsored non-citizen. However, in New York State, even though the SNAP office may request reimbursement from sponsors, OTDA has indicated that no legal action will be pursued against sponsors for repayment.

#### **Budgeting Shelter Costs for Homeless People**

#### **Homeless Shelter Deduction**

The Homeless Shelter Deduction can be applied to families who are not living in a shelter or receiving free shelter for the entire month. These households are assumed to be incurring a shelter cost and the applicant does not need to prove actual shelter expenses to receive this deduction.

If the Homeless Shelter Deduction is used in budgeting, the household is not eligible to receive a SUA of any level.

If actual shelter costs can be verified and they are more than the standard Homeless Shelter Deduction (\$190.30), the regular shelter deduction is used.

#### **Regular Shelter Deduction**

If the family is incurring any actual shelter costs that they can document (e.g., paying to stay with family/friends) and these expenses are greater than the Homeless Shelter Deduction (\$190.30), then the actual shelter costs will be deducted.

If a homeless household is living in their car and making a car payment that is more than the standard Homeless Shelter Deduction (\$190.30), then this would be considered the household's actual shelter deduction.

When using a regular shelter deduction, families and individuals would be eligible for at least a Level 3 SUA (\$31), possibly more, depending on what their financial contributions to the dwelling are.

#### **Other Deductions**

- Child support
- Medical expenses for elderly/disabled households
- Daycare costs for most families

#### **Budgeting Rules for Other Groups**

#### **Boarders**

SNAPSB SECTION 13 PG. 296 After calculating the income received from boarders, an exclusion must be taken prior to the GIT for these households. This exclusion is the cost of doing business and is called the Boarder/Lodger Exclusion.

The Boarder/Lodger Exclusion must equal one of the following:

- The Thrifty Food Plan (TFP) maximum benefit amounts for a household size equal to the number of boarders. Ex.: 1 boarder = \$292 or 2 boarders = \$536.
- The actual cost of providing room and meals, if the actual cost exceeds the appropriate TFP amount.

#### **Sanctioned People**

The full income of a person sanctioned due to work rule violations or disqualified due to IPV is budgeted, and all deductions may be taken. Therefore, the budget is calculated as if the sanctioned person were participating, except that the household size is reduced in determining income eligibility and SNAP allotment amounts. Resources of sanctioned people are counted in their entirety.

SNAPSB SECTION 13 PG. 282-285

#### **Self-employment Income**

Self-Employment Income: income received from a self-employment enterprise.

Some examples include:

- Managing rental property:
  - o Managed 20 hours or more each week counted as earned income
  - o Managed less than 20 hours a week counted as unearned income
- In-home daycare provider
- Running own business

If self-employment income is meant to support the household throughout the year:

- Average the income over a 12-month period:
  - o Even if the income is received during a shorter period of time, and/or
  - o If the household receives income from additional sources.

If self-employment income only represents a portion of the household's yearly income:

Average the income over the time period it is intended to cover.

Example: If a person runs an ice cream stand each summer, but has a regular job during the rest of the year, the income from the ice cream stand can be averaged over the months that it is in operation.

**Determining Gross Monthly Self-employment Income** (Line 1 of Budget Worksheet):

- Add the total amount of self-employment income (including the full amount of capital gains—see below),
- Subtract the cost of producing the self-employment income,
- Divide the self-employment income by 12 or by the number of months the income is intended to cover,
- The resulting figure is the household's gross monthly self-employment income,
- Continue through the rest of the SNAP budgeting process.

For SNAP purposes, a **capital gain** is a profit that results from the sale of capital goods, equipment, or property. This is calculated by comparing the sales price to the cost. If the sales price is greater, there is a gain. If the costs are greater, there is a loss.

The cost includes, but is not limited to:

- Property
- Purchase commission
- Improvements, or
- Sales expenses (broker's fees and commissions)

The full amount of the capital gain, if any, is counted as income for SNAP purposes.

#### Allowable Adjustments from Income for Self-employment Households

The allowable cost of producing the self-employment income includes, but is not limited to, the identifiable costs of:

- Labor
- Stock
- Raw material
- Payments on the principal of the purchase price of income-producing real estate and capital assets
- Equipment and machinery
- Other durable goods
- Interest paid to purchase income-producing property
- Insurance premiums
- Taxes paid on income-producing property

#### **In-home child care providers** can exclude:

- A standard deduction of \$5 per day per child in care (not including their own children), or
- The amount they receive from the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP).
- Actual costs if they exceed the \$5 standard expense (these must be verified).

### Advanced Budgeting, cont.

Applicants/recipients residing in **income-producing multi-unit properties** can exclude:

- The portion of the building expenses related to the cost of producing the self-employment income, which includes:
  - o Mortgage
  - o Interest
  - o Property taxes
  - o Heating
  - o Utilities
  - o Insurance
- The portion of the building costs for the applicants'/recipients' own living unit may not be excluded from the gross self-employment income, but is allowed as shelter deductions in the regular budgeting process.

### Non-Allowable Adjustments for Self-employment Households

The following items are not allowable costs of producing self-employment income:

- Net losses from previous years
- Federal, state, and local income taxes
- Money set aside for retirement purposes
- Other work-related personal expenses (such as transportation to and from work)
- Depreciation
- Garnishments

To calculate a household's monthly self-employment income, add the gross self-employment income (including capital gains) and then subtract out the cost of producing the self-employment income. The resulting figure is the household's net monthly self-employment income. (Note: The household is still entitled to the 20% earned income deduction during the net income test.)

Sum of gross Cost of producing Net monthly self-employment income income income

### **Self-employed Farmers**

There are special rules for self-employed farmers. See the SNAPSB Section 13, pp. 286-295 for details on countable vs. excludable income and additional allowable business costs for farmers.

10/2024

### **Military Families**

Figuring out what military pay and allowance must be counted as income for SNAP for families with members in the armed forces can be difficult. Here are examples of how military pay and allowances are counted in SNAP budgeting:

### When the service member lives with the rest of the family:

- Count all military pay as income for SNAP purposes.
- Count the living allowances that military personnel get in addition to their base pay.

### There are two allowances:

- BAS (Basic Allowance for Subsistence). This pays for meals for a military person living off-post and meals for dependents of a military person.
- BAH (Basic Allowance for Housing). The BAH is a single payment that varies by locality and is based on local costs for civilians at similar pay levels. This allowance replaces the older BAQ (Basic Allowance for Quarters) and the VHA (Variable Housing Allowance).

Some military personnel living on-post get free housing. Free housing is an in-kind benefit that is not counted as income.

### When the service member is deployed away from the family:

- Count only the money that is available to the family. Do not count money that the service member keeps.
- Do not count the portion of the family's income that is hazardous duty pay.

### When the service member's family also receives nutrition assistance from the Department of Defense (DoD):

- The family may be eligible for both the DoD's program and regular SNAP benefits.
- Families receiving both benefits will have to count the DoD assistance as income when computing the family's SNAP benefit.

### **Resources for This Section**

On the following pages, you will find this resource:

Categorical Eligibility Desk Guide

10/2024

### **Expanded Categorical Eligibility Desk Guide**

	Senior or disabled member	Senior or disabled Hh does not pass the 200% GIT	Dependent care costs	Earned income used in SNAP budget	All other households
Gross Income Test*	200%	N/A	200%	150%	130%
Categorically Eligible	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES
Must meet resource limit	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO
Must meet 100% Net In- come Test	NO	YES	NO	NO	NO

Note: if someone in the household has been disqualified from SNAP due to an intentional program violation or other sanction, the household is not categorically eligible for SNAP and must instead be evaluated under regular SNAP eligibility rules.

### **Poverty Guidelines Chart**

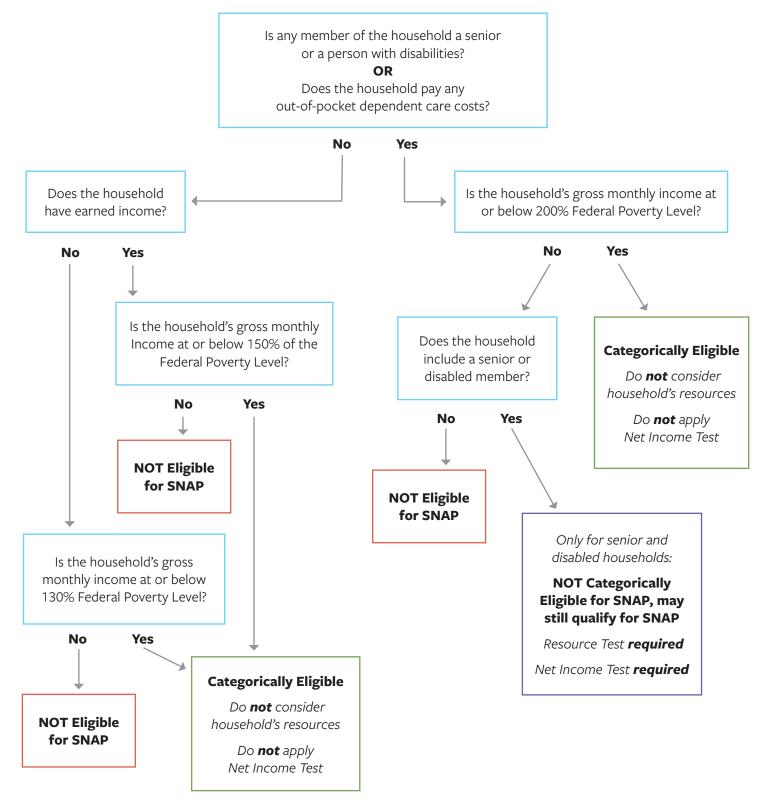
effective 10/1/24 - 9/30/25

Family Size	200% of Poverty Monthly GROSS Income	150% of Poverty Monthly GROSS Income	130% of Poverty Monthly GROSS Income
1	\$2,510	\$1,883	\$1,632
2	\$3,407	\$2,555	\$2,215
3	\$4,303	\$3,228	\$2,798
4	\$5,200	\$3,900	\$3,380
5	\$6,097	\$4,573	\$3,963
6	\$6,993	\$5,245	\$4,546
7	\$7,890	\$5,918	\$5,129
8	\$8,787	\$6,590	\$5,712
Each Additional Person	+\$897	+\$673	+\$583

<sup>\*</sup>Court ordered child support paid by a household member is always deducted from the household's gross income before applying the gross income test.

### Determining a Household's Categorical Eligibility for SNAP

Any household with a member who is currently disqualified from SNAP due to an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) or sanction is not categorically eligible for SNAP. These households may still qualify for SNAP under regular SNAP budgeting rules.





### **Applying for SNAP**

### *In this section:*

The Application Form	1
NYS "myBenefits" Screening Tool and "myBenefits" Online SNAP Application	2
Accessing the Application	2
Accommodations for Special Populations	3
Application in Alternative Format for Those with Disabilities	3
People Who Do Not Speak English	4
Gender Identity and Pronouns Use for Applicants	5
Filing the Application	5
Filing Date	6
Households with SSI Benefits	6
Applying for SNAP When Not Applying for Cash Assistance Benefits	6
Timeliness	6
Delays Caused by the Applicant(s)	7
Delays Caused by the SNAP Office	7
SNAP Expedited Service	8
Eligibility for Expedited SNAP Benefits	8
Documentation Requirements for Ongoing SNAP	9
The SNAP Interview	10
Phone Interviews	10
Authorized Representatives	11
Notice of Missed Interview Rules at Application	11
Verification and Documentation	12
Documents Provided by Applicants	12
Collateral Contacts	13
Home Visits	13
Computer Matches for Verification	13

Computer Matches Involving NYC Veterans Only	14
Necessary Verification	14
Verification of Questionable Information	15
Front End Detection Systems	16
Households Without Social Security Numbers	16
Households With Undocumented Non-Citizens	17
Notification of Acceptance or Denial	17
Notice of Pending Application	18
RESOURCES FOR THIS SECTION	19
LDSS-4826 SNAP Application Form and LDSS-4826A How to Complete Booklet	
Instructions for Ordering SNAP Applications & OTDA Order Form 876 EL	
LDSS-3938/LDSS 3938 NYC SNAP Application Expedited Processing Summary Sheet	
LDSS-4942 Authorized Representative Request Form	
LDSS-2642 Documentation Requirements Checklist	
LDSS-3666 TA/SNAP Documentation/Verification Desk 0	Suide
LDSS-4847 Documentation Receipt Temporary Assistant Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Medicaid and/or Child Health Plus A	ce,

**NYDocSubmit Quick Reference Card** 

### **APPLYING FOR SNAP**

### **Applying for SNAP**

SNAPSB SECTION 3 & 4 10-INF-22

### **Helpful resource:**

Nutrition Outreach and Education Program (NOEP) Coordinators provide in-depth SNAP prescreening and help families throughout the SNAP application process. Find your local NOEP at FoodHelpNY.org The first steps in the SNAP application process are:

- Obtain an application
- Complete it
- Submit (file) it to the local Department of Social Services office (LDSS) or the Human Resources Administration (HRA) in New York City

The applicant must then:

- Be interviewed,
- Provide information about the circumstances of those applying, and
- Provide verification of the criteria necessary to determine eligibility.

The application process is paperwork intensive and can be complicated, but getting SNAP benefits can make the difference between going hungry and having food on the table.

### **The Application Form**

SNAPSB SECTION 3: PG. 6; SECTION 4: PG. 17

03-ADM-03

10-INF-22

12-INF-12

16-ADM-08

20-ADM-14

### Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-4826 SNAP Application Form and LDSS-4826A How to Complete Booklet

OTDA order form for SNAP applications and brochures

SNAP applicants must file an application, which can be found online or obtained from any SNAP office. Many human service agencies also keep SNAP applications on hand.

SNAP offices are required to mail an application form the same day it is requested.

Anyone has a right to submit an application to any SNAP office in NYS. That office must forward the application to the correct SNAP office, based on the applicant's county of residence. However, that is not always a smooth process. Therefore, it is best to be clear about a county's SNAP application procedures and direct applicants to the SNAP office in their county of residence. For a listing of all county SNAP offices, visit OTDA's website: otda.ny.gov/workingfamilies/dss.asp

New York State has three application forms:

- 2-page simplified SNAP-only application for people 60 and older or those with a disability with no earned income. Known as the Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP), this application is part of a larger effort to increase participation among these vulnerable populations by simplifying the SNAP application/recertification process.
- 6-page simplified SNAP-only application (at the back of this section)
- 16-page common application form—also known as the joint application—used by anyone who wishes to apply for multiple assistance programs, including:
  - o SNAP
  - o Medicaid
  - o Child care assistance
  - o Temporary Assistance (TANF)

10/2024

### The Application Form, cont.

### NYS "myBenefits" Screening Tool and "myBenefits" Online **SNAP Application**

"myBenefits," an online tool available to all NYS residents, educates and connects individuals and families with an array of benefits, services, and work supports customized to fit their unique circumstances.

Applicants answer a simple set of online questions. Applicant information will stay private and secure. To use myBenefits, go to mybenefits.ny.gov.

Currently, myBenefits covers the following benefit programs:

- Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit
- Earned Income Tax Credit
- Health insurance programs for individuals, families, and children
- Healthy New York
- HEAP
- Medicaid
- Noncustodial Parent Tax Credit
- Nutrition Education
- School Meals

Programs continue to be added.

- SNAP
- Summer Food Service Program
- Temporary Assistance
- Veteran Affairs
- Weatherization Assistance Program (WAP)
- Wide variety of services for older New Yorkers
- The Special Supplemental Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC)

### **Accessing the Application**

10-INF-22

When distributing or accepting a SNAP application, the SNAP/HRA office must follow federal and state regulations as listed below:

- A. All people must be allowed to receive an application and/or apply for SNAP benefits at any time during the regular business hours of the local office.
- B. SNAP offices must NOT establish any of the following:
  - Periodic daily quotas on application submissions;
  - Limits on application pickup or submission times during normal office business hours;
  - Limits on daily submissions based on the number of available interview slots;
  - Zip code or alphabetic restrictions that limit when a person may request or submit an application during a local district's business hours; or
  - Accessibility limits due to an individual or household's:
    - o National origin
    - o Citizenship status
    - o Any other factor.

### **Accommodations for Special Populations**

06-ADM-05

SNAP is subject to the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 and the Rehabilitation Act (RA) of 1973, which protect people who have a physical or mental disability. The ADA and the RA are not limited to people who are "disabled" under SNAP regulations. Therefore, the SNAP office must provide the accommodations required by these laws, even if the applicant is not considered disabled for SNAP purposes. OTDA issued a comprehensive policy directive (06-ADM-05) clarifying local districts' obligations to provide equal access to persons with disabilities.

16-ADM-08 06-ADM-05 GIS 15 TA/DC023

### **Application in Alternative Format for Those with Disabilities**

SNAP offices must provide the SNAP application in alternative formats when requested, to better assist people with disabilities.

SNAP offices cannot decide that a SNAP applicant should receive an alternate format application; all requests for alternative format applications must come directly from the individual, either verbally or in writing, and must be documented in the case record.

Individuals are not allowed to request combinations of alternative format notices, but they may change the type of alternative format they are receiving at any time.

### SNAP offices must:

- Provide alternative format applications upon request without requiring medical documentation, and cannot deny a request for them.
- Make both the alternative and non-alternative application available to consumers requesting an alternative format version.
- Advise individuals requesting notices in alternative formats that these are
  provided in addition to the non-alternative format notice, and not in place
  of it. In cases where there is a designated authorized representative, both
  the head of the household and the authorized representative will receive
  the primary notice and the alternative format notice.
- Provide reasonable accommodations to assist the individual when requested.
   For example, a SNAP office may allow the information to be provided orally to a SNAP office employee or designee, who then puts the information into the non-alternative application format.

Most alternative formats are for informational purposes only. Individuals using an alternative format deemed for informational purposes only must complete and submit their SNAP application using a non-alternative format application.

The following alternative formats **cannot** be submitted as an application for SNAP benefits:

- Audio disc—an audio transcription of the form
- Large print—18-point font
- Braille

10/2024

### Accommodations for Special Populations, cont.

The only alternative format SNAP application that can be submitted to apply for SNAP benefits, and must be accepted by SNAP offices, is:

- Data disc, an audio transcription of the form, available in a "fillable" format. For it to be an acceptable written application, the applicant must:
  - o complete it
  - o print it
  - o sign it

**Note:** Fillable format applications cannot be submitted or signed electronically.

All OTDA-generated notices using the Client Notice System include a banner advising SNAP recipients of the availability of alternative format notices and other written materials. For a complete list of materials available in alternative formats, see pages 5 and 6 of 16-ADM-08 or view and download the materials at otda.ny.gov/programs/applications/alternative-formats.asp

### 06-ADM-05 17-INF-14 GIS 19 TA/DC026

### **People Who Do Not Speak English**

People who do not speak English or have limited English proficiency (LEP) often have difficulty navigating the SNAP application process. They cannot be denied access to SNAP because of that.

All SNAP offices should have an assigned LEP contact responsible for monitoring, investigating and resolving LEP applicants' complaints.

In New York State, the SNAP application form is available in:

English

• Bengali

Arabic

French

Spanish

- Italian
- Traditional Chinese
- Polish

Russian

• Urdu

• Haitian-Creole

Yiddish

Korean

SNAP offices should have applications on hand in all thirteen languages.

### SNAP offices must:

- Have an "Interpreter Services" poster in their waiting areas, which has information in many different languages about the availability of translation services.
- Provide a translator or interpreter to any applicant who needs one.

If the SNAP office does not have an interpreter or bilingual worker on staff, they should make other arrangements to provide translation services. Households can bring their own interpreter, but only if they wish to do so. New York City has special requirements to ensure that LEP households have access to translation services.

### **Gender Identity and Pronouns Use for Applicants**

To foster respectful and appropriate customer services for individuals applying for SNAP in NYS there have been computer upgrades to document gender identity other than male or female, and to collect an applicant's or recipient's (A/Rs) pronoun.

Pronouns include "he," "she," "they," or any other pronoun indicated by the A/R. The SNAP worker must ask A/Rs what pronouns they prefer and enter this into the case file. This includes using multiple pronouns.

### **Filing the Application**

SNAPSB SECTION 4: PG. 3, 9, 19, 27 13-INF-05 18-INF-13 LDSS-4995 Applicants should turn in a completed application form as soon as possible.

The form *does not* have to be completely filled out to be turned in, but it is best to provide as much information as possible. At minimum, the form must include the applicant's:

- Name
- Address
- Signature, and
- The date

Applicants do not have to wait for a caseworker to see them before they turn in their application at their county SNAP office. They can drop off (file) the application and have their interview by phone at a later date. Applicants will have to provide more information during the interview.

More information on interviews can be found later in this section.

Applications can be turned in:

- Online at myBenefits (all of NYS) or AccessHRA (NYC)
- On a mobile application
- By a third party (friend, relative, or community agency representative)
- In person
- By mail
- By fax

Mediating on behalf of SNAP applicants may be necessary at SNAP offices that will not accept applications by mail/fax.

All SNAP offices must post the LDSS-4995 "Right to File" poster, which provides information concerning the rights of individuals to file a SNAP application.

### Filing the Application, cont.

### **Filing Date**

The date the application is turned in is called the filing date. SNAP benefits are issued based on the filing date, not the date the application is approved.

### **Households with SSI Benefits**

If everyone in a household is applying for or receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits, the household can file their SNAP application at the Social Security Administration (SSA) and it will be forwarded to the proper SNAP office for processing.

Single SSI live-alone recipients are automatically enrolled in SNAP through the New York State Combined Application Program (NYSCAP); see NYSCAP in the Programs to Help Seniors and Disabled Applicants Access SNAP section for more information.

### **SNAPSB SECTION 4:** PG. 3, 12

### **Applying for SNAP When Not Applying for Cash Assistance Benefits**

If a SNAP applicant submits a joint application for TANF and SNAP and is determined not eligible for TANF, the SNAP office must continue to process their SNAP eligibility based on the original joint application. The applicant does not need to submit a new application.

This should not cause any delay in processing the SNAP application.

### SNAPSB SECTION 3: PG. 4; SECTION 4: PG. 9, 20-23 14-INF-16

### **Timeliness**

SNAP application processing time is mandated by federal regulations and should be adhered to by SNAP offices.

Once the SNAP office receives an application, it has no more than 30 days to act on the application and issue SNAP benefits if the household is eligible.

SNAP offices must give applicants at least 10 days to submit all documentation. If the applicant is having difficulty securing the required documents, the SNAP office must assist them in obtaining the verification.

If the SNAP office does not make a determination on an application within the normal 30 days, contact a SNAP supervisor or manager to discuss the situation.

### Filing the Application, cont.

### **Timeliness: Prompt Action Time Frames**

Action	Timeframe
Providing application forms to households	Same day the request is received
Accepting an identifiable application	Same day as received
Expedited service screening	Same day that application is received
Application interview	As soon as possible after receipt of an application. Households eligible for expedited service should be interviewed within seven days of their application date.
Application processing/eligibility determination and issuance of benefits	As soon as possible and always within 30 days of application

### Delays Caused by the Applicant(s)

If the applicant does not turn in the required documents within the time period allotted by the SNAP office and does not have a good reason, the SNAP application can be denied. There is some flexibility in the timeframe for submitting documents.

If a SNAP applicant submits the missing documents within the initial 30-day application period, their case must be opened, if eligible, and they must be provided SNAP benefits back to the application date. No new application is required.

If an applicant submits the missing documents after the initial 30-day period but within 60 days of the application date, their case must be opened, if eligible, but benefits will be provided in the month following the application month (the second 30-day period).

If an applicant submits the missing documents later than 60 days after their initial application date, they must file a new SNAP application.

### **Delays Caused by the SNAP Office**

If the applicant has submitted all of their documents and is eligible for SNAP, but the SNAP office hasn't provided the applicant with SNAP benefits within the allotted 30 days, the SNAP office must provide SNAP benefits back to the day the application was first handed in (the filing date). This is true even if the SNAP office does not decide on the application until more than 60 days after it was submitted.

When a household submits a SNAP application that is not processed within the 30-day period and the SNAP office causes the delay, the household will receive a notice that the SNAP application is "pending." The application will be completed in as timely a manner as possible and SNAP benefits will be provided back to the day the application was submitted.

10/2024 7

### **SNAP Expedited Service**

SNAPSB SECTION 4: PG. 24-25; SECTION 5: PG. 128, 133-136; SECTION 15: PG. 316-317; SECTION 20: PG. 381 05-ADM-13

### Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-3938 SNAP Application Expedited Processing Summary Sheet People with very low income and few resources may qualify for expedited service. Those eligible will get their SNAP benefits within seven calendar days of the day they hand in their application. For example, if a person applies on a Friday and qualifies for expedited service, the SNAP office must provide SNAP benefits by Friday of the following week.

Expedited SNAP benefits are not administered as a separate program. Every SNAP applicant must be screened for expedited service eligibility on the day they apply. New York has a standard screening form for this: LDSS-3938, which can be found at the back of this section.

An applicant is eligible for screening and to receive expedited service even if they have an authorized representative, such as a friend or relative, apply for them. They may also be screened during a phone interview or an interview in their home if they are unable to get to the SNAP office.

### **Eligibility for Expedited SNAP Benefits**

A household is eligible for expedited service if:

- Their liquid resources (cash or readily available savings or online crowdfunding accounts\*) do not exceed \$100 and they have received less than \$150 in gross income during the calendar month in which they are applying for SNAP; or
- The household's shelter costs for the month—rent or mortgage, plus utility expenses (the Standard Utility Allowance—SUA)—are greater than the combination of the household's liquid resources and gross income for the calendar month in which they are applying; or
- They are a migrant or seasonal farmworker household that has liquid resources of \$100 or less and meet SNAP requirements for being destitute.

After determining that a household meets any one of those three conditions, the SNAP office must interview the household and obtain proof of the applicant's identity. If verification of identity is impossible, benefits cannot be issued.

Expedited processing should not be delayed due to lack of verification for anything other than identity.

Identity can be verified through:

- A driver's license or
- A voter registration card or
- Any other document that proves the applicant's identity

<sup>\*</sup>This is true even if the funds in the online account are used only to pay a deductible expense like medical bills or shelter costs. In such a case, the SNAP office would deduct the allowable expense as part of the regular SNAP budget process.

## APPLYING FOR SNAP

### SNAP Expedited Service, cont.

If the applicant does not have any ID, the SNAP office must try to call someone (such as a friend, relative, or a worker at a shelter or other agency) to verify their identity.

The office must also assess whether the applicant has ever received expedited SNAP benefits in the past. Families who received expedited SNAP benefits the last time they applied but were not certified for ongoing benefits because they didn't follow through with the verification process have to meet certain additional criteria the next time they apply in order to receive expedited SNAP benefits. These applicants must submit either:

- The missing verification from their last application or
- All verification required with their new application

Once the applicant has submitted all necessary documents and is found eligible, the SNAP office must provide SNAP benefits within the expedited time frame.

### **Documentation Requirements for Ongoing SNAP**

The SNAP office must give the household at least 10 days to submit the additional paperwork needed to qualify for ongoing benefits. This 10-day timeframe is the minimum window allowed when required verification has been postponed and ensures there is no delay or interruption in ongoing benefits for those determined eligible for ongoing SNAP.

The maximum time frame for households to submit verification that was postponed and receive continued ongoing benefits without interruption is the end of the month following the last month of the expedited payment period. This could delay receipt of the ongoing benefit until the needed verification has been provided.

### For example:

A household applied on May 16th, qualified for expedited processing, is found eligible for ongoing SNAP—with required documentation pending—and is issued benefits for the initial expedited payment period of May 16th through June 30th. If the household does not provide the required documentation by June 30th, no further benefits will be provided until they submit the outstanding documentation. The household must submit the outstanding documents by July 31st to receive full ongoing benefits for the month of July and beyond.

### The SNAP Interview

SNAPSB SECTION 4: PG. 5, 11 GIS 06 TA/DC 010 GIS 08 TA/DC018 All SNAP applicants must be interviewed in a timely manner, either in person or over the phone, at the time of application submission or a later date. Applicants can request an in-person interview and can bring with them whomever they choose, including legal representation.

Applicants eligible for expedited processing must be interviewed within seven days of submitting the application.

The SNAP worker will do the following in the interview:

- Review the application
- Clarify any incomplete or confusing information
- Ask additional questions as needed
- Provide a list of any missing documentation
- Give the applicant at least 10 days to turn in any needed information

07-ADM-10 08-INF-07 LDSS-4921

### **Phone Interviews**

Many SNAP applicants are automatically granted a phone interview instead of an in-office one.

Phone interviews are granted for:

- **Working families:** Non-temporary assistance SNAP applicants get an automatic phone interview when one of the following conditions is met:
  - One adult on the application is working 30 hours or more per week or earning an average of at least the federal minimum wage (\$7.25/hour) multiplied by 30 hours per week. Ultimately, the adult on the application would need to average \$217.50 gross per week.
  - o Two adults on the application are each working 20 hours per week or earning at least the federal minimum wage (\$7.25/hour) multiplied by 20 hours per week. In this instance, each adult would need to earn \$145 gross per week, for a total of \$290 per week.
- Applicants submitting online: ex. myBenefits or AccessHRA
- **NYC on-demand interviews:** After returning their application, new SNAP applicants in NYC can call HRA at 718-SNAP-NOW (718-762-7669) between 8:30 AM and 5:00 PM, Monday through Friday, for an "on-demand" interview.
- **Disabled/senior applicants:** Special rules apply to households composed of all elderly and/or disabled adults with no earned income. See *Seniors and People with a Disability* in the *Eligibility Rules* section for details.
- Others by request: Other applicants who demonstrate a hardship can request a phone interview on a case-by-case basis. Hardships can include transportation difficulties, illness, prolonged severe weather, care of a household member, or work hours that conflict with the SNAP office hours.

### **Authorized Representatives**

### Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-4942 Authorized Representative Request Form SNAP applicants can appoint an "authorized representative" who can apply on their behalf, attend the interview and use the EBT card to make purchases, if approved.

The authorized representative can be a friend, a relative, someone who works for an agency, or anyone else the applicant chooses.

This person cannot be part of the applicant's household but must be able to provide the SNAP office all the information it needs to determine eligibility, including the household's documentation.

If an applicant wants someone to act as an authorized representative, an adult member of the household must provide a written notice to the SNAP office giving the person permission to act as their authorized representative. It is recommended to use the OTDA form (LDSS-4942), provided at the back of this section. The form is available in both English and Spanish, and is specifically for households wishing to designate an authorized representative. Use of this form **cannot be required** by the SNAP office, but it is recommended. The form is developed for use with the electronic application, but is available statewide for use with any applicant household.

The SNAP office cannot force an applicant to use an authorized representative.

GIS 08 TA/DC018

### **Notice of Missed Interview Rules at Application**

SNAP offices must comply with federal regulations for sending a Notice of Missed Interview (NOMI) during the SNAP application and recertification process.

SNAP offices must follow these regulations during the application process:

- The office must provide a date and time for the interview or provide the client with information about its on-demand system.
- If a new applicant misses their interview, the SNAP office must mail a NOMI letter informing the household that it is now the household's responsibility to reschedule the eligibility interview.
- The SNAP office must reschedule the eligibility interview for any applicant that responds to the missed interview notice.
- If the SNAP applicant does not contact the local district upon receiving the NOMI, the district will deny the case for failure to comply with the eligibility interview requirement, and a denial notice will be sent. The SNAP office must allow 30 days from the filing date before sending the notice.

### **Verification and Documentation**

SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 114-127 12-INF-06 19-ADM-07 GIS19 TA/DC048

Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-3666 TA/SNAP Documentation/

LDSS-2642 Documentation Requirements Checklist All eligibility criteria must be verified before the household is determined to be eligible to receive a SNAP benefit. Even if the SNAP worker is sure the information is true, they must obtain verification for the file.

The SNAP office should only ask a household to verify their present circumstances and should only use verification to assess if the household is currently eligible.

The SNAP office can gain verification from:

- Documents provided by the applicant(s)
- Collateral contact: a person outside the applicant's household who provides verbal confirmation of the household's circumstances
- Computer matches
- Home visits

The documentation requirements checklist (LDSS-2642—at the back of this section) includes each eligibility criterion and acceptable forms of verification. One document may serve as verification for more than one eligibility criterion. For example, a birth certificate can serve as verification of identity, date of birth, and citizenship. They are divided into primary and secondary verification categories, but SNAP does not differentiate between primary and secondary verification, so any form of acceptable verification in OTDA's listing is acceptable for SNAP.

If an applicant has tried to get a form of documentation and is unable to, then the caseworker is obligated to assist, including paying necessary fees. If the needed documentation is simply unavailable, the worker must find some other way to verify the eligibility criteria.

*Note*: It is easiest to get an application accepted promptly if the most common forms of documentation are provided.

02-INF-33 21TA/DC088 GIS23DC045

### **Documents Provided by Applicants**

Any reasonable form of documentation must be accepted, and acceptable verification is not limited to any single type of document. Applicants should provide the SNAP office with the following: rent or mortgage payment receipts, telephone and utility bills, child care expense receipts, pay stubs and verification of identity and address.

Households can upload documentation to the SNAP office using:

- myBenefits website
- NYC AccessHRA website
- NYC Access HRA mobile application—for NYC applicants/recipients
- NYDocSubmit mobile application—for upstate applicants/recipients

Visit otda.ny.gov/programs/nydocsubmit/ for a list of counties using NYDocSubmit, as well as other resources and information. The NYDocSubmit Quick Reference Card (at the end of this section) includes information about submitting document images, available languages, types of documents that can be submitted and more.

### Verification and Documentation, cont.

SNAP offices should issue documentation receipts to all SNAP applicants and recipients when they deliver documents in person to the SNAP office. This is true even if the SNAP office has a drop box. The LDSS-4847 is provided to SNAP offices as a template receipt, and OTDA has provided a list of items that should appear on any receipt for documentation provided by a SNAP office.

SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 121-122 12-INF-06

### **Collateral Contacts**

**Collateral Contact:** a person outside the applicant's household who provides verbal confirmation of the household's circumstances.

The SNAP office will use a collateral contact as a substitute for written verification only in instances when written documentation is unavailable or inadequate. The office will call the collateral contact directly for information to support what the household has reported. For example, the SNAP office might call the landlord or neighbors to confirm the applicant's address and household composition.

### The SNAP worker must:

- Obtain the information in writing, over the telephone, or in person from acceptable collateral contacts provided by the applicant. If the applicant does not give the SNAP office an acceptable contact person, the SNAP office will identify a person to contact.
- Obtain the applicant's permission to disclose household information to a collateral contact. When the SNAP office makes collateral contact, it is inadvertently letting that person know that the applicant's household is applying for some type of benefit.
- Give the applicant a chance to verify information in some other way or to withdraw their application if they do not want a person selected by the SNAP office contacted.

### **Home Visits**

The SNAP office should conduct a home visit only if it cannot verify household eligibility criteria through documentation or collateral contacts. Applicants do not have to let workers visit their homes, but the SNAP office can deny the application if it cannot verify the household's eligibility.

### 12-INF-06

### **Computer Matches for Verification**

The SNAP office can obtain information from:

- Other public benefit programs
- Internal Revenue Service (IRS)
- Social Security Administration (SSA)
- Some banks
- NYS Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV)

continuted next page

### Verification and Documentation, cont.

- Tax collectors
- Other agencies and organizations that may have records about people's wages, benefit checks, addresses, and other factors that affect SNAP eligibility

The SNAP office usually will not tell the applicant when it is checking information in this way. If the office gets information that affects the SNAP case, it will typically contact the household to verify the information or refer the case to an internal investigation unit.

### GIS 20DC/TA69 NYC ONLY

### **Computer Matches Involving NYC Veterans Only**

OTDA matches a quarterly Public Assistance Reporting Information System (PARIS) file from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) against NYC HRA clients and applicants in WMS. This match is done to identify veterans who may be eligible for, but unaware of, veteran-related healthcare, counseling and employment services. When appropriate, eligible veterans and their families will be referred to those services in place of receiving TANF, SNAP or other public benefits.

SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 114-117 12-INF-06 GIS 13 TA/DC043

### Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-2642 Documentation Requirements Checklist

LDSS-3666 TA/SNAP Documentation/ Verification Desk Guide

### **Necessary Verification**

SNAP rules require that the SNAP worker get proof of the following:

- **Identity of applicant**—If an authorized representative applies in place of an applicant, the SNAP office must verify both the identity of the authorized representative and the applicant. Identity is the only necessary verification for households eligible for expedited processing.
- **Household size**—Verification can be obtained from a collateral contact such as a landlord or other people not related to the family. Other readily available documentation is also acceptable including: school district reports, Housing Authority Section 8 information, or any other documents that can be used to prove the size of the family applying for SNAP.
- **Age**—The household must provide the date of birth for all applying household members. The household has until the next recertification to provide verification of dates of birth. Acceptable means of documentation include: birth certificates, and school records or social security number (SSN) validation. (See below.)
- Non-citizenship status (also referred to as Alien Status by OTDA)—
  Anyone in the household who is applying for SNAP and is not a U.S. citizen must provide proof of their immigration status. The SNAP office verifies the claimed legal status and any immigration documents submitted with the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS). The SNAP office will only verify USCIS status for household members who submit proof of their immigration status. Non-citizen household members who do not submit proof of their immigration status (such as undocumented non-citizens) are excluded from the household for SNAP purposes, but the rest of the household can still receive SNAP benefits.
- **Social security numbers (SSNs)**—Everyone in the household must provide the SNAP office with a social security number. In New York State, eligibility workers verify SSNs directly with the Social Security Administration (SSA). Therefore, individuals do not have to provide proof of their SSN unless the number they provide to the SNAP office does not match the SSA's records or cannot be verified.

### **APPLYING FOR SNAP**

### Verification and Documentation, cont.

- **Income and resources**—Applicants must provide pay stubs and bank records to the SNAP office to verify their earned/unearned income and resources if applicable.
- **Residence in the county**—The SNAP office does not have to verify where the applicant lives if it is not reasonably possible to get verification. For example: the applicant recently moved to the area, is homeless, or is a migrant farm worker and cannot get verification easily.

Homeless SNAP applicants are exempt from the residency verification. They do not need a permanent address to apply, and can use the address of an authorized representative, a community organization (ex: shelter, soup kitchen), or the local SNAP office as an acceptable mailing address. See GIS 13TA/DC043 for more information on documentation requirements for homeless youth.

### The following documents are used for budgeting only, not eligibility determinations:

- Shelter and utility costs
- Childcare and child support costs being deducted in the budgeting process
- **Medical expenses for elderly** (60 years of age and older) and applicants who meet the SNAP definition for disabled
- **Disability**—for special budgeting rules applicable to disabled people or those who are exempt from work activities due to a disability

**Note:** If verification of an item used *only for budgeting* a deduction is not available, the case can still be opened and budgeted without the deduction; however, the household may get a smaller benefit than it would have if the item had been verified.

**Case Example:** If the household does not have verification of childcare costs, the budget can be calculated without the child care deduction. When the household provides documentation for the child care expense, they might get an increase in their SNAP benefit based on the new budget with the deduction.

SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 119-120 12-INF-06

### **Verification of Questionable Information**

**Questionable information:** any information on the application that is inconsistent with:

- Statements made by the applicant
- Other information on the present application or previous ones
- Information received by the caseworker

SNAP applicants should be prepared to verify as many facts as possible and to explain any unusual household circumstances in the initial interview. The SNAP office will ask for verification of any information that it finds questionable. These requests, provided in writing, should list all required information and the date by which the household should provide that information. Such requests, and the guidelines upon which they are based, must not discriminate based on race, religion, ethnic background, or national origin.

10/2024

### Verification and Documentation, cont.

The following items shall only be verified if questionable:

- Citizenship
- Household composition
- Whether household members purchase and prepare meals together or separately

### 05-ADM-08

### **Front End Detection Systems**

**Front End Detection System (FEDS) program:** an anti-fraud measure utilized by New York State that conducts investigations of applications that appear to have questionable circumstances. All local FEDS plans must be approved by OTDA.

For cash assistance purposes: All counties are required to operate a FEDS program.

For SNAP-only cases: The program is optional. New York City does not have a SNAP-only FEDS plan; about two-thirds of counties throughout the state do.

Caseworkers may only refer those cases that meet specific criteria spelled out in the county's FEDS plan, and only after the household has first been given an opportunity to explain their situation.

### What happens when there is a FEDS referral:

Typically, an LDSS investigator visits the applicant at their home or asks the household to appear for an in-office interview. However, for SNAP purposes, there is no obligation on the part of the household to meet with the investigator.

### If a household fails to attend a FEDS interview:

That absence can not be used as a reason to deny the SNAP application and should not delay the normal application process. The investigator should continue without the household's cooperation and forward their report to the eligibility worker. The worker will then consider the information in the FEDS report before making a final decision on the household's application.

See 05-ADM-08 for a list of criteria, called indicators, that can trigger a FEDS referral.

### SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 95-97

### **Households Without Social Security Numbers**

Every person in a household applying for SNAP must provide the SNAP office with his or her Social Security Number (SSN). If a household member does not have an SSN, they must apply for one before they can receive SNAP benefits unless they have "good cause."

**Good Cause:** an applicant has tried to apply for a social security number but has not yet received it. For example, an applicant may have good cause if the Social Security Office will not accept the application because the applicant is waiting for a replacement copy of a lost birth certificate.

### APPLYING FOR SNAP

### Verification and Documentation, cont.

If an applicant applies for an SSN, the receipt from the SSA showing that they have applied satisfies the requirement.

Applicants who do not give the SNAP office their SSN or provide proof that they applied for one, or do not have good cause for not applying for an SSN, cannot receive SNAP benefits. However, the rest of the household members can proceed with the application without that household member. The excluded household member will be treated as an ineligible non-citizen for budgeting purposes.

As soon as the household member qualifies (i.e. provides proof they have applied for an SSN), they will be added as a member of that SNAP case.

SNAPSB SECTION 5: PG. 69-89 03-INF-14

### **Households With Undocumented Non-Citizens**

**Undocumented non-citizens:** individuals who cannot verify their immigration status. Undocumented non-citizens are **not** eligible for SNAP benefits.

When a household contains a member who cannot provide immigration verification, the SNAP office:

- Must continue to process the application for the remaining household members;
- Must not report anyone to USCIS. A threat by the SNAP office to contact USCIS to verify immigration status is a violation of the non-citizen's civil rights;
- Can report a non-citizen to OTDA if presented with proof that the person is illegally in the country (deportation orders).

If the ineligible non-citizen is someone who would otherwise have to be part of the SNAP household (for example, the parent of minor children in the household), their income must be reported because a pro-rata portion will count in determining the amount of SNAP benefits for which the rest of the family is eligible.

Find more information about budgeting for this type of household under *Advanced Budgeting* in the *Budgeting and Estimating SNAP Benefits* section of this guide.

### **Notification of Acceptance or Denial**

SNAPSB SECTION 8 14-INF-16 Whether a SNAP application is accepted or denied, the SNAP office must send a notice informing the applicant of its decision within 30 calendar days of the application filing date.

If the SNAP office decides that the applicant qualifies for SNAP, the notice of acceptance must:

- State how much the household's SNAP benefit will be
- Include the start and end dates of the certification period

10/2024

### Notification of Acceptance or Denial, cont.

If the SNAP office denies the application, the notice of denial must explain the reason for the denial.

All notices must also include the following information:

- Phone number of the SNAP office
- The name of someone at the SNAP office the applicant can call with questions, if possible
- Information about the right to a conference and/or a fair hearing
- How to get free legal aid

New York State uses an automated computer notice system for most notices. These notices include information about how the budget was calculated, so if there are any mistakes, they can be identified and mediated with the SNAP office.

### **Notice of Pending Application**

When an application is delayed beyond 30 days and the fault lies with the SNAP office, a "Notice of Pending Application" will be created and sent to inform applicants that there has been a delay in application processing and that the application is still pending. Applications cannot be denied when the pending application is beyond 30 days and it is due to the fault of the SNAP office.

See *Timeliness* earlier in this section for further details.

### **Resources for This Section**

On the following pages, you will find these resources:

LDSS-4826 SNAP Application Form and LDSS-4826A How to Complete Booklet Instructions for Ordering SNAP Applications & OTDA Order Form 876 EL

**LDSS-3938/LDSS 3938 NYC SNAP Application Expedited Processing Summary Sheet** 

**LDSS-4942 Authorized Representative Request Form** 

**LDSS-2642 Documentation Requirements Checklist** 

**LDSS-3666 TA/SNAP Documentation/Verification Desk Guide** 

LDSS-4847 Documentation Receipt Temporary Assistance, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), Medicaid and/or Child Health Plus A

**NYDocSubmit Quick Reference Card** 

# NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE



## SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) APPLICATION/RECERTIFICATION



This application can ONLY be used to apply or recertify for SNAP

request one from your social services district. For additional information regarding the types of formats If you are blind or seriously visually impaired and need this application in an alternative format, you may available and how you can request an application in an alternative format, see the instruction book (LDSS-4826A), or www.otda.ny.gov.

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4

Audio CD	y effective for you.
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Large Print	er alternative formats will be equally
If Yes, check the type of format you would like:	Braille, if you assert that none of the other alt

If you require another accommodation, please contact your social services district.

If you are only applying or recertifying for SNAP you can use this application. If you would like to apply for other benefits such as Temporary Assistance, Child Care Assistance, Home Energy Assistance or Medicaid please ask for a different application.

## When You Are Applying For SNAP

- You can file an application the same day you receive it. We must accept your application if, at a minimum, it contains your name, address, (if you have one), and a signature. This information will establish your application filing date.
- You must complete the application process, including having an interview and signing the certification statement on page 7 of the application/recertification for your eligibility to be determined. if you are eligible, benefits will be provided back to the date you filed your application.
- You can apply for and get SNAP for eligible household member(s) even if you or some other members of your household are not eligible for benefits because of immigration status. For example, ineligible non-citizen parents can apply for SNAP for their children and receive benefits for their eligible children.
- You can still apply and be eligible for SNAP even if you have reached your Temporary Assistance time limits.

Page 1 LDSS-4826 (Rev. 12/23)

## When You Are Recertifying for SNAP

- You must submit the signed recertification application before the interview.
- If you miss the interview it is your responsibility to contact the social services district to reschedule.

# Need SNAP Benefits Right Away? You May Be Eligible For Expedited Processing of your SNAP Application:

farmworker with little or no income or resources when you apply, you may be eligible to get SNAP within 7 calendar days of the date you apply. When a resident of an institution is jointly applying for SSI and SNAP prior to leaving the institution, the recorded filing date of the application is the date of release of the applicant from the institution. If your household has little or no income or liquid resources, or if your rent and utility expenses are more than your income and liquid resources, or you are a migrant or seasonal

## Where You Can Apply For SNAP

If you live outside of New York City, you can apply on-line at myBenefits.ny.gov, or call or visit the social services district in the county where you live and ask for an application package, which can be mailed to or dropped off at that appropriate office. You can get the address and phone number of the social services district in your county by calling toll free 1-800-342-3009.

If you live in New York City and you are not also applying for Temporary Assistance, you can apply on-line at https://www.nyc.gov/hra, or call or visit any SNAP Office and ask for an application package. You can get the address and phone number by calling 1-718-557-1399 or toll free 1-800-342-3009.

SNAP interviews are usually done over the telephone. If you prefer an in-office interview, you must request one from your social services district.

NON-DISCRIMINATION NOTICE - In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, this institution is prohibited from discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex (including gender identity and sexual orientation), religious creed, disability, age, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity. Program information may be made available in languages other than English. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication to obtain program information (e.g. Braille, large print, audio tape, American Sign Language), should contact the Agency (State or local) where they applied for benefits. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. To file a program discrimination complaint, a Complainant should complete a form AD-3027 USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form which can be obtained online at https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ad-3027.pdf, from any USDA office by calling (833) 620-1071, or by writing a letter addressed to USDA. The letter must contain the complainant's name, address, telephone number, and a written description of the alleged discriminatory action in sufficient detail to inform the Assistance Secretary for Civil Rights (ASCR) about the nature and ate of an alleged civil rights violation. The completed AD-3027 form or letter must be submitted to:

- (1) mail: Food and Nutrition Service, USDA
  - 1320 Braddock Place, Room 334
    - Alexandria, VA 22314; or
- (2) fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or
- (3) email: ENSCIVILRIGHTSCOMPLAINTS@usda.gov.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

LDSS-4826 (Rev. 12/23)

# NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE SNAP APPLICATION / RECERTIFICATION

Ap	Application Date	Interview Date		Center/Office	Onit	Worker		Case Type Case Number	Case Num	lber	Registry Number Version	er Version	☐ Apply	☐ Recertify	tify	Lang	CD.
Le	Legal Name:					elephone	Telephone Number:			Othe	Other phone where you can be reached:	vou can be n	eached:				1
凇	Residence Address:								Apt.#	City			, NY Zip Code	Code			!
ğ	Mailing Address (if different)	erent)							Apt.#	- City			, NY Zip Code	Code			1
호	Known by Any Other Name:	lame:			Are	Are You:	□ Applying <b>or</b> □	□ Recertifying	Do yo	u want to	Do you want to receive notices in:		□ Spanish <b>and</b> English	lish <b>or</b>		□ English <u>Only</u>	<del>/</del> I
5	We must accept your application if, at a minimum, it contains your name	ır applicat	ion if, at a mi	nimum, it contai	ins your	lame,	API	APPLICANT/REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE	RESENTA	TIVE SIG	NATURE			DATE	DATE SIGNED		
a	address (if you have one), and signature in this box	one), and	signature in	this box.			<b>↑</b>										
	List everyone who lives with you even if they are not applying. List	lives with	i you even i	f they are not a	pplying.		yourself first.										
JZ	First Name	≥-	Last Name		Social Security Number (SSN) of applying member (If none, write "NONE")	mber nember NNE")	Date of Birth	Marital Status	Sex M, F Ist	Is this person applying?	Relationship to you	Do you buy and/ or prepare food with this	Hispanic or Latino?	Enter Y (	Yes) or race	Enter Y (Yes) or N (No) for each race* (Codes Defined Below)	r each
									<b>×</b>	Yes No		Yes No	Yes No	1	A	Ь	8
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A, T, dist	*Race/Ethnic Codes: I – Native American or Alaskan Native, A - Asian, B – Black or African American, P – Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, W – White The provision of this information is voluntary. It will not affect the eligibility of the persons applying or the level of benefits received. The reason for this information is to ensure distributed without regard to race, color or national origin.	s: I – Nat ormation is rd to race,	ive Americar s voluntary. It color or nation	or Alaskan Na will not affect the nal origin.	tive, <b>A</b> -	Asian, <b>E</b> of the pers	$_{1}$ , <b>B</b> – Black or African American, <b>P</b> – Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, <b>W</b> – White persons applying or the level of benefits received. The reason for this information is to ensure that program benefits are	an Americar e level of ber	n, <b>P</b> – Na nefits rece	ative Ha ived. T	waiian or Paci he reason for th	fic Islander is informatic	, <b>W</b> – White	that pro	gram b	enefits a	ē
Are	Are you and is everyone living with you a US citizen?	e living with	h you a US cit	izen?	I ON	If No, who	who is not a citizen?										
Are Are	Are you or is anyone in your household applying for or receiving SNAP or Temporary Assistance in another place? Are you or is anyone living with you a veteran? \(\begin{aligned} \extrm{T} \text{ Yes, who}	your hous	ehold applying ou a veteran?	for or receiving	SNAP or T	emporary who	Assistance in ano	ther place?	Yes	<b>ջ</b> □							l
00 1	Do you or does anyone live in a drug or alcohol treatment center, State-certified	live in a di	rug or alcohol	treatment center,	State-cer	ified grou	group living facility or State-certified supervised/supportive apartment?	tate-certified	supervise	oddns/pe	rtive apartment	? \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	No No	blodosi	_		
	If you are receiving for SNAP, list on Fage 9 what has charged since your fast.	יווי, יוראוט ול	of Oil Faye 5 v	Vilat IIas Giailyet ere is other inform	criariged since your last	ומטן מאטן	application of recentification (such as moved, had a baby, someone moved in orout or your mousering).	alion (sacri	1S IIIOVOU,	וומח מ ה	ару, эоштотто п	io iii oanoi	טעו טו אטעו וויט	nseiloin		Go to Page	Dage

Page 3 LDSS-4826 (Rev. 12/23)

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ncludes, but is not limited to wages, income from self-employment minus the cost of producing self-employment (i child support, pensions, veteran's benefits, disability, social security or SSI, grants or scholarships for rent or		
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List <u>ALL</u> your income and the income of everyone living with you. This incle example: babysitting, cleaning, income from a roomer or boarder), ch	orary Assistance, and income from friends or relatives.	
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ALL you nple: b	emb	
List	tood,	

s anyone living with you have child/dependent care costs related to employment case anyone living with you have child/dependent care costs related to employment the sand sandone living with you changed or quit jobs or reduced any form of income in the sandone living with you have any potential income that has not yet been received nyone living with you participating in a strike?		
es anyone living with you have child/dependent care costs related to employment or training?		
bes anyone living with you have child/dependent care costs related to employment or training?		
has anyone living with you changed or quit jobs or reduced any form of income in the last 30 days – in best anyone living with you changed or quit jobs or reduced any form of income in the last 30 days – in ose anyone living with you have any potential income that has not yet been received?	□ No If Yes, who	
s anyone living with you in foster care on your 18th birthday?	uding reduced work hours or income?	No OM
Resources do not affect the eligibility of most households applying for SNAP. However, some resource information is money does everyone in your household have? (For example, on your person; in your home, in checkingal assets? (For example, stocks, bonds, retirement accounts, savings bonds, mutual funds, IRAs, trust nount \$		Ì
noney does everyone in your household have? (For example, on your person; in your home, in checkin Belongs to Belongs to Jala assets? (For example, stocks, bonds, retirement accounts, savings bonds, mutual funds, IRAs, trust ount \$	sed to determine if you qualify for expedited processing of your	ır application.
ial assets? (For example, stocks, bonds, retirement accounts, savings bonds, mutual funds, IRAs, trust ount \$ Owner cars, trucks or other vehicles do you or anyone in your household have? ar Make Owner	and savings accounts, or other locations, including jo	vintly held accounts)
Owner	unds, money market certificates) □ Yes □ No	
have?		
MakeModel		
#2 Year Make Owner		
one applying own any property including your own home?	Owner	

Page 4 LDSS-4826 (Rev. 12/23)

## **EDUCATION/TRAINING AND LANGUAGE**

education and training codes shown below. Check only one box per person. If you enter an "X" in the "0" column for a person, (indicating they do not have a high school diploma or a high school equivalency diploma), enter their highest school grade completed in the "Highest School Grade Completed" box (example – if a person is in 10th grade, put "9" in the "Highest School Grade Enter the name of each applying person in the household aged 16 or older, including yourself. For each person, put an "X" in the box in the "Highest Level of Education" section, using the

Completed" box). Leave the "Highest School Grade Completed" box blank if the "0" column is not checked for a person in high school or obtaining a high school equivalency diploma.	nn is not cl	hecke	d for	n perso	n in h	igh school or obtaining a high sc	hool equivalency diploma.
Additionally, please identify the primary language spoken for each individual in the SNAP household that is age 16 or older. The primary language is the language the individual speaks most often.	household	l that is	s age	16 or	older.	The primary language is the lan	guage the individual speaks most often.
Name (First and Last)	Highest Level of Education* (Codes Defined Below)	ghest Level of Education (Codes Defined Below)	of E fined	ducati Below	on*	Highest School Grade Completed	What is the Individual's primary language spoken?
	0 1	1 2 3 4	4	2	8	(see information below)	

\* Education and Training Codes: 0 - Less than a high school diploma or equivalency; 1 - High school diploma or high school equivalency diploma; 2 - Associates Degree (2-year college degree); 3 – Bachelor's degree (4-year college degree); 4 – Graduate degree (Master's or higher); 5 – Completion of an Individualized Education Plan (IEP); 8 – Unknown The provision of information regarding highest level of education, highest school grade and primary language spoken is voluntary. It will not affect the eligibility of the persons applying or the level of benefits received. The reason for this information is to meet federal reporting requirements. NOTE:

**LIVING ARRANGEMENTS AND EXPENSES** 

your h		:	:	
Own home or paying for home	☐ Migrant/seasonal farmworker	No permanent residence	Live with relatives or friends	
Monthly rent or mortgage payment \$	Tax on home per year \$	Insurance on	Insurance on home per year \$	
Pay separately for Heat? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, specify type of heating: Heat Co. Name	type of heating: Gas Electric Oil Heat Co. Acct. No.		oal 🔲 Propane 🔲 Other (list)	
Pay for air conditioning, either in your electric bill or as a separate fee? Pay separately for utilities <i>(other than heating/cooling)?</i>	Pay for air conditioning, either in your electric bill or as a separate fee?	gas, garbage/trash, water, initial	installation of utilities).	
Does anyone else pay any of these expenses for you (some examples are	examples are Section 8 or other subsidy program)?	rogram)?		
☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, who pays what?		-		
Are you or is anyone living with you paying legally obligated child support?	child support?	who		
Name(s) of child(ren) support is being paid for				
Frequency of payr	Frequency of payments (for example, weekly, bi-weekly, monthly)	thly)		

If yes, list on page 9 what they are for, how much and who is responsible for payment.

Are you, and/or anyone living with you, disabled or at least age 60? 🔲 Yes 🔝 No 🍴 If yes, who 🏻

If so, does such person have medical bills? 

Yes

Page LDSS-4826 (Rev. 12/23)

2

EXPENSES (cont'd)	
es No If yes, who	
Are you or anyone living with you (16 or 17 years of age) enrolled in school or training?  Yes No fyes, who Name of School/Training Program _	gram
Are you or anyone living with you, between the ages of 18 and 49 years of age, attending a school or training program (above High School)? 🔲 Yes 🔲 No 🏽 If yes, who?	
Name of School/Training program Expenses Tyes No Income Tyes No Income Tyes No Expenses Tyes No	<b>№</b>
Are there adults in the household age 16 and older (including the applicant) who:	
Are pregnant?	0
Have any medical conditions that limit their ability to work or the type of work that they can perform?	
Answer these questions:	)
Are you or is anyone living with you violating a condition of probation or parole or fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody or confinement for a felony and actively being pursued by law enforcement?	enforcement?
☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, who	
Are you or is anyone living with you in violation of probation or parole according to a court?   Yes  No If yes, who	
Have you or has anyone living with you ever been disqualified from receiving SNAP because of fraud or intentional program violation? 📋 Yes 📋 No If yes, who	
Have you or has anyone living with you been convicted of trading SNAP benefits for firearms, ammunition or explosives, or drugs after September 22, 1996? 🛚 Yes 🔲 No	
If yes, who	
Have you or has anyone living with you been convicted of buying or selling SNAP benefits for a combined amount of \$500 or more, after September 22, 1996? 🔲 Yes 📋 No	
If yes, who	
Have you or has anyone living with you been convicted of fraudulently receiving duplicate SNAP benefits in any State after September 22, 1996? 📋 Yes 📋 No	
If yes, who	
You may use page 9 if you need more room or there is other information that you think we might need.	

## READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW

SNAP PENALTY WARNING - Any information you provide in connection with your application for SNAP will be subject to verification by Federal, State and local officials. If any information is who is violating a condition of probation or parole or anyone who is fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody or confinement for a felony, and is actively being pursued by law enforcement, is incorrect, you may be denied SNAP. You may be subject to criminal prosecution if you knowingly provide incorrect information which affects eligibility or the amount of benefits. Anyone not eligible to receive SNAP benefits.

If a SNAP household member is found to have committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV), the member will not be able to get SNAP benefits for a period of: 12 months for the first SNAP-IPV;

- 24 months for the second SNAP IPV;
- 24 months for the first SNAP-IPV, that is based on a court finding that the individual used or received SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of a controlled substance. (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's prescription is required.)
- 120 months if found guilty of making a false statement about who you are or where you live in order to get multiple SNAP benefits simultaneously, unless permanently disqualified for a

Additionally, a court may bar an individual from participation in SNAP for an additional 18 months.

# READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW (cont'd)

Permanent disqualification of an individual for:

- The first SNAP-IPV based on a court finding of using or receiving SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of firearms, ammunition or explosives.
- The first SNAP-IPV based on a court conviction for trafficking SNAP benefits for a combined amount of \$500 or more (Trafficking includes the illegal use, transfer, acquisition, alteration or possession of SNAP authorization cards or access devices.)
- The second SNAP-IPV based on a court finding that an individual used or received SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of controlled substances. (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's prescription is required.)
- All third SNAP-IPV Intentional Program Violations.

Any person convicted of a felony for knowingly using, transferring, acquiring, altering or possessing SNAP authorization cards or access devices may be fined up to \$250,000, imprisoned up to 20 years or both. The individual may also be subject to prosecution under the applicable Federal and State laws.

You may be found ineligible for SNAP or found to have committed an IPV if:

- You make a false or misleading statement, or misrepresent, conceal or withhold facts in order to qualify for benefits or receive more benefits; or
- Purchase a product with SNAP benefits with the intent of obtaining cash by intentionally discarding the product and returning the container for the deposit amount; or
- Commit or attempt to commit an act that constitutes a violation of Federal or State law for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of SNAP benefits, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of the Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) system

Additionally, the following is not allowed and, you may be disqualified from receiving SNAP benefits and/or be subject to penalties for actions that include:

- Using or have in your possession EBT cards that do not belong to you, without the card owner's consent; or
- Using SNAP benefits to buy nonfood items, such as alcohol or cigarettes, or to pay for food previously purchased on credit; or
- Allowing someone else to use your electronic benefit transfer (EBT) card in exchange for cash, firearms, ammunition, explosives or drugs, or to purchase food for individuals who are not members of the SNAP household.

If you get more SNAP benefits than you should have (overpayment), you must pay them back. If your case is active, we will take back the amount of the overpayment from future SNAP benefits that you get. If your case is closed, you may pay back the overpayment through any unused SNAP benefits remaining in your account, or you may pay by cash. If you have an overpayment that is not paid back, it will be referred for collection, including automated collection by the federal government. Federal benefits (such as Social Security) and tax refunds that you are entitled to receive may be taken to pay back the overpayment. The debt will also be subject to processing charges.

Any SNAP benefits expunged from your EBT account will be used to reduce current overpayments. If you apply for SNAP again, and have not repaid the amount you owe, your SNAP benefits will be reduced if you begin to get them again. You will be notified, at that time, of the amount of reduced benefits you will get. CONSENT – I understand that by signing this application form I agree to any investigation made by the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance or my local services district to verify or confirm the information I have given or any other investigation made by them in connection with my request for SNAP benefits. If additional information is requested, I will provide t. I will also cooperate with State and Federal personnel in a SNAP Quality Control Review.

understand that by signing this application/certification, I consent to an investigation to verify or confirm the information I have given and other investigation by any authorized government agency assistance programs and my utility company's low income programs. I understand that the State will use my Social Security Number to verify with my home energy vendors the receipt of HEAP. usage, electricity cost, fuel consumption, fuel type, annual fuel cost and payment history to the Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance and the local Social Services District and the United This authorization also includes permission for any of my home energy vendors (including my utility) to release certain statistical information, including but not limited to, my annual electricity in connection with Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP) benefits. Talso consent to allow the information provided on this application to be used in referrals to available weatherization States Department of Health and Human Services for the purposes of Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) performance measurement.

claims and wage records. I understand that OTDA, along with State and local agency employees working in local social services district offices, will use the UI information for establishing or CONSENT FOR RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE (UI) INFORMATION - I authorize the New York State Department of Labor (DOL) to release any confidential information, maintained by DOL for Unemployment Insurance (UI) purposes, to the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance (OTDA). This information includes UI benefit verifying eligibility for, and the amount of SNAP applied for in this application and for investigations to determine whether I received benefits to which I was not entitled.

# READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW (cont'd)

NEW YORK CITY HOUSING AUTHORITY RESIDENT CONSENT TO SHARE INFORMATION – If you are applying for assistance in New York City, this consent will allow the New York City Human Resources Administration/Department of Social Services (HRA) to share information about you wit the New York City Human Resources Administration/Department of Social Services (HRA) to help you and our household apply for assistance under the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), and/or for HRA cash assistance, which may include payment of rental arrears. If you sign this application below, NYCHA may share with HRA information relevant to your eligibility for, level of, SNAP and/or cash assistance benefits including your name, address, date of birth, and rent and utility payment information (such as monthly rent amount, rent payment history, rent balance, and appliance fees). Additionally, by signing this application below, you represent that you have the authority to consent on behalf of minor children listed in this application and you authorize NYCHA to share that child's name, address, and date of birth with HRA HRA will keep confidential any information that NYCHA shares and may only share the information with the local, state, and federal agencies that oversee HRA's SNAP and cash assistance

RELASE OF EDUCATIONAL RECORDS - I give permission to the New York City social services district to obtain the educational records of myself and/or my minor child(ren) for the following purposes: 1) verifying my eligibility for SNAP, 2) conducting reviews or investigations that result from conflicting information provided as part of the eligibility process and, 3) proving the appropriate federal government agency access to this information for the sole purpose of audit. RELEASE OF INFORMATION TO SERVICE PROVIDERS - I give permission to the social services district and New York State to share information regarding Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program benefits that I or any member of my household for whom I can legally give authorization have received, for purposes of verifying my eligibility for services and payment related to program administration provided by a State or local contractor. Such services may include, but are not limited to, job placement or training services provided to help me or my household members obtain and retain employment. SUA (STANDARD UTILITY ALLOWANCE) INFORMATION - I understand that SNAP recipients are categorically income eligible for the Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP). If I have not received a HEAP benefit of greater than \$20 in the current month or previous 12 months, or other similar energy assistance program benefits, I must pay separately for a heating, air conditioning or utility expense in order to receive a Standard Utility Allowance. CHANGES – I agree to inform the agency promptly of any change in my needs, income, property, living arrangement, able-bodied adult without dependents (ABAWD) status including if my hours of work fall below 80 hours per month, pregnancy status or address to the best of my knowledge or belief in accordance with my reporting requirements.

REQUIREMENT TO REPORTIVERIFY HOUSEHOLD EXPENSES - I understand that my household must report child care and utility expenses in order to get a SNAP deduction for these expenses. I further understand that my household must report and verify rent/mortgage payments, property taxes, insurance, medical expenses and child support paid to a non-household member in order to get a SNAP deduction for these expenses. I understand that failure to report/verify the above expenses will be seen as a statement by my household that I/we do not want to receive a deduction for those unreported/unverified expenses. A deduction for these expenses may make me eligible for SNAP or may increase my SNAP benefits. I understand that I may report/verify these expenses at any time in the future. This deduction would then be applied to the calculation of SNAP in future months in accordance with the rules for change reporting and processing In applying for SNAP, I understand that the social services district will request and use information available through the Income and Eligibility Verification System to investigate my application, and may verify this information through collateral contacts if discrepancies are found. I also understand that such information may affect my eligibility for SNAP and/or level of SNAP benefits I receive. PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT - COLLECTION AND USE OF SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER (SSN) - The collection of SSN's is authorized for each household member with respect to SNAP pursuant to the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008. The information we collect will be used to determine whether your household is eligible or continues to be eligible for assistance or benefits. We will verify this information through computer matching programs. This information will also be used to monitor compliance with program regulations and for program management. This information may be disclosed to other State and Federal agencies for official examination and to law enforcement officials for the purpose of apprehending persons fleeing to avoid the law. The information will be used to check identity and to verify eamed and unearned income.

If a SNAP claim arises against your household, the information on this application, including all SSN's, may be referred to Federal and State against your household, the information on this application, including all SSN's, may be referred to Federal and State against your household, the information on this application agencies, for claims collection action. Anyone applying for SNAP must provide a SSN. SSN's of ineligible members will also be used and disclosed in the manner above. applying/recertifying does not have a SSN, a SSN must be applied for with the Social Security Administration (SSA gov).

The information is used for quality control by the State to make sure local districts are doing the best job they can. It is used to verify who your energy supplier is and to make certain payments to Besides using the information, you give us in this way, the State also uses the information to prepare statistics about all the people receiving benefits from the Home Energy Assistance Program.

Page 8

## READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW (cont'd)

CITIZENSHIP/IMMIGRATION STATUS— I swear and/or affirm under penalty of perjury that the information I have provided about the citizenship and immigration status of myself and everyone living with me is true and correct. I understand that any information I provide to verify the immigration status of anyone applying for SNAP may be checked for authenticity with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

For SNAP, citizenship must be documented only if questionable.

phone number below. When an Authorized Representative is applying on behalf of a SNAP household that does not reside in an institution, both the Authorized Representative and a responsible AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE - You can authorize someone who knows your household circumstances to apply for SNAP for you. You can also authorize someone outside your household to get an authorized representative EBT card to buy food for you. If you would like to authorize someone, you must do so in writing. You may do so by printing the person's name, address and adult member of the SNAP household must sign and date the signature sections at the bottom of this page, unless the Authorized Representative has been otherwise designated by the household

in writing.	
IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO AUTHORIZE SOMEONE, PRINT THE PERSON'S NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER, AND SIGN BELOW.	SIGN BELOW.
Name	Phone
☐ Check this box if you want your authorized representative to get an EBT card to buy food for you.	
CERTIFICATION: I have read and understand the notices above. I understand and agree to the terms, authorizations and consents above. I swear and/or affirm under the penalties of perjury that the information I have given or will give to the local Social Services district is correct. Your signature is required below to complete the application process.	is and consents above. I swear and/or t is correct. Your signature is required
APPLICANT SIGNATURE (or Responsible Adult Household Member)	DATE SIGNED
×	
Authorized Representative SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED
<b>)</b>	

IF YOU HELPED COMPLETE THIS APPLICATION / RECERTIFICATION FOR SOMEONE ELSE, PRINT YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS HERE. YOU MAY ALSO

**VOLUNTARILY PRINT YOUR TELEPHONE NUMBER.** 

Name

Phone \_

Page 9

LDSS-4826 (Rev. 12/23)

Use this area for additional information:	
Who:Explanation:	
Who:	
Who:Explanation:	
I CONSENT TO WITHDRAW MY APPLICATION/RECERTIFICATION. I understand that I may reapply at any time.	
SIGNATURE   DATE	
For Agency Use Only	
Eligibility Determined by Date	
Signature of Person Who Obtained Eligibility Information:	
Reason // / Withdrawal Denial Recert. Closing	
Eligibility Approved by Date	
SNAP Authorization Period: FromTo	
☐ IN-PERSON INTERVIEW ☐ TELEPHONE INTERVIEW	
Comments:	



### **NYS Agency-Based Voter Registration Form**

	If you are not registered to vote where you live now, would you				Important!			
lil	ce to apply to register	here today?"	If you	do not check	٦	Applying to register or declining to register to vote will not affect the amount of assistance that you will be provided by this agency.		
	YES If you checked Y VOTER REGIST	<b>ES</b> , please complete the <b>RATION APPLICATION</b> b	any b	ox, you will ensidered to		If you would like help filling out the voter registration application form,		
⊑	NO because I choose	· ·	have	decided not		we will help you. The decision whether to seek or accept help is yours. You may fill out the application form in private.		
∣⊨	, 0	ed at my current addres	at at	this time.		Información en español: si le interesa obtener este formulario en español,		
╽┕	r asked for and receive	ed a mail registration f	orm ——		-	llame al 1-800-367-8683		
			/	/		中文資料: 若您有興趣索取中文資料表格, 請電: 1-800-367-8683		
Si	gnature		Date		-	한국어: 한국어 한국어 양식을 원하시면 1-800-367-8683 으로 저화 하십시오.		
l _					_	্রুল প্রস্থাপন এই কর্মটি ইংরেজীতে পেতে চান তাহলে 1-800-367-8683		
PI	ease Print Name					নম্বরে ফোন করুন		
		VOTER REG	ISTRATI	ON AP	= PL	.ICATION (instructions on back)		
Пλ	es, I need an application fo					blue or black ink Yes, I would like to be an Election Day worke		
	Are you a U.	.S. citizen?	1 1			on or before election day? YES NO For Board Use Only		
1	☐ YES	□ NO	l lvears of a	ge on or befo	re ele	of age and understand that you must be 18 ection day to vote, and that until you will the time of such election your registration		
١.	If you answered <b>NO</b> , do	not complete this form	election?			the time of such election your registration ind you will be unable to cast a ballot in any YES NO		
$\vdash$	Last Name	Fire	If you ans t Name	swered <b>NO</b> to b	oth o	of the prior questions, you cannot register to vote.  Middle Initial Suffix		
3	Lustivanio	1110	rvanio			Middle Initial		
4	Address where you live (do	not give P.O. box)	Aį	pt. No.		City/Town/Village Zip Code County		
5	Address where you get you	r mail (if different than abov	ve)	P.O. Box, Sta	ır Rot	ute, etc. Post Office Zip Code		
6	Date of Birth	Gender (optional)	8 Telephone	e (optional)		Email (optional)		
	The last year you voted	Your address was (give ho	use number, stre	et and city)		ID Number (Check the applicable box and provide your number)		
10					9	New York State DMV number — — — — — — — — —		
'0	In county/state	Under the name (if differen	nt from your nam	e now)	9	Last four digits of your Social Security number — — —		
$\vdash$						I do not have a New York State DMV or Social Security number		
	Political Party					Affidavit: I swear or affirm that		
	I wish to enroll in a p	oolitical party				I am a citizen of the United States.      I will have lived in the county, city or village for at least 30 days before		
	☐ Democratic party☐ Republican party					the election.  • I will meet all requirements to register to vote in New York State.		
11	☐ Conservative part	•			12	This is my signature or mark on the line below.		
	<ul><li>☐ Working Families  </li><li>☐ Other</li></ul>	party 				The above information is true, I understand that if it is not true, I can be convicted and fined up to \$5,000 and/or jailed for up to four years.		
	I do not wish to enroll in	any political party and wish	to be an independ	dent voter				
	☐ No party					Signature or Mark in ink Date		
<u> </u>					_			
		(Optional) Re	egister to	donat	e y	your organs and tissues		
Last	Name			' "	•	below, you certify that you are:		
First	Name	Middle Initia	Suffix	• Con	sent	of age or older to donate all of your organs and tissues for Intation, research, or both;  Mew Work State		
Add	ress	<u>'</u>		Auth	noriz	ing the Board of Elections to provide your name and		
Apt	Number City/Town/Villa	ge	Zip Code	• And	auth	ng information to NYS Donate Life Registry for enrollment; norizing the Registry to allow access to this information to federally regulated ocurement organizations and NYS-licensed tissue and eye banks and others		
Birtl	n Date	Gender M	F			d by the NYS Commissioner of Health hospitals upon your death.		
Eye	Color	Height	_	1		/ /		
<u></u>			Ft. In.	Sigr	natur	re Date		
Ema	II	DMV or ID NYC I	Number					

### **Qualifications for Registration**

### You Can Use This Form To:

- register to vote in New York State;
- change your name and/or address, if there is a change since you last voted:
- enroll in a political party or change your enrollment;
- pre-register to vote if you are 16 or 17 years of age.

### To Register You Must:

- be a U.S. citizen;
- be 18 years old (you may pre-register at 16 or 17 but cannot vote until you are 18):
- be a resident of the County, or of the City of New York at least 30 days before an election;
- not be in prison for a felony conviction;
- not claim the right to vote elsewhere; and
- not found to be incompetent by a court.

### Important!

If you believe that someone has interfered with your right to register or to decline to register to vote, your right to privacy in deciding whether to register or in applying to register to vote, or your right to choose your own political party or other political preference, you may file a complaint with:

NYS Board of Elections
40 North Pearl St, Suite 5
Albany, NY 12207-2729
Telephone: 1-800-469-6872;
TDD/TTY users contact the New York State Relay at 711;
or visit our web site - www.elections.ny.gov

Your decision to register will remain confidential and will be used only for voter registration purposes. Anyone not choosing to register to vote and/ or information regarding the office to which the application was submitted will remain confidential, to be used only for voter registration purposes.

### Verifying your identity

We will try to check your identity before Election Day, through the DMV number (driver's license number or non-driver ID number), or the last four digits of your social security number, which you will fill in Box 9.

If you do not have a DMV or Social Security number, you may use a valid photo ID, a current utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, government check or some other government document that shows your name and address. You may include a copy of one of those types of ID with this form.

If we are unable to verify your identity before Election Day, you will be asked for ID when you vote for the first time.

### To complete this form:

It is a crime to procure a false registration or to furnish false information to the Board of Elections.

Box 9: You must make one selection. For questions refer to Verifying your identity above.

Box 10: If you have never voted before, write "None". If you can't remember when you last voted, put a question mark (?). If you voted before under a different name, put down that name. If not, write "Same".

Box 11: Check one box only. Political party enrollment is optional but that, in order to vote in a primary election of a political party, a voter must enroll in that political party, unless state party rules allow otherwise.



# NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE

HOW TO COMPLETE THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) APPLICATION/RECERTIFICATION AND APPLICANT/RECIPIENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SNAP The LDSS-4826 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)

Application/Recertification can ONLY be used to apply or recertify for SNAP

If you are blind or seriously visually impaired and need an application or these instructions in an alternative format, you may request them from your social services district (SSD). The following alternative formats are available:

- Large print;
- Data format (a screen reader-accessible electronic file);
- Audio format (an audio transcription of the instructions or application questions); and
- Braille, if you assert that none of the alternative formats above will be equally effective for you.

Applications and instructions are also available for download in large print, data format and audio format from <u>www.otda.ny.gov</u>. Please note that applications are available in audio format and Braille solely for informational purposes. In order to apply, you must submit an application in written, non-alternative format. If you have any disabilities that prevent you from completing this application and/or from waiting to be interviewed, please notify your SSD. The SSD will make every effort to provide a reasonable accommodation to address your

If you require another accommodation, or need other help completing this application, please contact your SSD. We are committed to assisting and supporting you in a professional and respectful manner.



NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE

# HOW TO COMPLETE THE SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) APPLICATION/RECERTIFICATION AND APPLICANT/RECIPIENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SNAP (LDSS-4826)

The LDSS-4826 application can ONLY be used to apply or recertify for SNAP

If you are only applying or recertifying for SNAP you can use the LDSS-4826 application. If you would like to apply for other benefits such as Temporary Assistance, Child Care Assistance, Home Energy Assistance or Medicaid please ask for a different application.

### When You Are Applying For SNAP

- You can file an application the same day you receive it. We must accept your application if, at a minimum, it contains your name, address, (if you have one), and a signature. This information will establish your application filing date.
- You must complete the application process, including having an interview and signing the certification statement on page 8 of the application/recertification for your eligibility to be determined. you are eligible, benefits will be provided back to the date you filed your application
- You can apply for and get SNAP for eligible household member(s) even if you or some other members of your household are not eligible for benefits because of immigration status. For example, ineligible non-citizen parents can apply for SNAP for their children and receive benefits for their eligible children.
- You can still apply and be eligible for SNAP even if you have reached your Temporary Assistance time limits.

# Need SNAP Benefits Right Away? You May Be Eligible For Expedited Processing of your SNAP Application.

farmworker with little or no income or resources when you apply, you may be eligible to get SNAP within 7 calendar days of the date you apply. When a resident of an institution is If your household has little or no income or liquid resources, or if your rent and utility expenses are more than your income and liquid resources, or you are a migrant or seasonal jointly applying for SSI and SNAP prior to leaving the institution, the recorded filing date of the application is the date of release of the applicant from the institution.

### Where You Can Apply For SNAP

If you live outside of New York City, you can apply on-line at myBenefits.ny.gov, or call or visit the social services district in the county where you live and ask for an application package, which can be mailed to or dropped off at that appropriate office. You can get the address and phone number of the social services district in your county by calling toll free 1-800-342-3009.

If you live in **New York City** and you are **not** also applying for Temporary Assistance, you can apply on-line at <a href="http://www.nyc.gov/hra">http://www.nyc.gov/hra</a>, or call or visit any SNAP Office and ask for an application package. You can get the address and phone number by calling 1-718-557-1399 or toll free 1-800-342-3009.

### SNAP Interviews

SNAP interviews are usually done over the telephone. If you prefer an in-office interview, you must request one from your social services district.

### When You Are Recertifying For SNAP

- You must submit the signed recertification application before the interview.
- If you miss your interview, it is your responsibility to contact the social services district to reschedule the interview and avoid having your case closed.

Page 3

# INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE SNAP APPLICATION/RECERTIFICATION

Be sure to complete each section by PRINTING clearly in blue or black ink.

Do **NOT** print in the shaded areas.

If you are applying as someone's representative, please print information about that person, not yourself.

ALTERNATIVE FORMATS: Check "YES" or "NO" to indicate whether you are blind or seriously visually impaired and would like to receive written notices in an alternative format. If "Yes," check the type of format you would like. Alternative formats are available in large print, data CD, audio CD, or Braille, if you assert that none of the other alternative formats are equally effective for you. If you require another accommodation, or need other help completing this application, please contact your SSD

### **SECTION 1: APPLICANT INFORMATION**

**NAME: PRINT** your legal name including your first name, middle initial and last name.

**FELEPHONE NUMBER: PRINT** your home phone number.

OTHER PHONE: PRINT another phone number where you can be reached, if you have one.

RESIDENCE ADDRESS: PRINT the street, avenue, road, etc., where you now live. PRINT the city you live in. PRINT your zip code.

MAILING ADDRESS: PRINT your mailing address if it is different from your residence.

OTHER NAME: PRINT any maiden names, names from a previous marriage, or other names that any person listed has been known by or now uses.

Check ( $\checkmark$ ) whether you are applying or recertifying for SNAP.

Check  $(\checkmark)$  if you wish to receive notices in Spanish **and** English or just English.

SECTION 2: Sign your name, date, and provide your address (if you have one) ONLY if you want to submit your application without completing the next page at this time to establish your application filing date. You must complete the application process, including the interview and sign on page 8 for us to determine your eligibility

### SECTION 3: HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS INFORMATION:

# LIST THE NAMES OF EVERYONE WHO LIVES WITH YOU, EVEN IF THEY ARE NOT APPLYING WITH YOU.

PRINT your full name first. Then PRINT the names of the other people who live with you:

PRINT the Social Security Number (if the individual does not have a SSN, enter "none"), date of birth, mantal status and sex for each person applying.

Check (✓) Yes or No to tell us who is applying.

For **each** person in the household, PRINT how they are related to you (for example: wife, son, friend, etc.).

Check (✓) Yes or No if that person buys and/or prepares food with you.

Check ( $\checkmark$ ) Yes or No to indicate if each person applying is Hispanic or Latino.

Enter Y (Yes) or N (No) for each race \*.

Race/Ethnic codes: I - Native American or Alaskan Native, A - Asian, B - Black or African American, P - Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander, W - White

The provision of this information is voluntary. It will not affect the eligibility of the persons applying or the level of benefits received. The reason for this information is to ensure that program penefits are distributed without regard to race, color or national origin

**SECTION 4:** Answer all questions in section 4. Be sure to provide the names of individuals who are not U.S. citizens.

LDSS-4826A (Rev. 12/23)

SECTION 5: INCOME: List all your income and the income of everyone living with you. PRINT the name of the person receiving the income, the source of income and how often it is grants, scholarships, etc.), friends or relatives (other than loans), temporary assistance, pensions or retirement, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Social Security benefits, veterans received. Income can include: Regular job (wages), income before strike, on-the-job-training, military reserves, national guard, work study, alimony, child support, educational assistance benefits, unemployment benefits, worker's compensation, babysitting, taxi driving, cleaning homes or other buildings, farming/ranching, income from a roomer, income from a boarder or NOTE: Foster Care Payments and SNAP – You may choose to include the foster care child or adult in the SNAP household. If you do, any associated foster care payments will be counted as income. All other income or resources of the foster care child also will be counted. If you have any questions about this, make sure to ask your worker.

Be sure to answer all other questions in section 5.

SECTION 6: RESOURCES: Resources do not affect the eligibility of most households applying for SNAP. However, some resource information is used to determine if you qualify for expedited processing of your application. Answer all the questions in Section 6 for yourself and everyone who is applying for SNAP. List the dollar (\$) amount or value and the name of the person who has the resource. Be sure to ndividual retirement account, pension plan, individual development account, stocks/bonds, mutual funds, trust fund, money market certificates, buildings, land, rental property, vacation or ist any joint holdings with non-household members. Resources may include any of the following: cash on hand, cash held by others, checking or savings account, savings bonds, recreational property or house other than home. SECTION 7: EDUCATION/TRAINING AND LANGUAGE: Enter the name of each applying person in the household aged 16 or older, including yourself. For each person, put an "X" in the diploma. Please identify the primary language spoken for each individual in the SNAP household that is age 16 or older. The primary language is the language the individual speaks most in the "0" column for a person, (indicating they do not have a high school diploma or a high school equivalency diploma), enter their highest school grade completed in the "Highest School box in the "Highest Level of Education" section, using the education and training codes shown on the SNAP Application (LDSS-4826). Check only one box per person. If you enter an "X" Grade Completed" box). Leave the "Highest School Grade Completed" box blank if the "0" column is not checked for a person in high school or obtaining a high school equivalency

NOTE: The provision of information regarding highest level of education, highest school grade and primary languages spoken is voluntary. It will not affect the eligibility of the persons applying or the level of benefits received. The information is requested to meet federal reporting requirements

## SECTION 8: LIVING ARRANGEMENTS AND EXPENSES:

PRINT the amount you pay for rent, mortgage, room and board or other housing. List the dollar (\$) amount that you pay for your property taxes and homeowner's insurance.

If you pay for your heat separately, check (<) what type of heat you have and fill in the name of the heating company and your account number.

Also. indicate if

- you pay for other utilities separately from your rent/mortgage, have air conditioning costs and if you do, who pays the separate expense?
- anyone pays legally obligated child support and if so, who, how much, the frequency of payments, and the name of the child(ren) support is being paid for?
- anyone in household applying, who is disabled or at least age 60 has any medical bills such as in-home nursing service, dentures, hearing aid, eyeglasses, seeing eye dog or service animal, health insurance and medical payments, hospital or nursing care, medical or dental services, prescription drugs or medical transportation?
- anyone in your household is on Medicaid with a spenddown and if so, who and how much?
- anyone in your household is enrolled in school or in a training program and if so, who and where, and enrollment status?
- If you or anyone who lives with you age 16 or older who is applying is pregnant, select "Yes" and print your/their name in the space provided following this question.
- If you or anyone who lives with you age 16 or older has any condition that keeps you/them from working or from doing certain kinds of work, select "Yes" and print your/their name in the space provided following this question.

Be sure to answer all other questions in section 8.

# SECTION 9: LEGAL STATEMENTS, RESPONSIBILITIES AND PENALTIES: Read this section carefully or have someone read it to you.

**Vote:** NY State Law provides for fine or jail, or both, for a person found guilty of obtaining SNAP by hiding the facts or not telling the truth.

understand that the State will use my Social Security Number to verify with my home energy vendors the receipt of HEAP. This authorization also includes permission for any of my home energy vendors (including my utility) to release certain statistical information, including but not limited to, my annual electricity usage, electricity costs, fuel consumption, fuel type, annual ruel cost and payment history to the Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance and the local Social Services District and the United States Department of Health and Human Services for he purposes of Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) performance measurement.

discriminating on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex (including gender identity and sexual orientation), religious creed, disability, age, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil NON-DISCRIMINATION NOTICE - In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, this institution is prohibited from ights activity. Program information may be available in languages other than English. Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication to obtain program information (e.g. Braille, large print, audio tape, American Sign Language, etc.), should contact the Agency (State or local) where they applied for benefits. Individuals who are deaf, hard of hearing or have speech disabilities may contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. To file a program discrimination complaint, a complainant should complete a form AD-3027, USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form which can be obtained online at: <a href="http://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ad-3027.pdf">http://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ad-3027.pdf</a>, from any USDA office, by calling (833) 620-1071, or by writing a letter addressed to USDA. The letter must contain the complainant's name, address, telephone number, and a written description of the alleged discriminatory action in sufficient detail to inform the Assistance Secretary for Civil Rights (ASCR) about the nature and date of alleged civil rights violation. The completed AD-3027 form or letter must be submitted to:

- mail: Food and Nutrition Service, USDA 1320 Braddock Place, Room 334 Alexandria, VA 22314; or
- (2) fax: (833) 256-1665 or (202) 690-7442; or
- (3) email: FNSCIVILRIGHTSCOMPLAINTS@usda.gov.

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

SECTION 10: SNAP AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: If you want someone from outside your household to apply for SNAP benefits or get an authorized representative EBT card to ouy the food for you, PRINT their name, address and phone number, unless the authorized representative has been otherwise designated by the household in writing

SECTION 11: SIGNATURES: Sign your name. If you are an Authorized Representative, both you and a responsible adult household member must sign and date the signature sections on bage 8 of the Application/Recertification. When an Authorized Representative is applying on behalf of a SNAP Household that does not reside in an institution, both the Authorized Representative and the Head of Household or another responsible adult member of the household must sign and date the signature sections on Page 8 of the Application/Recertification.

SECTION 12: ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Use this section to let us know additional information that you think we might need to know.

SECTION 13: CONSENT TO WITHDRAW: If you decide you no longer wish to apply for SNAP, sign your name and enter date. You may reapply at any time

The last page of this application is an application to register to vote. If you would like help filling out the voter registration application form, ask your worker. Applying or declining to register to vote will not affect your eligibility or the amount of assistance that you will be given by this agency. Note:

Information from your application and interview will be entered and stored in the Welfare Management System (WMS), a statewide computer system. This system is used to improve the management of Social Services Programs and to deter fraud.

# READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW APPLICANT/RECIPIENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR SNAP

Additional information regarding your rights and responsibilities is contained in the Client Information Books (LDSS-4148A; LDSS-4148B and LDSS-4148C). These books can be obtained at your social services district, and on-line.

### YOU HAVE RIGHTS

- As an Applicant/Recipient of SNAP you must be interviewed as promptly as possible in order to determine eligibility and to issue benefits within 30 days of application filing.
- SNAP interviews are usually done over the telephone. If you prefer an in-office interview, you must request one from your social services district.
- services because you are not fluent in English or hearing or speech impaired. Social Services districts may utilize the TTY/TTD relay systems to gain access to services for You may bring someone to your interview to interpret for you. If you need an interpreter, the agency will arrange for one at no cost to you. You cannot be denied access to hearing or speech impaired applicants/recipients. If you have any special needs you can request special accommodations from your social services district.
- If you have a disability, you have the same right to access and be interviewed for SNAP as someone who does not have a disability.
- Within 30 days of the date you filed your completed application and interview for SNAP, you must be told if your application is approved or denied. If you are eligible for expedited processing you must be told within 7 days after the date you turned in your application if you are qualified for SNAP and/or advised if additional documentation is needed
- You must be given a written notice telling you if your application for SNAP is approved or denied:
- -- If your Application is approved, this notice will tell you the amount of SNAP benefits you will get;
- If your Application is denied, this notice will tell you why and what you should do if you disagree or do not understand this decision.

### WHAT IS A FAIR HEARING

A Fair Hearing is a chance for you to tell an Administrative Law Judge from the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance why you think the social services district's decision about your case was wrong. After the Fair Hearing, the State will issue a written decision which will state whether the social services district's decision was right or wrong. The written decision may order the social services district to correct your case.

### TIME LIMITS TO ASK FOR A FAIR HEARING

tells you that your SNAP benefits have been denied, will be stopped or will be reduced, you may ask for a Fair Hearing within 90 days from the date of the notice. You may ask your case and you want to ask for a Fair Hearing, the notice will tell you how much time you have to ask for the Fair Hearing. Be sure to read all of the notice carefully. If your notice If you want to ask for a Fair Hearing for SNAP, call right away because there are time limits. If you wait too long, you may not be able to get a Fair Hearing. If you get a notice about or a Fair Hearing if you think you are not getting enough SNAP benefits at any time within the certification period

## READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW (cont'd)

### HOW TO ASK FOR A FAIR HEARING

If you live anywhere in New York State, you may request a Fair Hearing by telephone, fax, online, or by writing to the address below.

**Felephone:** Statewide toll free request number is 800-342-3334. Please have the notice, if any, with you when you call

Fax: your Fair Hearing Request to: 518-473-6735

Online: Complete online request form at http://otda.ny.gov/hearings/

In writing: If you received a notice, fill in the supplied space and send a copy of the notice, or write to:

Fair Hearing Section

NYS Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance

N 13 Umice of Ter Fair Hearings

P.O. Box 1930

Albany, New York 12201-1930 Please keep a copy of any notice for yourself

Walk-In: If you live in New York City you may also make your request in person by walking into the Office of Administrative Hearings, Office of Temporary & Disability Assistance, 14 Boerum Place, Brooklyn, New York EMERGENCY - If your situation is very serious, the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance will set up a Fair Hearing for you as soon as possible. When you call or write for a Fair Hearing, be sure to explain that your situation is very serious.

NOTE: For New York City emergency fair hearings only - Call 800-205-0110. Do not use this telephone number for anything except emergencies. Requests that do not involve emergencies will not be taken at this number.

INTERPRETERS – You have the right to an interpreter at no cost to you, if English is not your primary language, or if you are hearing or speech impaired.

will, in most instances, stay the same ("aid continuing") until the Fair Hearing decision is made. If you do not get a notice about your case, and your benefits are stopped or reduced, at the AID CONTINUING - If you get a notice telling you that your benefits will be stopped or reduced, and you ask for a Fair Hearing before the effective date on your notice, your SNAP benefits same time that you ask for a Fair Hearing, you can ask that your SNAP benefits be restored ("aid continuing") until the Fair Hearing decision is made. However, if you get "aid continuing" and you lose the Fair Hearing, you may have to pay back any benefits that you received as "aid continuing" while waiting for the Fair Hearing decision. If you do not want the SNAP benefits you have been getting to stay the same until the Fair Hearing decision is made, you must tell this to the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance when you call or write for a Fair Hearing.

### HOW TO PREPARE FOR A FAIR HEARING

The New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance will send you a notice, which tells you when and where the Fair Hearing will be held. To help you get ready for the Fair Hearing, you have the right to look at your case record and get free copies of the forms and papers which will be given to the Administrative Law Judge at the Fair Hearing. You can also get free copies of any other papers in your case record which you think you may need for the Fair Hearing. Usually, you can get these papers before the hearing or at the hearing at the atest. If you ask for any papers related to your hearing, and the social services district does not give them to you before or at the hearing, you should tell the Administrative Law Judge You should also bring to the Fair Hearing any witnesses who can help you and any information you have such as: Pay stubs, Bills, Receipts, Leases, Doctor's statements, to help you explain why you think the social services district's decision is wrong. You can bring a lawyer, a relative or a friend to the Fair Hearing to help you explain why you think a social services district's decision about your case is wrong. If you think you need a awyer to help you with your Fair Hearing, you may be able to get a lawyer at no cost to you by calling your local Legal Aid or Legal Services Office. For the names of other lawyers, call vour local Bar Association

## READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW (cont'd)

Someone from the social services district will also be at the Fair Hearing to explain the social services district's decision about your case. You or your representative will be able to question his person and any witnesses from the social services district.

If you cannot go to the Fair Hearing, you can send someone else in your place. If you are sending someone who is not a lawyer to the Fair Hearing, you must give this person a letter to give to the Administrative Law Judge. This letter should tell the Judge that you want this person to take your place at the Fair Hearing. If the Administrative Law Judge decides that your presence is required, and your testimony is necessary, the hearing may be re-scheduled for another day for you to appear. You will be notified of the new day by mail

transportation is available, you may be able to get back the money you had to pay for another type of transportation. If you are unable to use public transportation because of a NOTE: If you ask, you will be able to get back the money you had to pay for public transportation, child care and other necessary expenses to go to the fair hearing. If no public medical problem, you may be able to get back the money you had to pay for another type of transportation. However, you may be asked to provide medical verification

### **TO LOOK AT YOUR CASE AND COMPUTER RECORDS**

Once you apply for SNAP or other help, case records and computer records are kept about your case. Usually, you have the right to look at those records. However, you may not be able to look at all of the records. Your worker can explain the rules to you. When you write for copies of your computer records, the Personal Privacy Protection Law requires that New York State agencies, send you your records; or tell you why they will not give you your records; or tell you they have your request and they will determine if you are allowed to get your records within five working days of when they get your request letter

# AN APPLICANTIRECIPIENT OF SNAP HAS SEVERAL RESPONSIBILITIES

# **Employment Requirements for SNAP Applicants and Recipients**

Unless an individual documents to the satisfaction of the social services district that the individual is exempt (not required to participate) from SNAP work requirements (as described below), the individual must:

- Accept a job or a referral to a job opening;
- Not quit a job or choose to work less than 30 hours each week without having a good reason;
  - Provide information regarding their employment status and availability for work; and

    - Participate in work activities as assigned by the social services district

An individual is exempt from SNAP work requirements if documentation is provided to the satisfaction of the social services official that the individual is:

- Younger than 16 years of age or 60 years of age or older.
- Mentally or physically disabled, incapacitated or ill and unable to engage in work activities.
- Responsible for the care of a dependent child under the age of six. If you are participating in work experience under a federally-funded Temporary Assistance program, this exemption from SNAP work requirements does not apply
  - Subject to and complying with a work requirement under a federally funded Temporary Assistance program.
    - Responsible for the care of an incapacitated person.
- An applicant for or recipient of Unemployment Insurance Benefits.
- A regular participant in a drug or alcohol treatment program.
- A student enrolled at least half-time in a recognized school, training program or institution of higher education
- Employed at least 30 hours a week or earning at least the equivalent of 30 times the federal minimum wage per week
  - An applicant for Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and SNAP benefits under the joint processing provisions; or
- A 16 or 17 year old individual who is not the head of household or who is attending school or an employment program at least half-time

If an individual fails or refuses to comply with a SNAP work assignment or quits a job, the individual may become ineligible for SNAP benefits. The length of time that the individual is ineligible for SNAP benefits depends on the number of times the individual has been sanctioned for not complying with a work requirement.

## READ THE IMPORTANT INFORMATION BELOW (cont'd) Additional Eligibility Requirements for SNAP Recipients who are Able-Bodied Adults without Dependents (ABAWDs)

An individual who is required to comply with SNAP work requirements, must meet additional SNAP eligibility requirements unless the individual is:

- Homeles
- 24 years of age or younger and who was in foster care on their 18th birthday;
- Under 18 years of age or 53 years of age or older;
- Living in a SNAP household that includes a member who is under 18 years of age;
- A Veterar
- A recipient of disability benefits from a public or private source, such as NYS disability benefits;
- Pregnant; or
- Unable to work at least 80 hours a month due to a physical or mental limitation.

NOTE: Only the individual who meets one or more of the conditions listed above would be exempt from ABAWD requirements. Other ABAWDs in the SNAP household would still be required to comply with ABAWD requirements in order to continue to receive SNAP benefits for more than 3 months in a 36-month period. Individuals who are not exempt from the Additional Eligibility Requirement listed above are an ABAWD and are only eligible to receive SNAP benefits for three months in a 36 month period unless that individual:

- Works (including "in-kind" work and volunteer work) for at least 80 hours per month;
- Participates in an employment and training program for veterans operated by the Department of Labor or the Department of Veterans Affairs;
  - Participates in a qualifying work/training program approved by the social services district for at least 80 hours per month;
- Complies with a Work Experience Program (WEP) assignment for the number of hours per month equal to their household's SNAP benefit divided by the higher of the federal or State minimum
- Participates in a program under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act which may include job search, job readiness, occupational skills training and education activities, or the Trade Act of 1974 for at least 80 hours per month; or,
- Participates in a combination of work or qualifying work programs for at least 80 hours per month.

**NOTE:** The federal ABAWD requirements listed above apply to each ABAWD in the SNAP household.

participating in work or qualifying activities for at least 80 hours per month and wants to receive SNAP benefits beyond the 3 month limit and is unable to secure paid employment of at least 30 hours a month, the ABAWD should immediately contact the social services district to discuss the work or work programs that are available to permit the ABAWD to meet their federal If the ABAWD is meeting any of the requirements listed above, but has not notified the social services district, the individual should immediately contact the social services district and provide documentation of their participation to avoid becoming ineligible for SNAP benefits after receiving SNAP benefits for 3 months in a 36-month period. If the ABAWD is not ABAWD requirement.

In addition, the ABAWD must provide documentation of participation in unpaid work activities on a monthly basis and report to the social services district within 10 days after the end of the month if the ABAWD's work hours go below 80 hours a month. Failure to comply with these requirements without good cause may result in the ABAWD being ineligible for SNAP benefits.

### OOD CAUSE

An individual may also have a good cause reason that prevented the individual from complying with work requirements, working ore participating in ABAWD qualifying activities for at least good cause or exemption from the work requirements including the ABAWD work rules, when requested by the social services district. Proof of good cause or exemption could include a requirement during the month. Good cause examples may include but are not limited to: a temporary illness or a household emergency. An individual is required to provide proof of any 30 hours in the month. Good cause is an event or circumstance beyond an individual's control that prevents an individual from meeting the work requirements including the ABAWD statement from a medical professional providing the individual's care.

district and provide supporting documentation. If an ABAWD does not meet the federal ABAWD requirements and loses eligibility for SNAP as a result, the individual may be able to receive f an individual believes that they have good cause for not meeting the work requirements including the ABAWD requirements or the individual believes that they should be exempt from the requirements because they meet one of the conditions identified above or live in an area with an approved ABAWD waiver, the individual should immediately contact the social services SNAP again, if otherwise eligible, and should immediately contact the social services district to discuss what they need to do to regain SNAP eligibility.

### F YOU ARE SUSPECTED OF FRAUD

If you find out that you are being investigated because your worker thinks you did not tell the truth about your case, you should talk to a lawyer. If you are charged with welfare fraud in criminal court, the court will, if you are eligible, assign a lawyer to represent you at no cost.

## RESPONSIBILITY TO RESCHEDULE A MISSED INTERVIEW:

As an Applicant/Recipient of SNAP, you are responsible to reschedule a missed interview before the 30th day after the date you applied to avoid losing SNAP.

### RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE PROOF

When you are applying for SNAP, you will be asked to provide proof of certain things. Your worker will advise you of what is needed. Document requirements may vary for different assistance programs. If the social services district already has proof of certain things that do not change such as social security number, you do not need to prove it again.

By having proof of identity and other important documents when you first apply for assistance, you may be able to get help sooner.

If you are dropping off documents at your social services office, ask for a receipt which should include the district name, your name, the date, time, list of each specific document being left, and the name of the worker giving you the receipt. You must provide the proof that your worker tells you is needed to have your eligibility for SNAP determined. If you have trouble getting the requested proof, make it known to your worker.

### NON-CITIZEN ELIGIBILITY INFORMATION

Many non-citizens are qualified non-citizens who are eligible for SNAP. Even if you are not, your children may be eligible. SNAP should not affect your immigration status with respect to any JSCIS decision regarding your immigration matter. You may be eligible for SNAP if you are a United States (U.S.) citizen, a non-citizen U.S. national (people born in American Samoa or Swains Island), or a qualified alien. A qualified noncitizen for SNAP eligibility is:

- An American Indian born in Canada with at least 50 per centum of blood of the American Indian race under section 289 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA); or
  - A member of a federally recognized Indian tribe under section 4(e) of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act; or
- A non-citizen admitted as a Hmong or Highland Laotian, including the spouse (or un-remarried surviving spouse) or unmarried dependent child; or რ.
  - A refugee admitted under section 207 of the INA; or
- A non-citizen granted asylum under section 208 of the INA; or
- A non-citizen whose deportation has been withheld under section 243(h) of the INA as in effect prior to April 1, 1997, or removal withheld under section 241(b)(3) of the INA; or
- A non-citizen admitted as a Cuban or Haitian entrant under section 501(e) of the Refugee Education Assistance Act of 1980; or 4. 7. 0. 7. 8. 9.
  - A non-citizen who is a victim of trafficking under section 103(8) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000; or
- A lawfully residing alien who is on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces, an honorably discharged veteran whose discharge is not because of immigration status, his or her spouse, unmarried dependent children, or un-remarried surviving spouse; or
  - A non-citizen admitted as an Amerasian; or
- A non-citizen lawfully admitted for permanent residence under the INA and who has 5 years in status; or
- A non-citizen paroled under section 212(d)(5) of the INA for at least 1 year and who has 5 years in status; or
- A battered spouse or child, parent of a battered child or child of a battered parent with a petition pending or approved under 8 USC 1641(c) who entered before 8/22/96 or has years in status; or 6 + 5 6

2

- 14. Non-citizens also may be eligible for SNAP if:
- They are lawfully admitted for permanent residence and have earned, or can be credited with 40 quarters of work; or
- They are in a qualified status listed above and receive certain disability or blindness benefits; or
- They are in a qualified status listed above and are under 18 years old; or
- They are lawfully in the U.S. on August 22, 1996 and are blind, disabled or 60 years of age or older; or
- They are Iraqi or Afghani nationals granted special immigration status under section 101(a)(27) of the INA or have been granted conditional entry under section 203(a)(7) of the INA as in effect before 4/1/80.

### **Ordering Blank SNAP Applications from OTDA**

Hard copies of SNAP applications and other related publications from OTDA are available free of charge. To order copies of these documents in large quantities, visit <a href="https://documents.org/publications/order/">order/</a> or fill out OTDA Form 876 and mail the completed form to the address below. Please allow three weeks for processing of order. Form 867 can be found on the next page.

NYS Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance Document Services PO Box 1990 Albany, NY 12201

Fax: 518-402-0084

Email: Forms.Orders@otda.ny.gov

This information can be found at otda.ny.gov/programs/publications/order/

### Instructions for filling out the form:

- For SNAP-only applications, use document number 4826
- For document title, use "SNAP Benefits Application/Recertification"
- Make sure to specify language(s) you would like:
  - English
  - Spanish
  - Arabic
  - Chinese
  - Haitian-Creole
  - Korean
  - Russian

### Note:

- Requests for the same items are limited to **twice** per year.
- Remember to order a sufficient supply at least two months in advance.

### **Request for Documents or Publications**

Submit Completed Form to: <a href="mailto:Forms.Orders@Otda.ny.gov">Forms.Orders@Otda.ny.gov</a>
Social Service Districts May Also Order Online: <a href="mailto:http://formorders/">http://formorders/</a>

Receiver's Name			Business Name		
Stroot Address (M/	e cannot ship to PO Bo	oves	Suite	, Apt, Floor, Etc	
Street Address (W	e cannot ship to r O Bo	0,63)	Suite	, Apt, 1 1001, Ltc	•
City			State		ZIP
Please order dod	cuments in numerio	a re-order point to ensur cal sequence and specify shipping of your order.			T number of boxes.
Form Number	Form Title				Quantity Requested (Number of Forms)
Agency/Program S	Submitting Request		Requestor Name		
	<b>3</b> - 4				
Email Address (Re	equired)	Phone Number		Date Submitted	
Notes					

**NEW YORK STATE** 

OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE

SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRIT	ION ASSISTANCE	PROGRAM	(SNAP)
APPLICATION EXPEDITE	ED PROCESSING	<b>SUMMARY S</b>	HEET

MONTH DAY YEAR DATE

APPLICATION EXPEDITED PROCESSING SUMMAR					,	FILED			
	NAME		CASE NUMBER	SCREENED BY		DATE OF	MONTH	DAY	YEAR
						SCREENING			
			INSTRUCTIONS FO	R COMPLETING T	HIS FORM				
1.	Screen a	Il applicants for expedited a	application processing on the da	y of application.					
2.		ults of screening in Part Fo ven calendar days of applic	ur; and if qualified for expedited eation.	application process	ing, conduct a Full Eli	gibility Interviev	w and cor	nplete Pa	art Five
3.	<ul> <li>If Full Eligibility Interview determines Household eligible for SNAP benefits:         <ul> <li>Make benefits available to client within seven calendar days after the date of application</li> <li>Send/Provide client with the CNS "Approval Notice" or manual "Action Taken Notice" within seven calendar days after the application date</li> <li>Follow-up on all pended verification before issuance of on-going benefits beyond the initial expedited issuance period</li> </ul> </li> </ul>						e		
			PART ONE	- CHECK YES OR	NO				
	OTE: IF "YE VIOLE	ES" IS CHECKED, BUT HOUS	NG SNAP BENEFITS THIS MONTH SEHOLD ENTERED A DOMESTIC IE MONTH OF APPLICATION,	NO PRO	YES, HOUSEHOLD DO T QUALIFY FOR EXPE DCESSING MPLETE PART FOUR			IO, CONT H <u>PART 1</u>	
			PART TWO	- CHECK YES OR	NO				
	*	* In determining GROSS INC	OME, exclude non-countable incom			erson outside th	e househo	ıld.	
SI	ECTION A	CHECK YES OR NO  DOES THE HOUSEHOLD SAVINGS OR OTHER LIQ  HAS THE HOUSEHOLD RE RECEIVE LESS THAN \$15	HAVE \$100 OR LESS IN CASH, UID RESOURCES, AND ECEIVED OR DOES IT EXPECT TO 0 GROSS INCOME ** DURING TH	YES - IF Y QU PRO CO	YES, HOUSEHOLD ALIFIES FOR EXPEDIT OCESSING. MPLETE PART FOUR		NO - IF	NO, CON	
SI	ECTION B	MONTH OF APPLICATION	AL GROSS INCOME ** DURING I PLUS THE HOUSEHOLD'S LIQU I THEIR MONTHLY RENT/MORTG S?  Income: \$ Resources: on	AGE FOR EXPEDIT  COMPLETE P	SEHOLD <b>QUALIFIES</b> FED PROCESSING. ART FOUR	NO IF NO, HOUS QUALIFY FOI PROCESSING UNDER PART MIGRANT/SE OTHERWISE,	R EXPEDI G <u>UNLESS</u> THREE. THREE I ASONALI	TED QUALIFI F <u>A</u> FARMWO	ED <u>RKER</u>
	* Use HT/AC Standard Utility Allowance (SUA) only if household incurs costs or received HEAP greater than \$20 during the month of application or within the previous 12 months of application.  ** Use the Homeless Shelter Deduction for "undomiciled" households who do not reside in a homeless shelter.								
		PART THR	EE – MIGRANT/SEASONAL FARM	I WORKER HOUSEH	OLDS ONLY - CHECK	YES OR NO			
	RESOURCE THE ONLY	HOUSEHOLD WITH NO MOI CES? AND INCOME FOR THE MONTH TERMINATED BEFORE APP OR	OF APPLICATION: LICATION?	☐YES		F NO, HOUSEH FOR EXPEDITE COMPLETE PA ONTINUE WITH	D PROCE RT FOUR	SSING.	JALIFY
		UR							

IF YES TO QUESTION A, AND YES TO EITHER QUESTION B1 OR QUESTION B2, HOUSEHOLD **QUALIFIES** FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING, IF NO TO BOTH B1 & B2 HH DOES **NOT QUALIFY**, <u>COMPLETE PART FOUR IN EITHER SITUATION</u>

YES

NO

(2) IS NEW, AND NO MORE THAN \$25 GROSS INCOME WILL BE

RECEIVED WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

Р	ART FOUR - RESULTS OF EVALUATION FOR EXPED	DITED APPLICATION PROCESS	SING - CHECK ONE
QUALIFIED	FOR EXPEDITED APPLICATION PROCESSING. [	□NOT QUALIFIED FOR EXPEDITED APPLICATION PROCESSING STOP HERE	NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION IS PROVIDED ON THE APPLICATION TO DETERMINE IF ELIGIBLE FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING.
NOTES:			
	PART FIVE - ELIGIBILITY INTERVI	EW – COMPLETE SECTIONS A	
	VERIFICATION - CHI	ECK YES OR NO	
1. CAN APPLICANT'S IDENTITY BE VERIFIED?  IF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE IS NOT READILY AVAILABLE, COLLATERAL CONTACTS ARE ACCEPTABLE. NO SPECIFIC DOCUMENT CAN BE REQUIRED.  2. WAS THE HOUSEHOLD'S LAST ISSUANCE AN EXPEDITED ISSUANCE?  SECTION A		YES, IF ELIGIBLE BENEFITS CAN BE ISSUED PROVIDED ANY OUTSTANDING REQUIREMENTS HAVE BEEN MET GO TO QUESTION 2	NO IF APPLICANT IS DEEMED ELIGIBLE, SNAP BENEFITS CANNOT BE ISSUED UNTIL VERIFICATION OF IDENTITY IS PROVIDED GO TO QUESTION 2
		YES GO TO QUESTION 3	NO IF DEEMED ELIGIBLE, HH CAN RECEIVE BENEFITS WITH ALL OTHER VERIFICATION PENDED,
	3. IF YES TO QUESTION 2, HAS ALL RELEVANT VERIFICATION BEEN SUBMITTED?	YES  IF DEEMED ELIGIBLE HH CAN RECEIVE BENEFITS WITH ALL OTHER VERIFICATION PENDED, CONTINUE TO SECTION B	CONTINUE TO SECTION B  NO  If HH IS DEEMED ELIGIBLE, SNAP BENEFITS CANNOT BE ISSUED UNTIL ELIGIBILITY IS VERIFIED. ALLOW 10 DAYS FOR VERIFICATION TO BE SUBMITTED.  DATE SUBMITTED.
DATE ELIGIBILITY	NTERVIEW: WORKER NAME:		DATE SUBMITTED:

SUI		NEW YORK STATE OFFI TRITION ASSISTANC EDITED PROCESSING	E PRO	•		DATE APPLICATION FILED	MONTH	DAY	YEAR
CASE NAME		CASE NUMBER		EENED BY		DATE OF SCREENING	MONTH	DAY	YEAR
		INSTRUCTIONS F	FOR COM	MPLETING THIS FORM					
1. Screen a	Ill applicants for expedited app	olication processing on the day of a	application	٦.					
	sults of screening in Part Four days of application.	; and if qualified for expedited appli	ication pro	ocessing, conduct a Full Eligi	ibility Inte	erview and comp	lete Part Fi	ve within s	seven
3. If Full Eli	gibility Interview determines H	ousehold eligible for SNAP benefits	s:						
• Ma	ke benefits available to client	within seven calendar days after th	ne date of	application.					
• Se	nd/Provide client with the CNS	S "Approval Notice" or manual "Acti	ion Taken	Notice" within seven calenda	ar days a	after the applicati	on date.		
• Fol	low-up on all pended verificat	ion before issuance of on-going be	nefits bey	ond the initial expedited issu	ance pe	riod.			
		PART ON	IE – CHE	CK YES OR NO					
10 THE HOL				YES - IF YES, HOUSEH	HOLD D	oes [	NO - IF	NO, CON	TINUE
NOTE: IF "	YES" IS CHECKED, BUT HOU	/ING SNAP BENEFITS THIS MON JSEHOLD ENTERED A DOMESTI THE MONTH OF APPLICATION,		NOT QUALIFY F PROCESSING	FOR EXF	PEDITED	WI	TH <u>PART</u>	TWO
COI	NTINUE WITH PART TWO.			COMPLETE PAR	RT FOUR	<u> </u>			
		PART TW	VO – CHE	CK YES OR NO					
	** In determining GROSS IN	COME, exclude non-countable inco			nade to a	a person outside	the househ	old.	
				YES - IF YES, HOUSEI	HOLD	•	□NO-I	F NO, CO	NTINUE
	CHECK YES OR NO			QUALIFIES FOR		OITED	_	VITH SEC	
SECTION A	DOES THE HOUSEHOLD SAVINGS OR OTHER LICE	D HAVE \$100 OR LESS IN CASH, QUID RESOURCES, AND		PROCESSING.  COMPLETE PART FOUR					
^		RECEIVED OR DOES IT EXPECT 50 GROSS INCOME ** DURING T N?		COMPLETE PAR	KI FOUR	7			
	MONTH OF APPLICATION	TAL GROSS INCOME ** DURING ON PLUS THE HOUSEHOLD'S LIC AN THEIR MONTHLY RENT/MORT ES?	QUID	YES IF YES, HOUSEHOLD QUA FOR EXPEDITED PROCES		IF NO, HOU QUALIFY FOR	OR EXPED	ITED	
	Rent/Mortgage: \$	Income: \$		COMPLETE PART FOUR		PROCESSIN UNDER PAR			-IED
	****	Resources:							
SECTION	*Utilities:					GO TO PAR MIGRANT/S			ODKED
В	*Telephone:					OTHERWIS			
	*Homeless Shelter Deduc	etion							
	Total Expenses: \$	Totals:							
* Use HT/AC Standard Utility Allowance (SUA) only if household incurs costs or received HEAP greater than \$20 during the month of application or within the previous 12 months of application.  ** Use the Homeless Shelter Deduction for "undomiciled" households who do no reside in a homeless shelter.									
PART THREE - MIGRANT/SEASONAL FARM WORKER HOUSEHOLDS ONLY - CHECK YES OR NO									
A 10 Time			KIVI VVUK		$\overline{}$				
A. IS THIS A	A HOUSEHOLD WITH NO MO RCES? ANI			YES	NO -	- IF NO, HOUSE FOR EXPEDIT COMPLETE P	ED PROCI	ESSING.	≀UALIFY
B. THF ON	Y INCOME FOR THE MONT					<u> </u>		-	
	S TERMINATED BEFORE AP	PLICATION?		YES	NO	CONTINUE WIT	H B2		
		25 GROSS INCOME WILL BE		YES	NO				
		EITHER QUESTION B1 OR QUEST QUALIFY, COMPLETE PART FO			FOR EXI	PEDITED PROC	ESSING,		

PART FOUR - RESULTS OF EVALUATION FOR EXPEDITED APPLICATION PROCESSING - CHECK ONE

QUALIFIED FOR EXPEDITED APPLICATION PROCESSING.

NOT QUALIFIED FOR EXPEDITED APPLICATION TO DETERMINE IF ELIGIBLE FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING.

NOTES:

PART FIVE - ELIGIBILITY INTERVIEW - COMPLETE SECTIONS A, B AND C

VERIFICATION - CHECK YES OR NO

1. CAN APPLICANT'S IDENTITY BE VERIFIED?

PART FOUR - RESULTS OF EVALUATION FOR EXPEDITED APPLICANT IS DEFMED.

NOTES:

| NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION IS PROVIDED ON THE APPLICANT IS DEFMED.

PART FIVE - ELIGIBILITY INTERVIEW – COMPLETE SECTIONS A, B AND C						
	VERIFICATION - CHEC	CK YES OR NO				
SECTION A	1. CAN APPLICANT'S IDENTITY BE VERIFIED?  IF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE IS NOT READILY AVAILABLE, COLLATERAL CONTACTS ARE ACCEPTABLE. NO SPECIFIC DOCUMENT CAN BE REQUIRED.	NO IF APPLICANT IS DEEMED ELIGIBLE, SNAP BENEFITS CANNOT BE ISSUED UNTIL VERIFICATION OF IDENTITY IS PROVIDED GO TO QUESTION 2				
	WAS THE HOUSEHOLD'S LAST ISSUANCE AN EXPEDITED ISSUANCE?	YES GO TO QUESTION 3	NO IF DEEMED ELIGIBLE, HH CAN RECEIVE BENEFITS WITH ALL OTHER VERIFICATION PENDED,			
	3. IF YES TO QUESTION 2, HAS ALL RELEVANT VERIFICATION BEEN SUBMITTED?	YES  IF DEEMED ELIGIBLE HH CAN RECEIVE BENEFITS WITH ALL OTHER VERIFICATION PENDED,	CONTINUE TO SECTION B  NO  If HH IS DEEMED ELIGIBLE, SNAP BENEFITS CANNOT BE ISSUED UNTIL ELIGIBILITY IS VERIFIED. ALLOW 10 DAYS FOR			
		CONTINUE TO SECTION B	VERIFICATION TO BE SUBMITTED.  DATE REQUESTED:  DATE SUBMITTED:			
SECTION B	DATE OF ELIGIBILITY INTERVIEW:	WORKER NAME:				

AGENCY DISPOSITION OF SNAP BENEFIT ELIGIBILITY - CHECK APPROPRIATE BOXES					
SECTION C	COMPLETION OF THIS SECTION IS OPTIONAL – D  ELIGIBLE  ELIGIBLE (Applied on or before 15 <sup>th</sup> of month; zero bend  ELIGIBLE (Applied after 15 <sup>th</sup> of month; zero first month's  ELIGIBLE (Applied after 15 <sup>th</sup> of month; prorated first month is in the control of the	efit due to proration) s benefit due to proration; full second month's benefit) nth's benefit plus second month's benefit)  M DUE TO PROGRAM RULES (provide explanation in comments.) EE A1 ABOVE)			
DATE OF FINAL DISPOSITION ON SNAP BENEFIT ELIGIBILITY:		WORKER NAME:			

LDSS-4942 (Rev. 10/16) NYSOTDA

### SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE REQUEST FORM

If you are blind or seriously visually impaired and need this application/form in an alternative format, you may request one from your social services district. For additional information regarding the types of formats available, contact your social services district or visit <a href="https://www.otda.ny.gov">www.otda.ny.gov</a>.

If you are blind or seriously visually im written notices in an alternative format	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
If Yes, check the type of format you wo Data CD Audio CD Bother alternative formats will be equally	raille, if you assert that none of the
If you require another accommodation, district.	please contact your social services
Applicant/Recipient Name:	Applicant Address:
Applicant/Recipient Case Number:	
benefits for you. You can also authorize someone to use your SI	eone who knows your household circumstances to <b>apply</b> for SNAP NAP benefit card to buy food for you. If you would like to authorize You may do so by printing the person's name, address and phone
Authorized Representative Name:	Authorized Representative Address:
Authorized Representative Telephone Number:	
I authorize the above designated individual to act as my representation understand that if I do not check any of the boxes below, my authoristed next to the boxes. I understand that I may revoke all or part of	tive until I revoke this authorization for the purposes checked below. I brized representative will be authorized to perform all of the functions this authorization at any time by notifying my local district in writing.
Please Check the Application for SNAP benefits	To use my SNAP benefit (EBT card) to purchase food for me

**SNAP PENALTY WARNING** – Any information you provide in connection with your application for SNAP will be subject to verification by Federal, State and local officials. If any information is incorrect, you may be denied SNAP. You may be subject to criminal prosecution if you knowingly provide incorrect information which affects eligibility or the amount of benefits. Anyone who is violating a condition of probation or parole or anyone who is fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody or confinement for a felony, and is actively being pursued by law enforcement, is not eligible to receive SNAP benefits.

Recertification for SNAP benefits All of the above

Appropriate Box(es)

### **SNAP PENALTY WARNING (continued)**

If a SNAP household member is found to have committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV), the member will not be able to get SNAP benefits for a period of:

- 12 months for the first SNAP-IPV;
- 24 months for the second SNAP-IPV;
- 24 months for the <u>first</u> SNAP-IPV, that is based on a court finding that the individual used or received SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of a controlled substance. (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's prescription is required.)
- 120 months if found to have made a fraudulent statement about who you are or where you live in order to get multiple SNAP benefits simultaneously, unless permanently disqualified for a third IPV.

Additionally, a court may bar an individual from participating in SNAP for an additional 18 months.

Permanent disqualification of an individual for:

- The <u>first</u> SNAP-IPV based on a court finding of using or receiving SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of firearms, ammunition or explosives;
- The <u>first</u> SNAP-IPV based on a court conviction for trafficking SNAP benefits for a combined amount of \$500 or more (Trafficking includes the illegal use, transfer, acquisition, alteration or possession of SNAP authorization cards or access devices);
- The <u>second</u> SNAP-IPV based on a court finding that an individual used or received SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of a controlled substance. (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's prescription is required);
- All third SNAP Intentional Program Violations.

Any person convicted of a felony for knowingly using, transferring, acquiring, altering or possessing SNAP authorization cards or access devices may be fined up to \$250,000, imprisoned up to 20 years or both. The individual may also be subject to prosecution under the applicable Federal and State laws.

You may be found ineligible for SNAP or found to have committed an IPV if:

- You make a false or misleading statement, or misrepresent, conceal or withhold facts in order to qualify for benefits or receive more benefits: or
- Purchase a product with SNAP benefits with the intent of obtaining cash by intentionally discarding the product and returning the container for the deposit amount; or
- Commit or attempt to commit any act that constitutes a violation of Federal or State law for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of SNAP benefits, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of the Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) system.

Additionally the following is not allowed and, you may be disqualified from receiving SNAP benefits and/or be subject to penalties for actions that include:

- Using or have in your possession EBT cards that do not belong to you, without the card owner's consent; or
- Using SNAP benefits to buy nonfood items, such as alcohol or cigarettes, or to pay for food previously purchased on credit; or
- Allowing someone else to use your electronic benefit transfer (EBT) card in exchange for cash, firearms, ammunition, explosives, or drugs or to purchase food for individuals who are not members of the SNAP household.

**Note:** Both the applicant and/or authorized representative are subject to the above penalties.

Applicant Signature:	Date:
As an authorized representative I acknowledge the information set forth above.	
Authorized Representative Signature:	Date:

LDSS-4942 SP (Rev. 10/16) NYSOTDA

### PROGRAMA DE ASISTENCIA NUTRICIONAL SUPLEMENTARIA (SNAP) FORMULARIO DE PETICIÓN DE REPRESENTANTE AUTORIZADO

Si usted es una persona ciega o tiene un impedimento visual grave y necesita esta solicitud / formulario en un formato alternativo, lo puede solicitar de su distrito de servicios sociales. Si desea información adicional sobre los tipos de formatos disponibles, comuníquese con su distrito de servicios sociales o ingrese a <a href="www.otda.ny.gov">www.otda.ny.gov</a>.

•	•	n impedimento visual grave, ¿Le mato alternativo? Sí No	
CD de Datos	CD Audio	nato que desea: Letra Grande Braille, si usted determina que vos le serán de igual utilidad a usted.	
Si usted necesita servicios sociale	•	or de comunicarse con su distrito de	
Nombre del solicitante o beneficiario	:	Domicilio del solicitante:	
Número de caso del solicitante o ber	neficiario:		
solicite el subsidio SNAP por persona compre los alimento	r usted. Usted también puede autorizar s por usted. Si desea autorizar a otra	otra persona que conozca las circunstancias de su hogar para qu a otra persona a utilizar su tarjeta de subsidio SNAP para que dich persona para que realice uno de esos propósitos, debe hacerlo p re, domicilio y número de teléfono de dicha persona y firmando al p	ha or
Nombre de Representante Autorizad	do:	Domicilio de Representante Autorizado:	
Número de Teléfono de Representa	nte Autorizado:		
revoque mi autorización. En autorizado a realizar todas la	itiendo que si no marco ninguno de	sentación para el propósito marcado a continuación, hasta que los casilleros a continuación, mi representante autorizado esta Entiendo que puedo revocar parcial o enteramente esta autorización.	irá
Sírvase marcar el/los casillero(s) pertinente(s)	Solicitud de subsidio SNAP  Revalidación de subsidio SNAP	<ul><li>Usar mi subsidio SNAP (Tarjeta EBT) para comprar los alimentos por mí .</li><li>Todas las anteriores</li></ul>	

**ADVERTENCIA SOBRE MULTA RELACIONADA CON SNAP** – Toda información que usted suministre en relación con su solicitud de subsidio SNAP estará sujeta a verificación por autoridades federales, estatales y locales. De encontrarse información inexacta, se le podrá negar el subsidio SNAP. Se le someterá a enjuiciamientos penales por proporcionar, a sabiendas, información incorrecta que afecte su habilitación para recibir beneficios, o afecte el monto de los mismos. Toda persona que esté en violación de una de las reglas de libertad condicional («probation») o libertad bajo palabra («parole») o que esté huyendo para evitar un juicio, custodia o prisión por un delito grave, y actualmente es un prófugo de la ley, no es apto para recibir los subsidios SNAP.

Firma del Solicitante:

Fecha:

### ADVERTENCIA SOBRE MULTA RELACIONADA CON SNAP (continuación)

Si un integrante del grupo familiar beneficiario de SNAP es declarado culpable de Violación Intencional del Programa (IPV), esa persona no podrá recibir los subsidios de SNAP por un período de:

- 12 meses por la <u>primera</u> Violación Intencional del Programa SNAP (SNAP-IPV);
- 24 meses por la segunda Violación Intencional del Programa SNAP;
- 24 meses por la <u>primera</u> SNAP-IPV, si un tribunal de justicia lo declara culpable de haber utilizado o recibido subsidios de SNAP en una transacción de venta de una sustancia controlada. (Drogas ilegales o ciertas drogas para las cuales se requiere una receta médica).
- Por 120 meses, si se le declara culpable de haber hecho una declaración falsa sobre su identidad o su domicilio, con el fin de obtener múltiples subsidios SNAP simultáneamente, a menos que sea inhabilitado permanentemente por una tercera IPV.

Además, un tribunal de justicia también podrá impedir que una persona reciba subsidios de SNAP por un período adicional de 18 meses.

La inhabilitación permanente de un individuo por:

- La <u>primera</u> SNAP-IPV, si un tribunal de justicia lo declara culpable de haber utilizado o recibido beneficios de SNAP en una transacción para vender u obtener armas de fuego, municiones o explosivos;
- La <u>primera</u> SNAP-IPV, si un tribunal de justicia lo declara culpable de traficar beneficios de SNAP por un valor de \$500 o más. (El tráfico incluye uso, transferencia, obtención, alteración o posesión ilegal de fondos de SNAP, tarjetas de autorización o dispositivos de acceso);
- Por la <u>segunda</u> SNAP-IPV, según la decisión de un tribunal de justicia que lo declara culpable de haber recibido subsidios de SNAP en una transacción de venta de sustancias controladas. (Drogas ilegales o ciertas drogas para las cuales se requiere una receta médica).
- Todas las terceras Violaciones Intencionales del Programa SNAP.

Toda persona culpable de un delito grave por (a sabiendas) usar, transferir, adquirir, alterar o poseer fondos de SNAP, tarjetas de autorización o dispositivos de acceso, se le podrá imponer una multa de hasta \$250,000; una pena de prisión de hasta 20 años, o ambas sanciones. El individuo también podrá estar sujeto a enjuiciamiento penal conforme las leyes federales y estatales vigentes.

Se le podría declarar inhabilitado para recibir SNAP o declarado culpable de una Violación Intencional del Programa (IPV) si usted:

- Hace una declaración falsa o engañosa o hace una representación falsa, oculta o retiene hechos con el fin de habilitar para recibir subsidios o recibir más subsidios; o
- Comprar un producto con subsidios SNAP con el fin de obtener dinero en efectivo desechando intencionalmente el producto y
  devolviendo el envase por el monto del depósito; o
- Comete o intenta cometer un acto que constituye una violación de una ley federal o estatal con el objeto de usar, presentar, transferir, adquirir, recibir, poseer o traficar subsidios de SNAP, tarjetas de autorización o documentos reusables utilizados como parte del sistema de Transferencia Electrónica de Beneficios (EBT).

Además, no está permitido lo siguiente y se le puede inhabilitar para recibir el subsidio SNAP o estará sujeto a sanciones por las siguientes acciones:

- Usar o tener posesión de tarjetas EBT que no le pertenecen a usted sin el consentimiento del propietario de la tarjeta; o
- Usar el subsidio SNAP para comprar artículos no comestibles, tales como alcohol y cigarrillos, o pagar por comida previamente adquirida a crédito; o
- Permitir que otra persona use su tarjeta de transferencia electrónica de beneficios (EBT), a cambio de dinero en efectivo, armas de fuego, municiones, explosivos, o drogas; o comprar alimentos para personas que no forman parte del grupo familiar beneficiario de SNAP.

**Nota:** tanto el solicitante como el representante autorizado estarán sujetos a las sanciones anteriores.

Como representante autorizado, doy fe de lo anterior.	
Firma del Representante Autorizado:	Fecha:

LDSS-2642 (Rev. 8/12)	DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS	QUIREMENTS		To prove this factor, provide	711 11	To prove this factor, provide		To prove this factor, provide
Applicant/Recipient Name	Case Name		Eligibility Factor	one of the following:	Eligibility Factor	one of the following:	Eligibility Factor	one of the following:
			ial Security Number	Social Security Card Official correspondence from SSA	Unearned Income (con't)		Other	
Date	Time of Interview Case Number			A Social Security Number is not required for aliens who are seeking Medical Assistance for emercency	Workers' Compensation	Award Letter Check stub		
LOCAL DISTRICT NAME AND ADDRESS			have to provide proof of your Social Security Number (SSN) unless the SSN you give does not match with SSA'S records or cannot be verified by the agency.)	<u>e</u>	Education grants and loans     Interestidividends/rovalties	Statement from school Statement from bank Award letter Statement from bank or credit	Shelter Expenses You must prove how much it	Current rent receipt Current lease Mortgage book/records Prometry and school tay records
Var miet provide proof of the elicibility	Voi mitet provide amof of the alicibility factore chacked. Voir worker miet receive this proof no later than	is proof no later than	Citizenship or Current Alien Status - US citizens are eligible for Temporary Assistance. SNAP and Medical Assistance. Aliens must be in setisfactory	Birth certificate Baptismal certificate Hospital records U.S., passport Military service records Antherization certificate	Private pension/amuity	union Statement from broker/agent	(if our may need to provide separate documentation for each item of shelter expense).  Medical Assistance does not require documentation of shelter expenses.	Landord statement Sewer and water bills Homeowner's insurance records Fuel bills Non-heating utility bills
if your worker does not receive this proof, you be discontinued. (If you cannot obtain these items by the above date, call forms may be used to verify your eligibility.) If you ask, we will help you go	To your worker process of the process of the proof of your application may be defined or your assistance may be discontinued. (If you cannot obtain these items by the above date, call to be used to verify your eligibility.) If you ask, we will help you get the proof as long as you are cooperating with us.	to produce and the produces as stance may be denied or your assistance may to find out what other fas long as you are cooperating with us.	immigration status in order to be eligible for Temporary Assistance, SNAP or Medical Assistance. Immigration status is not an eligibility factor for	J.S. 1/1/72.	Other	Current award letter Current benefit check Official correspondence from source of income	Medical Bills	Copies of medical bills (paid and unpaid)
Eligibility Factor	To prove this factor, provide:	✓ ▼ TWO of the following (if you are applying for SNAP Benefits or Medical Assistance only, you need to bring only one form for each eligibility factor checked.)	pregnant women or immigrant children applying for Child Health Plus B. Undocumented immigrants and temporary non-immigrants are eligible only for the treatment of an emergency	. —	Resources	Statement from household Statement from nursing home	Health Insurance If you or anyone applying has health insurance coverage (even if paid for by someone else), you must prove this.	Insurance boiley Insurance card Statement from provider of coverage Medicare card Statement from modical
Udentity You must prove who you are.	Photo I.D. Driver's icensee U.S. passport Neturalization Certificate Hsspitalloour's Records Adoption paper	Statement from another person Validated Social Security Number Birth/Baptismal Certificate	meatral condition.  Earned Income From employer	/ per week; and	☐ Bank accounts: checking, savings, retirement (IRA and Kacgh) ☐ Stocks, bonds, certificates	Current bank records Current credit union records Stock certificate	Pregnant I passive in the properties of the properties of the proof. I provide proof.	professional verifying pregnancy and expected date of birth Statement from medical professional Proof of SSA or SSI benefits for disability or blindness
Marital Status You must prove if you are married, divorced, separated, or widowed.	Marriage/Death certificates Separation agreement Divorce dearee Social Security records VA records	Statement from clergy Cen sus records Newspaper notice Statement from another person	From self-employment	er rrials ment	☐ Life Insurance	institution instruction instruction instruction instruction instruction insurance policy	Unpaid Bills Rent, utility Referral	Copy of each bill showing amount owed, period of services and provider Statement from provider of Treatment
Residence You must prove where you live.	Statement from landbrid Current rent receipt or lease Mortgage records Statement from non-relative Landord School records	Statement from another person Current mail School records Statements from other persons	ncome from rent or room/board	earnings and expenses Current income tax return Current contribution check Statement from roomer, boarder, teamt	Burial trust or fund burial plot or funeral agreement	company Bank records Burial agreement Burial plot deed Statement from funeral director	Drug Alcohol Treatment Program  Employment Service  Other Expenses/	Statement from employment service Court order Statement from day care center or Statement from day care center or
To must prove min is living wait you.  Age You must prove the age of each person applying for assistance, where appropriate.	Birth certificate Baptismal certificate Hospital records Adoption records Natural action certificate Poince is cone	Insurance policy Census records School records Subor dreament from another person Physician stratement Official correspondence from SCA	Uneamed Income Child support Unemployment Insurance	support	Income tax refund or earned income tax credit (ETC)  Real estate other than Residence	Tax Refund Statement from tax office Deed Statement from real estate broker Appraisal/estimate of current value	You must provide proof if you pay court-ordered support, child care, recurring loans, or for services of a home health aide or attendant.	other child care provider Statement from aide or attendant Cancelled checks or receipts
Absent Parent If the patent of any child in your home is not living with you, you must prove this	on or of treated board or of treated Survivor's benefits Hospital records VA or military records Divorce papers Proof of remarriage	Newspaper notice have company to the state of the state o		Official correspondence with  NS Dept of Labor  Current award certificate  Current benefit check  Current award certificate  Current award certificate  Current benefit check  Current benefit check  Official correspondence from VA  Official correspondence from VA	Motor Vehicle Lump sum payment	by stokes Registration (older models) Title of ownership Appaisal of current value by fication fication Statement from source of payment	School Attendance You must prove who is in school  □ Other:	sonon records (current report card) (current report card) Statement from school or Higher Education institution
Absent Parent Information You must provide any information you have:	Pay Stubs Tax returns Social Security or VA records	WORKER NAME				DATE	TELEPHONE NUMBER ( )	MBER
name, address, Social Security Number, birth date, employment		APPLICANT/ RECIPIENT SIGNATURE	щ			DATE	TELEPHONE NUMBER ( )	MBER

**LDSS-3666** (Rev.12/18)

NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE

# TA/SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) DOCUMENTATION/VERIFICATION DESK GUIDE

		XII II			)  -  -			
TA	SNAP	FACTOR	PRIMARY	SECONDARY	TA	SNAP	FACTOR	PRIMARY
M	Σ	Identity	Photo I.D. Driver's License US Passport Naturalization Certificate Hospital/Doctor's Records Adoption Papers For SNAP – Identity is only mandatory for the person making the application.	Statement from Another Person Social Security Number Birth/Baptismal Certificate SOLQ For SNAP - In the case of an authorized representative, both the auth rep and applicant must verify Identity.	Σ	z	Absent Parent Information	Pay Stubs Tax Returns Social Security or VA Records Unemployment (UIB) Book ID Cards (Health Insurance) Driver's License or Registration
M	Z	Marital Status	Marriage/Death Certificates Separation Agreement Divorce Decree Social Security Records VA Records	Statement from Clergy Census Records Newspaper Notice Statement from Another Person	M	*	Social Security Number	Social Security Card Official Correspondence from SSA For TA and SNAP, provided or apply for # at certification; must verify at first recertification unless validated by WMS SOLQ
Σ	*	Residence	Statement from Landlord Current Rent Receipt or Lease Mortgage Records <b>For SNAP</b> - Residence is verified at a household level	Statement from Another Person Current Mail School Records Fuel/Utility bill	ΣΣ	σ≥	Citizenship Alien Status	Birth/Baptismal Certificate Hospital Records US Passport Military Service Records Naturalization Certificate USCIS Documentation Evidence of Continuous US Residence since Prior to 1/1/72 For TA and SNAP, alien status is verified on an individual basis For SNAP Only, citizenship is verified only if questionable
Σ	å	Household Composition/Size	Statement from Non-relative Landlord  For SNAP – household size must be verified. This can be done through collateral contacts or readily available documents which can be used to establish Identity.	Statement from Other Persons	Σ	*	Earned Income	Current Wage Stubs and Statement of Tips Pay Envelopes Contact with Employer Business Records Records and Related Materials Concerning Self-Employment Earnings and Expenses Current Income Tax Return Statement from Roomer, Boarder, Tenant Income Tax Records
M	*•	Age	Birth Certificate Baptismal Certificate Hospital Records Adoption Records Naturalization Certificate Driver's License For SNAP Only, DOB can be Verified at Recertification	Insurance Policy Census Records School Records Statement from Another Person Physician Statement Official Correspondence from SSA	Σ	*	Unearned	Statement from Family Court Statement from Person Paying Statement from School Statement from Bank or Credit Union Statement from Broker/Agent Support Check stubs Current Award Certificate
Σ	Z	Absent Parent	Death Certificate Survivor's Benefits Hospital Records VA or Military Records Divorce Papers Proof of Remarriage	Newspaper Notice Insurance Company Records Institutional Records Agency Case Records and Burial Payment Lines Statement from a Non-Relative				Current Benefit Check Official Correspondence with NYS Dept. of Labor Official Correspondence from SSA Official Correspondence from VA Official Correspondence from source of income
D I	LEGEND:	<ul> <li>M = Mandatory Doc</li> <li>O = Optional Docum</li> <li>* = Verification can</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>M = Mandatory Documentation/Verification required for Certification</li> <li>Optional Documentation/Verification (may be necessary for TA and/or</li> <li>* = Verification can be pended under SNAP Expedited Processing</li> </ul>	ation • TA and/or SNAP eligibility or benefit amount.) sing	t.)			N = No Documentation/Verification required Q = Verification is Only Necessary if Questionable

### LDSS-3666 (Rev. 12/18)

# TA/SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) DOCUMENTATION/VERIFICATION DESK AID

TA	SNAP	ELIGIBILITY FACTOR	PRIMARY				EXPENSES
			Statement from household		TH/	AT MAY AFFECT E	THAT MAY AFFECT ELIGIBILITY OR BENEFIT AMOUNT
			Statement from nursing home	TA	SNAP	ELIGIBILITY FACTOR	PRIMARY
			Current credit union records Current credit union records Stock certificate Bonds Ctatement from financial inetit tion				Current rent receipt Current lease Mortgage book/records
			Insurance policy Statement from insurance company	0	*o	Shelter Expenses	Landlord statement Sewer and water bills
Σ	*	Resources	Burial agreement Burial plot deed Statement from funeral director				nomeowner's insurance records Fuel bills Non-heating utility bills Telephone bills
			Refund or EITC check Statement from tax office Deed	0	ð	Medical Bills	Copies of medical bills (paid and unpaid) Provider Statement of Health Insurance premiums Medicare Prescription Drug Card
			statement from real estate broker Appraisal/estimate of current value by broker				For SNAP, for A/D individuals only
			Title of ownership Registration (older models)	0	*o	<b>Unpaid Bills</b> Rent, Utility	Copy of each bill showing amount owed, period of services and provider
			Appraisal of current value by dealer Financing data Statement from source of payment	0	*0	Other Expenses Dependent Care Cost	Court order Statement from day care center or other child care provider Statement from aide or attendant Cancelled checks or receipts
Σ	*	Health Insurance	Insurance policy Insurance card Statement from provider of coverage Medicare card				
Σ	*o	Disabled/ Incapacitated/ Pregnant	Statement from medical professional verifying pregnancy and expected date of birth Statement from medical professional Proof of SSA or SSI benefits for disability or blindness				
2	*	Able-Bodied Adult	For non-waiver areas and non-excluded ABAWD individuals Proof of working and/or work program participation for at least 80 hours per month				
Ξ	<b>E</b>	(ABAWD) Eligibility	Check Time Limit Tracking Menu (#17 on WMS menu) for 3 or more months of FS receipt in past 36 months without meeting ABAWD work requirement				
Σ	*o	Referral	Statement from provider of treatment Statement from employment service	*LEGEND:		Mandatory Documentation No Documentation/Verifica	Mandatory Documentation/Verification required for Certification No Documentation/Verification required
C	č	School Affendance	School records (current report card) Statement from school		0 = Q	<ul> <li>Optional Documentation/Verification (may by benefit amount.)</li> <li>Verification is only necessary if questionable</li> </ul>	srification (may be necessary for TA and/or SNAP eligibility or y if questionable
•	•		For SNAP, affects work registration and earnings of children under 18		<b>&gt;</b> = <b>*</b>	erification can be pended I	* = Verification can be pended under SNAP Expedited Processing

### **DOCUMENTATION RECEIPT**

### TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE, SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP), MEDICAID AND/OR CHILD HEALTH PLUS A

Name:		Date	e:	
Case No. :		Time	e:	
		Rec	eptionist's Initials:	
PLE	EASE CHEC	K SUBMITT	ED ITEMS BELO	W
IDENTITY/DATE OF BIRTH		RESIDE	<u>ICY</u>	
<ul> <li>□ Birth Certificate</li> <li>□ Marriage Certificate</li> <li>□ Driver's License</li> <li>□ Adoption Papers</li> <li>□ Passport</li> </ul>		☐ Driver's ☐ Recent ☐ Propert	Utility Bill y Tax/Mortgage Stat	ement eipt with home address from landlord
CITIZENSHIP AND ALIEN STA	<u>TUS</u>	MEDICA	L/HEALTH INSU	IRANCE INFORMATION
<ul><li>☐ Citizenship Papers</li><li>☐ Birth Certificate</li><li>☐ Passport</li><li>☐ USCIS Documentation/Correspondent</li></ul>	ence	_	Records ncy Statement nsurance Policy/Cai	rd/Letter
EARNED INCOME		UNEARN	IED INCOME	
☐ Wage Stubs or Job Information ☐ Income Tax Return		☐ Social S (SSI/Social S ☐ Family C ☐ Separat	s Administration Pa Security Papers	pers heck; Award/Other Letter)
<u>ASSETS</u>		<u>OTHER</u>		
☐ Life Insurance Policies ☐ Auto Registration (Boat; Truck) ☐ Auto Title ☐ Checking Account Statement ☐ Savings Account Statement ☐ Deed to Property  MAIL— IN RECERTIFICATION ☐ RECEIVED		☐ Death C☐ Disabilit☐ Depend	Security Card Certificate by Statement Ient Care Costs Stat Bills – Utility, Medica	
	TA & SNA	P DOCUM	IENTS (ONLY)	
HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION  Landlord Form Statement from a Third Party School Statement  Desk Instructions: Copy Client, attach Cop	oy with Docum		Papers f – Gas, Electric	oy at Desk
WORKER NAME:	OFFICE:	UNIT:	WORKER ID:	TELEPHONE NO.:

### What is NYDocSubmit?

NYDocSubmit is a mobile application that allows certain applicants and recipients in participating social service districts (districts) to take pictures of their documents and submit them to their local district office using their Apple iOS or Android device. There is no need for the individual to take time off from work, stand in line, or travel to the district office to drop off documents.

Note: NYDocSubmit is not monitored for emergencies and is not to be used to submit an application or to submit a periodic report.

### Which Social Service programs does NYDocSubmit support?

- Supplemental Nutritional Assistance Program (SNAP)
- Home Energy Assistance Program (HEAP)
- Temporary Assistance (TA)
- Medicaid

### What type of documents can be submitted using NYDocSubmit?

- Identification
- Proof of Income
- Proof of Household Composition
- Resources
- SSN or proof of SSN application

- Citizenship Status
- Medical Documentation
- Residence
- Shelter/Utilities
- Other Documentation

### What type of documents should not be submitted using NYDocSubmit?

NYDocSubmit should not be used to submit sensitive information, such as:

- Child Protective Services (CPS) case information or to report suspected child abuse or maltreatment.
- Documents that contain HIV information.
- Domestic violence information.
- Addresses that must remain confidential to safeguard any member of an applicant's or recipient's household.

Note: If an application for services or documents for other programs are received through NYDocSubmit, the district must follow existing procedures for applications and rerouting documents.

### What technology support is available for NYDocSubmit?

The Office of Information Technology (OITS) Service Desk supports NYDocSubmit. You may contact the Service Desk by:

Phone: 844-891-1786 E-mail: fixit@its.ny.gov

Note: Questions regarding program requirements or acceptable documentation should be directed to your supervisor.

Rev. 01/23 Page | 1

### NYDocSubmit

### What is needed to use NYDocSubmit?

- 1. An Apple iOS or Android phone or tablet with a working camera and data or Wi-Fi connectivity.
- 2. Go to the Apple App Store or Google Play Store.
- 3. Search for "NYDocSubmit" (one word).
- 4. Click on Get or Install.
- 5. An existing or new NY.gov ID from <a href="https://my.ny.gov">https://my.ny.gov</a>.

Note: The Application requires individuals to use the latest version of the Application to successfully upload document images.

### What languages are available in NYDocSubmit?

English	Chinese (Traditional)	Spanish
Korean	Arabic	Russian
Bengali	Haitian Creole	Yiddish
Italian	Polish	French
Urdu		

### How to submit document images using NYDocSubmit

Note: Please advise applicants and recipients to review and change, if necessary, information identifying the person, case, and/or document category before submitting each document to prevent incorrect submissions.

- 1. Select preferred language.
- 2. Search and select the district to submit documents.
- 3. Select one Program Area.
- 4. Select Document Category.
- 5. Take a picture of the document. Images are subject to review and validation by the district.
- 6. Enter the identifying and contact information (Name, Phone)
- 7. Enter submission details (at least one field is required):
  - Social Security Number (SSN)
  - Client Identification Number (CIN)
  - Case Number
  - Date of Birth
- 8. Confirm or edit the information and submission details.
- 9. Submit the document.
- 10. A confirmation screen, with tracking number, will appear following a successful upload. Note: No "receipt" will be sent, however a history of document uploads submitted under that NY.gov ID will be available in the application for 60 days after the date of image upload.
- 11. Wait to receive the confirmation screen before submitting another document or closing the application.

Rev. 01/23 Page | 2

### **Maintaining SNAP Benefits and Recertification**

*In this section:* 

SNAP Work Rules	1
General SNAP Work Rules	1
Exemptions from General Work Rules	1
Voluntary Quit	2
Exemptions from Voluntary Quit Sanctions	2
Who Can be Sanctioned for a Voluntary Quit	3
Employment and Training (E&T)	3
Post-Secondary Education as an E&T Activity	3
Implementing Post Secondary and/or Vocational Placements	4
E&T Requirements for SNAP Offices	4
Advising Households of Available E&T Services	5
Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD)	5
Intentional Program Violations	5
Recertification and Reporting Requirements	6
Telephone Recertification	6
Changes Between Certification Periods	7
Reporting Rules	7
Case Reactivation Waiver	8
Transitional Benefits	9
RESOURCES FOR THIS SECTION	10
LDSS-5193A Important Information About SNAP Work Rules (General and Mandatory E&T)	
LDSS-3151 Change Report Form (English and Spanish)	

# MAINTAINING SNAP BENEFITS & RECERTIFICATION

### **Maintaining SNAP Benefits and Recertification**

#### **SNAP Work Rules**

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS NYS TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE AND SNAP EMPLOYMENT MANUAL 22-ADM-01 SNAP requires participants ages 16-59 to meet work requirements to keep their benefits unless they qualify for an exemption. There are three categories of SNAP work requirements: General SNAP Work Rules (including "Voluntary Quit"), Employment and Training (E&T), and Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD).

GIS 12 TA/DC035

19-ADM-02

20 TA/DC105

20-ADM-15

21 TA/DC014

21-ADM-05

22-ADM-01

22-ADM 08

23-ADM-09

#### **General SNAP Work Rules**

SNAP participants who are subject to SNAP General Work Rules are required to:

- Accept any job offer received unless there is a good reason not to.
- Not quit their job, if they have one, or work fewer than 30 hours a week without having a good reason. See *Voluntary Quit* section for details.
- Tell the SNAP office about their job and how many hours they are working.
- Participate in SNAP E&T work activities, if assigned by the SNAP office or district. Note: SNAP offices are not currently assigning E&T activities.

#### **Exemptions from General Work Rules**

SNAP participants are **not** required to follow SNAP general work rules if they are:

- Under age 16 or age 60 and over
- Age 16 or 17 and not the head of the household
- Attending high school, training, or college at least a half-time Note: College students between the ages of 18 and 49 must meet the student eligibility criteria listed in the Eligibility Rules section to receive SNAP.
- Working at least 30 hours a week or earning weekly pay of at least 30 times the hourly federal minimum wage
- A migrant or seasonal farm worker under contract to begin work within the next 30 days
- Meeting TANF work requirements
- Receiving or applying for unemployment benefits
- Participating in a drug or alcohol treatment program
- Taking care of a child under six
- Taking care of an incapacitated person
- Jointly applying for SNAP and SSI and awaiting an SSI eligibility determination
- Physically or mentally unable to work (less documentation is required than for a disability; doctor or other health care provider certification is sufficient)

#### **SNAP Work Rules, cont.**

# Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-5193A Important Information About SNAP Work Rules (General and Mandatory E&T)

NYS TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE AND SNAP EMPLOYMENT MANUAL, SECTION 13

18-ADM-08

SNAP offices are required to provide a written notice (LDSS-5193/LDSS-5193A) informing SNAP households about work requirements. If anyone in the household meets any of the above exemptions, they should contact their SNAP office and provide information and documentation about their exemption.

If a SNAP household member is exempt from SNAP general work rules, they are also exempt from voluntary quit and ABAWD rules.

#### **Voluntary Quit**

The voluntary quit rule was instituted to prevent people from deliberately reducing their income to get SNAP benefits. The rule disqualifies such people from receiving SNAP benefits for a specified length of time, called a sanction period. This rule often comes into play when someone quits their job for some other reason, such as a decision to relocate, and immediately applies for SNAP.

SNAP offices may ask questions about the reasons for leaving a job during the application process. In these cases, the applicant must show a valid reason for leaving a job to prove good cause and avoid a voluntary quit sanction.

Applicants who were fired for any reason are never assumed to have left their job to obtain SNAP benefits. The NYS Temporary Assistance and SNAP Employment Policy Manual states that "provoked discharge" termination situations, in which employees cause themselves to be fired, are not subject to a voluntary quit disqualification.

Those without a valid reason for quitting their job will likely be subject to a voluntary quit sanction.

#### **Exemptions from Voluntary Quit Sanctions**

Individuals in the following situations are exempt from voluntary quit sanctions:

- Exempt from the work rules at the time of job quit
- Laid off or fired for any reason
- Worked less than 30 hrs/week prior to quitting, unless the person earned more than \$217.50/week gross
- Worked less than 30 hours/week prior to reducing their hours
- Reduced work hours below 30 hours/week but still earns at least \$217.50/week gross
- Had been self-employed
- Resigned at the employer's demand

See the NYS OTDA Employment Policy Manual for specific rules and policies: otda.ny.gov/resources/employment-manual/

3

#### **SNAP Work Rules, cont.**

#### Who Can be Sanctioned for a Voluntary Quit

Anyone who is:

- Working 30 or more hours/week **or** earning at least \$217.50/week who quits a job without good cause, or
- Working 30+ hours/week who voluntarily reduces their work hours without good cause, if the person's earnings fall below \$217.50/week

Voluntary quit sanctions begin at the SNAP application date. The look-back period for voluntary quit extends to 30 days prior to application.

- For the first instance, ineligibility applies for a period of at least 30 days
- For the second instance, ineligibility applies for a period of at least 90 days
- For the third and all additional instances, ineligibility applies for a period of at least 180 days.

See 18-ADM-08 for more information on voluntary guit sanction time frames.

EMPLOYMENT AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS NYS TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE AND SNAP EMPLOYMENT MANUAL 22-ADM-01

#### **Employment and Training (E&T)**

The SNAP E&T program helps SNAP households gain skills, training, or work experience that will increase their ability to enter or move ahead in the workforce. Currently, SNAP offices in New York are not assigning E&T activities to SNAP participants who are required to follow general work rules. If a SNAP office reaches out concerning a work activity, the SNAP participant should immediately call the SNAP office listed on their notice.

The following activities and services are available to adults receiving SNAP on a **voluntary** basis.

- Financial literacy or personal finance instruction, including career advice, credit counseling, using savings/checking accounts, cash management techniques
- Job skills training and educational work activities directly related to employment and training
- Job readiness classes
- Subsidized employment and apprenticeships, including internships, customized training, transitional jobs, on-the-job training as defined under the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act
- NEW: Educational and or vocational training programs, including but not limited to a two-year post-secondary degree program
- Vocational education

#### 23-ADM-09

#### Post-Secondary Education as an E&T Activity

**Post-secondary education**: any formal learning that takes place after high school or earning a High School Equivalency (HSE). It can include a variety of options, such as colleges, universities, trade schools, vocational schools, and continuing education programs.

#### **SNAP Work Rules, cont.**

The New York State 2023-24 Enacted State Budget included an amendment of social services law to require SNAP offices to approve participation in an educational and/or vocational training program, which includes, but is not limited to, a two-year post-secondary education program as a work activity under E&T rules for both SNAP and TANF participants.

Previously, SNAP offices were authorized to approve employment plans for those seeking to participate in educational and/or vocational training programs. Under the new law, the SNAP office **must approve** such plans for those seeking to participate in educational and/or vocational training programs. Additionally, the educational and/or vocational program must be necessary for the participant to:

- Obtain their individual employment goal, and
- Achieve a degree or certificate in sustained employment.

Educational and/or vocational training programs under this provision include, but are not limited to:

- Post-secondary credential-bearing programs up to a four-year degree.
- Post-secondary educational providers, including:
  - Community colleges
  - Public, and private colleges
  - Business, technical, trade, or vocational schools

#### **Implementing Post Secondary and/or Vocational Placements**

SNAP offices are now encouraged to provide information about, recommend participation in, and make referrals to appropriate and available educational and/or vocational training programs.

OTDA encourages districts to become aware of which education providers offer services in their county and provide information to participants about scholarships, tuition support, and academic advising services for low-income students, adult learners, or workforce development. This includes referrals to:

- One-stop career centers
- On-campus advising services
- Workforce development services

#### **E&T Requirements for SNAP Offices**

Under SNAP E&T rules, each district is required to:

- Coordinate their SNAP E&T components and services with available community resources, including job training and related employment services available through the local WIOA partners.
- Coordinate with NYS Career Center System partners to align and improve access to local employment, training and supportive services, thus ensuring SNAP recipients benefit from the Career Center System's full array of services.
- 3. Inform SNAP applicants and recipients about their work requirements and available employment and training services.

#### **SNAP Work Rules, cont.**

#### **Advising Households of Available E&T Services**

At recertification, SNAP offices must advise adult SNAP recipients in households without elderly or disabled members and with no earned income of the availability of employment and training services within the district or region. This is not limited to SNAP E&T and should include E&T opportunities provided by:

- Local career centers
- Community-based organizations
- Local education providers

SNAP offices must, at minimum, provide a list of available employment and training services electronically or in print.

NYS TEMPORARY
ASSISTANCE AND SNAP
EMPLOYMENT POLICY
MANUAL, SECTION 3

15-INF-11

GIS 16 TA/DC044

GIS 16 TA/DC056

17-ADM-01

GIS 17 TA/DC014

18-ADM-09

19-INF-05

20-INF-07

GIS 20 TA/DC006

GIS 21-TA/DC049

GIS 21TA/DC075

21-ADM-05

21-LCM-07

23TA/DC014

23DC063

23DC067

GIS 13 TA/DC005

GIS 13 TA/DC048

14-ADM-06

18-ADM-08

# Able-Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD) ABAWD Time Limit Rule Suspended in NYS

The federal Able Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWD) time limit rule places a limit on how long unemployed, non-disabled, childless adults, ages 18 to 54, are eligible to participate in SNAP. Those considered "ABAWDs" may only receive SNAP benefits for a total of three full months in the 36-month period, unless they live in a waived area, meet an exemption, or are already meeting work requirements.

FNS has approved OTDA's request to waive the ABAWD time limit rule in all areas of the state through February 28, 2025.

SNAP recipients who are newly determined to fall under the ABAWD time limit rule will be sent a notice about this determination. Those letters are not a notice of a requirement to work or take any action. They are merely to let the SNAP recipient know that they fall under the criteria for the ABAWD time limit rules, which are currently suspended.

Visit Hungersolutionsny.org/snap-abawd-time-limits/ for more information.

#### **Intentional Program Violations**

People who commit an Intentional Program Violation (IPV) will be removed from the household's SNAP case for a period specified by the SNAP office. The duration of the sanction is based on the circumstances of the individual client.

#### **Recertification and Reporting Requirements**

SNAPSB SECTIONS 6 AND 14 04-INF-25 07-ADM-05 GIS 08 TA/DC018 08-ADM-09 11-INF-07

13-ADM-04

A household is only authorized eligible for SNAP benefits for a specified, limited period of time, called the certification period. At the end of that period, the SNAP case is automatically closed unless the LDSS authorizes a new certification period.

#### 6-month certification period:

• Households with income that changes frequently

#### 12-month certification period:

- Most households with income
- Households with no income
- Homebound individuals
- Group home residents receiving SSI/SSD
- People who are homeless

#### 36-month certification period:

- Elderly Simplified Application Program (ESAP) households where all members are a senior or disabled and there is no earned income
- NYS Combined Application Project (NYSCAP) households—SSI recipients with live-alone status who receive SNAP automatically

#### 48-month certification period:

 NYS Nutrition Improvement Project (NYSNIP) households (sunsets December 2024)—SSI recipients with live-alone status who receive SNAP automatically

Before the end of the certification period, the household will receive a recertification packet with documents to be submitted and information on their recertification interview. If the household does not send back the updated recertification packet and complete an interview in the time frame designated, the case will close at the end of the certification period.

#### **Telephone Recertification**

During the recertification process, existing SNAP participants must complete an additional interview to determine continued eligibility. The interview can be by phone, or the participant can request to have it in person. Households should return their completed recertification application as soon as possible. The SNAP office will not make contact or go through with the scheduled interview if the household has not sent in their signed recertification form.

The interview time is included with the recertification packet, however, the SNAP office may attempt to call up to three times to try to complete the interview before the scheduled date.

In New York City, SNAP households can call 1-800-SNAPNOW (or 718-762-7669) to access an on-demand telephone recertification interview without needing a scheduled interview time.

#### Recertification and Reporting Requirements, cont.

If the household sends in their recertification form, but the SNAP office cannot reach them for their interview, a "notice of missed interview" will be mailed. This notice advises the household to contact the SNAP office immediately to reschedule their interview if they wish to have their recertification application processed. See *Notice of Missed Interview* in the *Applying for SNAP* section.

4-INF-25 11-INF-07 GIS 17 TA/DC053

#### **Changes Between Certification Periods**

In addition to participating in the recertification process, SNAP households must follow detailed reporting rules.

# Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-3151 Change Report Form Any failure to report required information may result in an overpayment. The SNAP office will try to recoup the overpayment from future benefits or through a claims process, which can result in the overpaid amount being taken from tax refunds.

#### **Reporting Rules**

#### **Households with Six-Month Reporting Rules:**

The only thing these households must report during the six-month period is a change in income that causes the household to be over 130% of the FPL. If this happens, they must report it immediately.

#### **Households with Certification Periods Longer than Six Months:**

- Will receive a change report form to be filled out at the six-month point
  of their SNAP certification; the change report form is mailed at the end
  of the fifth month of certification;
- Should complete the form and return it to the local SNAP office to continue receiving benefits.

These households must do the following under reporting rules:

- Return the six-month report form;
- Report any change in household income above 130% of poverty.

These households do not have to report any other changes in circumstances until their next SNAP recertification interview.

07-ADM-05

#### **Households that Are 10-Day Reporters:**

Some households are required to report almost all changes in household information by the tenth day of the month following the month of the change.

Ten-day reporting households include:

- Households with unearned income where all the adults are elderly or disabled
- Group home residents receiving SSI/SSD
- Households with no income
- Migrant workers
- Homeless households
- Households with a certification period of less than four months

#### Recertification and Reporting Requirements, cont.

These households do not have to report certain changes in between certification periods. For example, it is not necessary for elderly households to inform the SNAP office when their Social Security benefits increase each January, as long as the increase is less than \$50 per month.

04-INF-25 is a helpful source of information on reporting rules.

#### 13-ADM-04

#### **Case Reactivation Waiver**

This waiver enables SNAP offices to reinstate SNAP benefits during the certification period, for households that reestablish their eligibility.

Households can accomplish that by:

- Reporting and verifying any change in circumstances, and/or
- Complying with an unfulfilled program requirement within 30 days of the date their SNAP case was closed.

Households that reestablish their eligibility in such a manner are not required to file a new SNAP application or to complete an eligibility interview.

A common situation where case reactivation is used: a household's SNAP case is closed for failure to submit or complete a periodic report, but the household then provides the needed information.

#### How Households Can Be Reinstated Under the Case Reactivation Waiver

Affected households must do the following within 30 days of their case closing:

- Report and verify all changes in circumstances that have occurred,
- Provide any outstanding information that may be missing, and
- Continue to meet SNAP eligibility rules.

**Upstate Counties:** households should have at least three full months remaining in their certification period following the date of fulfilling all the above requirements for reactivation.

**NYC:** households should have at least four full months remaining in their certification period following the date of fulfilling all the above requirements for reactivation.

These time frames are necessary due to the requirements districts must follow for generating timely recertification notices and scheduling and completing recertification interviews.

OTDA reserves the right to permit exceptions to that last requirement and permit reactivation during the last three or four months of the certification period if case circumstances merit the exception.

#### Recertification and Reporting Requirements, cont.

#### When the Case Reactivation Waiver Cannot Be Used

Case reactivations are not re-applications for SNAP. Therefore:

- Consideration for expedited processing is not part of the reactivation process;
- Households that provide missing information or comply with eligibility requirements 30 days or more after their SNAP certification end date must file a new SNAP application.

#### **Transitional Benefits**

02 ADM-07 09-ADM-22 Most households that leave TANF are now automatically eligible for transitional SNAP benefits, called the Transitional Benefits Alternative (TBA).

Households that are eligible for TBA:

- Newly employed households
- SNAP households with children who leave TANF or Safety Net Assistance (SNA). For more information on this policy change see 09-ADM-22.

Households that are not eligible for TBA:

- Temporary assistance households without children who leave SNA. These households may be eligible for regular SNAP benefits.
- Households that miss their TANF/SNAP recertification interview.
- Households that have their SNAP case closed due to a violation.

When the TANF case is closed, if a household is eligible for TBA, the caseworker will:

- Authorize TBA for five months—even if a household had less than five months left in its SNAP certification period.
- Freeze the TBA benefit at the SNAP benefit level issued prior to the TANF case closing. There is no income "cap" for TBA; even households with gross incomes above 130% of poverty are eligible.

The household is not obligated to report any change in income, resources, or household composition during the TBA period.

Before the TBA period expires, households are sent a recertification notice to allow them to certify for ongoing SNAP benefits.

To "unfreeze" the SNAP benefits during the five-month TBA period—for example, if a household's income dramatically decreases or a new member joins the household—the household would have to undergo early recertification.

## **Resources for This Section**

On the following pages, you will find these resources:

LDSS-5193A Important Information About SNAP Work Rules (General and Mandatory E&T)

LDSS-3151 Change Report Form (English and Spanish)

<b>LDSS-5193A</b> (Rev. 1/22)	SNAP	RTANT INFORMATION ABOUT WORK RULES (GENERAL AND ATORY E&T)							
	Date:								
	Case I	No:							
	Distric	et Contact No:							
This letter is to tell you about work rules for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP). If you don't follow these rules, your SNAP benefits may decrease or end. Different people in your house may need to follow different work rules.  What do you need to do?  Listed below are the people in your house that must follow the General SNAP Work Rules:									
Listed below are the people in your hou Assignment:	Listed below are the people in your house who must participate in a SNAP Employment and Training (E&T) Assignment:								

#### **General SNAP Work Rules**

#### What do you need to do?

You **must** follow these **General SNAP Work Rules** to keep your SNAP benefits:

- 1. Accept any job offer you receive, unless there is a good reason you can't.
- 2. If you have a job, don't quit your job or choose to work less than 30 hours each week without having a good reason, such as getting sick, being discriminated against, or not getting paid.
- 3. Tell us about your job and how much you are working.
- 4. Participate in SNAP E&T work activities if assigned by the district.

#### Does everyone need to follow these General SNAP Work Rules?

No. You **may not** have to follow these rules if you are:

- Younger than age 16, or age 60 years or older,
- A 16 or 17-year-old who is not the head of the household OR who is in school or in an employment program at least half-time,
- Unable to work because of a mental or physical reason,
- Taking care of a child younger than age 6,
- Taking care of an incapacitated person,
- Meeting the work rules under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program,
- Receiving or applying for unemployment benefits,
- Participating in a drug or alcohol addiction treatment program,
- Enrolled in a school, training program or college at least half-time (students may be subject to other eligibility rules),
- Already working at least 30 hours a week,
- Already earning \$217.50 (30 times the federal minimum wage) or more a week, OR
- An SSI applicant or recipient.

Note: The SNAP caretaker of a child under 6 who is also receiving TANF and fails to comply with a work experience assignment may be subject to a SNAP work sanction.

#### What should you do if you think one of these reasons applies to you?

**Call the District Contact Number on the first page of this letter as soon as possible** if you think one of these reasons applies to you, or someone in your house.

#### What are SNAP E&T assignments?

The SNAP E&T program can help you and people in your household gain skills and find work. People assigned to SNAP E&T may be required to participate in supervised job search, job readiness activities, work experience, job skills training, vocational training, educational training, apprenticeships, subsidized employment, or other work activities. SNAP E&T participants receive case management services which may include assessments, personalized employment plans, progress monitoring, and coordination with other service providers.

If the district assigns you or someone in your house to participate in SNAP E&T, they cannot ask you to participate in work activities and/or employment to meet the SNAP work requirement for more than 30 hours per week (no more than 120 hours per month). A person may choose to participate in work activities for more than 30 hours per week but cannot be required to do so.

Note: People who are also receiving Temporary Assistance (TA) benefits may be required to participate in work activities for up to 40 hours per week. The assigned work activity for these people is generally a combined TA and SNAP work assignment. A person who receives TA and SNAP and does not comply with assigned work activities willfully and without a good cause reason may be subject to a TA work sanction. However, if the person participates in the assigned work activities for at least 30 hours per week (120 hours per month), the house's SNAP benefits will not be affected.

#### What if you have costs from doing the program?

The district must pay costs for you or people in your house that are necessary and reasonable to participate in a SNAP E&T activity. These costs may include:

- Transportation
- Childcare
- Personal safety items or equipment
- Other reasonable required costs, such as tools, books, and uniforms

If the district cannot pay a person's costs to participate in a SNAP E&T assignment, the person will be excused from participating.

If the district tells you or someone in your house that you must participate in a SNAP E&T work activity, the person must participate. If the person does not participate in the SNAP E&T assignment or quits willfully and without a good cause reason, they may lose their SNAP benefits.

#### What if you have good cause for not following these rules?

Good cause reasons for not following the rules include issues that a person cannot control such as getting sick, having a household emergency, or not being assigned to a suitable activity by the district. These are some examples of good cause reasons but there are others, too. A person must provide proof of any good cause reason when asked by the district. A person who believes they should be excused from following the SNAP work rules must also provide proof, if requested by the district. For example, the district might ask for a statement from the person's healthcare practitioner, such as a doctor who is treating them or other documents showing the person had good cause for not following the rules or should be excused.

A person who believes that they have a good cause reason for not completing a SNAP E&T assignment or believes they should be excused from following the General SNAP Work Rules should call the District Contact Number on the first page of this letter to discuss this information.

#### What happens if you do not follow these General SNAP Work Rules?

You may lose your SNAP benefits if you don't follow these work rules or do not complete a mandatory SNAP E&T assignment and you don't have a good reason.

If a person does not follow the General SNAP Work Rules or does not participate in a SNAP E&T assignment, they will be sent a Conciliation Notification. The person will be offered a meeting with the district to explain why they did not participate.

A person who receives a Conciliation Notification must contact the district by the date on the Conciliation Notification to explain why they did not participate. If the district decides the person had a good cause reason for not following the rules, the household's SNAP benefits will not be reduced or stopped. If the district decides the person did not have a good cause reason, the individual will be offered a chance to participate in the same activity they did not complete in order to not lose SNAP benefits. If the district decides that the same activity is not available or is not a good fit for the person any longer, the person may be asked to complete another activity. If the person does not complete the activity or prove they had a good cause reason, their household's SNAP benefits may decrease or stop.

# How long will you lose SNAP benefits if you don't follow these General SNAP Work Rules or do not complete a mandatory SNAP E&T assignment?

- The first time a person does not follow these rules or does not participate in a SNAP E&T assignment, they
  can't get SNAP benefits for 1 month.
- The second time a person does not follow the General SNAP Work Rules or does not participate in a SNAP E&T assignment, they can't get SNAP benefits for 3 months.
- The third time, a person does not follow the General SNAP Work Rules or does not participate in a mandatory SNAP E&T assignment, they can't get SNAP benefits for 6 months.
- And, the person must follow these work rules before they can get SNAP benefits again.

A person who loses their SNAP benefits because they did not follow the General SNAP Work Rules or did not complete a mandatory SNAP E&T assignment, must be allowed to start receiving SNAP benefits before the end of the time period noted above if they prove they should be excused from following the General SNAP Work Rules.

#### What is a Fair Hearing?

If your SNAP application is denied, or your SNAP benefits are reduced or stopped because you or another person in your household did not follow the General SNAP Work Rules or you or another person did not comply with a mandatory SNAP E&T assignment and you disagree with the decision, you have the right to request a fair hearing. You may appeal the district's actions to reduce or discontinue SNAP benefits if you or another person in your household did not meet SNAP work requirements or did not comply with a mandatory SNAP E&T assignment because they believe that they should be excused from SNAP Work Rules, the type of requirement imposed, or the district did not make a finding of good cause. Information on how to request a fair hearing is available on all sanction notices.

#### **USDA Nondiscrimination Statement**

In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident.

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.

To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at <u>How to File a Program Discrimination Complaint</u> and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by:

(1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture

Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights

1400 Independence Avenue SW Washington, D.C. 20250-9410

(2) fax: (202) 690-7442, or

(3) email: program.intake@usda.gov.

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NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE

# SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) CHANGE REPORT FORM

(Please Print Clearly)

									_
CASE NUMBER									
Ĭ									

	ORT ANY CHANGES IN YOUR CIRCUMSTANCES THE RULES LISTED BELOW.	DATE:COMPLETE THIS FORM AND MAIL TO:
TO: ADDRESS:		LOCAL DISTRICT NAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER:

#### YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO REPORT CHANGES

Please read the questions and rules carefully. If you fail to report any changes that you are required to report under the rules, we may have to establish a claim for overpayment of Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits and collect the amount of the overpayment from you.

The changes that you MUST report are explained below. You may still voluntarily report any change about your SNAP household and, if this change will increase your benefit level and you verify this change, we will increase your benefit.

ARE YOU A "SIMPLIFIED REPORTER" (6 MONTH) OR A "CHANGE REPORTER"? YOU MAY ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS TO FIND OUT WHETHER YOU ARE A "SIMPLIFIED REPORTER" OR A "CHANGE REPORTER".

1.	Do you receive transitional SNAP benefits (TBA)?	YES – Go To "TBA" on page 3 (Skip questions 2 through 8)	NO – Go To Question #2, below
2.	Do you receive New York State Combined Application Project (NYSCAP) benefits?	YES – Go To "NYSCAP" on page 3 (Skip questions 3 through 8)	NO – Go To Question #3, below
	Do you receive Elderly Simplified Application Project (ESAP) benefits?	YES – Go To "ESAP" on page 3 (Skip questions 3 through 8)	
3.	Are you certified for SNAP benefits for three months or less at a time?	YES –Go To "Change Reporting" on page 2 (Skip questions 4 through 8)	NO – Go To Question #4, below
4.	Does anyone in your household have earned income that is being counted in your SNAP benefit amount?	YES –Go To "Simplified Reporting" on page 2 (Skip questions 5 through 8)	NO – Go To Question #5, below
5.	Are all of the adults (18 or older) in your household either permanently disabled or 60 or older?	YES –Go To "Change Reporting" on page 2 (Skip questions 6 through 8)	NO – Go To Question #6, below
6.	Does your household receive \$0 income (including \$0 Temporary Assistance)	YES –Go To "Change Reporting" on page 2 (Skip questions 7 and 8)	NO – Go To Question #7, below
7.	Are you without shelter (undomiciled) or a migrant/seasonal farmworker?	YES – Go To "Change Reporting" on page 2 (Skip question 8)	NO – Go To Question #8, below
8.	You answered "NO" to all 7 questions above	Go To "Simplified Reporting" on the top of page 2	

**SIMPLIFIED REPORTING RULES:** As a SNAP household under the "Simplified Reporting" rules, you are only required to report changes at the time of your next recertification, except for the following three situations:

1. If your household's gross monthly income exceeds 130% of the poverty level, you MUST report this monthly amount to your social services district by telephone, in writing, or in person within 10 days after the end of the calendar month in which you exceed the 130% level. Gross income is the amount of income before taxes and other deductions are taken out, not the amount you receive when you cash your check. We must use the gross income in figuring your eligibility for SNAP benefits. Your worker will explain what 130% of the poverty level means for a family of your size. Any other kind of income that you receive besides earnings must be added to your gross earned income to know if you are over 130% of the poverty level. Examples of other sources of income that count include child support you receive, Unemployment Insurance, Temporary Assistance (TA) payments, Workers Compensation, Social Security Benefits, Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and private disability payments.

If you fail to report that your gross income is above 130% of the poverty level in any calendar month, all benefits received after that month may be considered an overpayment. This is true even if your gross income falls below the 130% poverty level in a future month.

2. If your household's certification period is longer than 6 months: At a six-month checkpoint into your certification period, you will receive a Periodic Report form that you MUST return within ten days after you receive the form. If your household has any of the changes listed below, you MUST report them on the report form that is sent to you at the six-month checkpoint.

#### List of Changes you must report at the six-month checkpoint:

- Changes in any source of income for anyone in your household
- Changes in your household's total **earned income** when it goes up or down by more than \$125 a month
- Changes in your household's total **unearned income from a public source** such as Social Security Benefits or Unemployment Insurance Benefits when it goes up or down by more than \$125 a month
- Changes in your household's total unearned income from a private source such as Child Support Payments or Private Disability Insurance when it goes up or down by more than \$125 a month
- Changes in the amount of legally obligated **child support you pay** to a child outside of your SNAP household
- Changes in who lives with you
- If you move, your new address and your new rent or mortgage costs, heat/air-conditioning costs and utility costs
- A new or different car, or other vehicle
- Increases in your household's **cash**, **stocks**, **bonds**, **money in the bank** or savings institution if the total cash and savings of all household members now amounts to more than \$3,000 (more than \$4,500 if anyone in your household is disabled or 60 years old or older)
- Any changes in your household that would result in a penalty as described on page 6
- 3. If anyone in your SNAP household is an Able-Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD), the ABAWD MUST tell the district if their work hours go below 80 hours each month within 10 days after the end of that month. The district will offer and provide the ABAWD a qualifying work activity to help them meet the federal ABAWD requirement. If anyone in your SNAP household is an ABAWD, the ABAWD should also report if your household has moved to an area with a federally approved ABAWD waiver or if the ABAWD believes they should be exempt from the ABAWD requirement.

#### **CHANGE REPORTING RULES:**

As a SNAP household under the "Change Reporting" rules, you **MUST** report the following changes within 10 days after the end of the month in which the change happened:

- Changes in any **source of income** for anyone in your household
- Changes in your household's total earned income when it goes up or down by more than \$125 a month
- Changes in your household's total **unearned income from a public source** such as Social Security Benefits or Unemployment Insurance Benefits when it goes up or down by more than \$125 a month
- Changes in your household's total unearned income from a private source such as Child Support Payments or Private Disability Insurance when it goes up or down by more than \$125 a month
- Changes in the amount of legally obligated child support you pay to a child outside of your SNAP household
- Changes in who lives with you
- If you move, your new address and your new rent or mortgage costs, heat/air-conditioning costs and utility costs
- A new or different car, or other vehicle
- Increases in your household's **cash**, **stocks**, **bonds**, **money in the bank or savings institution** if the total cash and savings of all household members now amounts to more than \$3,000 for a household <u>without</u> an elderly or permanently disabled household member or \$4,500 for a household with an elderly or permanently disabled household member.
- If anyone in your SNAP household is an Able-Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD), the ABAWD MUST tell the district if their work hours go below 80 hours each month within 10 days after the end of that month. The district will offer and provide the ABAWD a qualifying work activity to help them meet the federal ABAWD requirement. If anyone in your SNAP household is an ABAWD, the ABAWD should also report if your household has moved to an area with a federally approved ABAWD waiver or if the ABAWD believes they should be exempt from the ABAWD requirement.
- Any changes in your household that would result in a penalty as described on page 6

#### TBA CHANGE REPORTING for household in receipt of transitional benefits:

- Transitional SNAP benefits can continue for up to five months after your Temporary Assistance case closes.
- You are not required to report changes during the transition period. If you have changes that may increase your benefits you can contact your worker to file an early recertification application at any time during your transitional period to receive the increase. The increase cannot be done until a signed recertification application is filed, and the entire recertification process is completed.
- You must recertify near the end of your transitional period to see if you can continue to receive SNAP benefits after your transitional
  period ends. We will send you a notice reminding you of this recertification requirement. If you do not recertify, we will not send you any
  other notice and must close your SNAP case.

#### **NYSCAP CHANGE REPORTING for participants in NYSCAP:**

- About halfway through your certification in NYSCAP, you will receive an "Interim Contact" form that you must complete and return.
- Other than the interim contact letter, you are not required to report changes during your certification period. You may voluntarily report
  increases in your medical expenses, shelter expenses, heat/air-conditioning costs, or utility costs, or decreases in your income. If you
  report and verify these changes, you may be eligible for more SNAP benefits. You are not required to, but should report your new
  address if you move, so that you continue to receive any notices we send to you.

#### **ESAP Change Reporting for participants in ESAP:**

- ESAP households are considered Simplified Reporters but MUST also report the following changes within 10 days after the end of the month in which the change happened:
  - Changes in who lives with you
  - If anyone in the household begins receiving earned income
  - If any household member receives substantial lottery/gambling winnings of \$4,500 or more won as a cash prize in a single game before taxes or other withholdings.
- You will receive a contact letter 18 months after beginning ESAP. You are NOT required to return this contact letter, but may do so voluntarily, and must document any changes prior to having your SNAP benefits increased.

**Temporary Assistance (TA) Reporting Rules:** The rules listed above apply only to SNAP. If you also receive TA, you are still required to report changes for TA within 10 days of the change, on TA Eligibility Questionnaires and at recertification.

#### When to use this form:

This form may be used to report any required or voluntary changes. You can also use this form to report changes in the cost of caring for children or disabled adults, or changes in shelter costs even if you haven't moved. If these expenses go up you may be eligible for more SNAP benefits.

If anyone in your SNAP household is an Able-Bodied Adult Without Dependents (ABAWD), the ABAWD MUST tell the district if their work hours go below 80 hours each month within 10 days after the end of that month. The district will offer and provide the ABAWD a qualifying work activity to help them meet the federal ABAWD requirement. If anyone in your SNAP household is an ABAWD, the ABAWD should also report if your household has moved to an area with a federally approved ABAWD waiver or if the ABAWD believes they should be exempt from the ABAWD requirement.

This form should be mailed, faxed or brought to the agency listed above. If for some reason you can't mail, fax or bring in this form, you can also report the changes on-line through myBenefits.ny.gov or by calling us at the telephone number listed on Page 1 of this form.

**WITHDRAW FROM SNAP** - If you no longer want to receive SNAP benefits, sign here to withdraw from participation in SNAP. Your SNAP benefits will stop. You have the right to contest this withdrawal if you feel that you were given incorrect or incomplete information about your eligibility for SNAP benefits by requesting a Fair Hearing within 90 days. You may re-apply for SNAP benefits at any time after your withdrawal.

X

IF YOU WITHHOLD INFORMATION ABOUT CHANGES IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD THAT YOU ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT, YOU WILL OWE US THE VALUE OF ANY EXTRA SNAP BENEFITS YOU RECEIVE AS A RESULT. IF YOU INTENTIONALLY WITHHOLD INFORMATION WHEN YOU ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT IT, YOU MAY ALSO BE DISQUALIFIED FROM SNAP AND COULD BE SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL PROSECUTION (SEE ATTACHED "SNAP PENALTY WARNING" ON PAGE 6).

**Use the Form Below to Report Changes** 

CHANGE IN INCOME OR SOURCE OF INCOME your reporting rules are also explained on Page 2.	– If you are	e a Simplified I	Repor	rter, y	your repo	rting rules are e	explained be	eginning or	Page 2. If yo	ou are a Change Re	eporter,	
NAME OF PERSON RECEIVING INCOME		NAME OF EMPLOYER OR SOURCE OF INCOME				NEW AMC	DUNT	TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED PER WEEK, IF WORKING		HOW OFTEN RECEIVED		
1.						\$						
2.						\$						
3.						\$						
CHANGE IN HOUSEHOLD - List below all new me	embers to vi	our household	inclu	dina	newborn		st members	who have	moved in or o	ut or have died		
	1	T		unig		ormarorn. 7 tioo n		1				
NAME	DATE OF BIRTH					HECK ONE)	DATE	R (weel	DW OFTEN ECEIVED kly, bi-weekly, monthly)	TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED PER WEEK, IF WORKING	SOURCE OF INCOME	
1.					CAME INTO LEFT HOUSE	HOUSEHOLD EHOLD		\$				
2.					CAME INTO LEFT HOUSE	HOUSEHOLD EHOLD		\$				
3.					CAME INTO LEFT HOUSE	HOUSEHOLD EHOLD		\$				
4.					CAME INTO	HOUSEHOLD EHOLD		\$				
CHANGE OF ADDRESS												
NEW MAILING ADDRESS		CITY					STATE	Ē		ZIP CODE		
IF YOU DON'T HAVE A STREET ADDRESS, GIVE DIRECTIONS TO YOUR HOME (if you are homeless, leave blank)  TELEPHONE NUMBER WHERE YOU CAN BE REACHED ( ) AREA CODE												
<b>CHANGE IN HOUSING COSTS -</b> If you have move mortgage payment or other costs have changed.	ed, you mus	st list your new	costs	s bel	ow. Even	if you have not	moved, you	u can use t	his section to t	ell us that your rent	t,	
Are you a roomer or boarder?	☐ YES		10				If Yes, a	are meals		DED	CLUDED	
RENT			YE	S	NO	IF YES, GIV	E MONTHLY	AMOUNT	CHANGE (CHECK ONE)			
Do you pay rent?				]		\$			☐ Same ☐ More ☐ Less			
Do you pay for the following separate from your re	ent?		YE	S	NO							
Heat and/or air conditioning												
Utilities (electricity, cooking gas, garbage, cooking gas, ga	etc.)											
MORTGAGE PAYMENT			YE	S	NO	IF YES, GIV	E MONTHLY	AMOUNT	C	CHANGE (CHECK ONE	)	
Do you have a <b>mortgage</b> payment?				]		\$			☐ Same I	☐ More ☐ Less	;	
Do you pay for the following <b>separate</b> from your <b>m</b>	ortgage:		YE	S	NO		E MONTHLY	AMOUNT		CHANGE (CHECK ONE		
Property taxes			L	_	<u>Ц</u>	\$			Same	☐ More ☐ Less		
House Insurance				_		\$			☐ Same	☐More ☐ Less	<b>i</b>	
Heat and/or air conditioning												
Utilities (electricity, cooking gas, garbage, cooking gas, ga	•		<u> </u>									
Are you living in section 8 or other subsidized hous		☐ YES		NO		Are you living	· ·	<u>*</u>	☐ YES	□ №		
CHANGE IN NUMBER OF CARS OR VEHICLI since the last time you told us about vehicles?	ES - Has a	nyone in you	r hou	iseho	old purch	nased, sold or	traded a ca	ar, truck, b	oat, camper,	motorcycle or oth	er vehicle	
MAKE				MC	DEL		YE	AR	IF SO	LD, AMOUNT RECEIVE	ED	
1.									\$			
2.									\$			
3.									\$			
-							- (					

CHANGE IN SAVINGS - List the total amount of money that the members of your household now have. Include cash, savings accounts, checking accounts, stocks, bonds or other investments. You must tell us if your household savings have increased to more than \$3,000 (more than \$4,500 if anyone in your household is 60 years old or older or been determined to be disabled).  CHANGE IN CHILD CARE, DEPENDENT CARE COSTS OR THE AMOUNT OF CHILD SUPPORT PAID - Have your child care or dependent care costs changed?									
If so, you may be eligible for more SNAP benefits.  CHANGE (CHECK ONE)	FOR WHOM?	WHOM DO YOU PAY?	NEW AMOUNT	HOW OFTEN DO YOU PAY?					
No Longer have cost	FOR WHOM?	WHOW DO TOU PAT?		HOW OFTEN DO TOO PAT?					
☐ HAVE COST	\$								
2. U NO LONGER HAVE COST  HAVE COST			\$						
3. ☐ NO LONGER HAVE COST☐ HAVE COST			\$						
CHANGE IN MEDICAL COSTS (Doctors, Dentists, Hospitals, Prescriptions, etc.) – You are only required to report changes in your medical expenses at recertification. However, you may voluntarily report changes in your medical expenses at any time for household members who are:  60 years old or older									
<ul> <li>disabled spouse or children of a deceased veteran</li> <li>getting Supplemental Security Income (SSI)</li> <li>getting Social Security Disability payments</li> <li>getting veterans' disability benefits</li> <li>getting government disability retirement benefits</li> <li>getting Railroad Retirement disability benefits</li> <li>getting disability-based medical assistance</li> </ul>									
If you report and verify an increase in your medical expenses, you may be eligible for more SNAP benefits.									
NAME	TYPE OF COST	AMOUNT	HOW OFTE	N IS EACH PAYMENT DUE?					
		\$							
		\$							
		\$							
		\$							
DO YOU EXPECT THE CHANGES YOU HAVE REPO	RTED TO CONTINUE NEXT MONT	H?		☐ YES ☐ NO					
If "NO"explain:									
CHECK HERE IF YOU HAVE NO CHANGES TO REF	CHECK HERE IF YOU HAVE NO CHANGES TO REPORT ABOUT YOUR SNAP HOUSEHOLD								
CHANGE OF BENEFITS  We will use your answers on this form to see if your household's benefits will change. Before we change your benefits, we will send you a notice explaining what will happen. If you don't agree with our decision, you have the right to a fair hearing to challenge our decision.									
BE SURE TO READ AND SIGN PAGE 6									

#### LDSS-3151 (Rev. 9/24) PAGE 6

#### SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) PENALTY WARNING

**SNAP PENALTY WARNING** – Any information you provide in connection with your application for SNAP will be subject to verification by Federal, State and local officials. If any information is incorrect, you may be denied SNAP. You may be subject to criminal prosecution if you knowingly provide incorrect information which affects eligibility of the amount of benefits. Anyone who is violating a condition of probation or parole or anyone who is fleeing to avoid prosecution, custody or confinement for a felony and is actively being pursued by law enforcement is not eligible to receive SNAP benefits.

If a SNAP household member is found to have committed an Intentional Program Violation (IPV), the member will not be able to get SNAP benefits for a period of:

- 12 months for the first SNAP-IPV;
- 24 months for the second SNAP-IPV;
- 24 months for the first SNAP-IPV, that is based on a court finding that the individual used or received SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of a controlled substance (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's prescription is required);
- 120 months if found to have made a fraudulent statement about who you are or where you live in order to get multiple SNAP benefits simultaneously, unless permanently disqualified for a third IPV;

Additionally, a court may bar an individual from participation in SNAP for an additional 18 months.

Permanent disqualification of an individual for:

- The first SNAP-IPV based on a court finding of using or receiving SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of firearms, ammunition or explosives;
- The first SNAP-IPV based on a court conviction for trafficking SNAP benefits for a combined amount of \$500 or more (Trafficking includes the illegal use, transfer, acquisition, alteration or possession of SNAP authorization cards or access devices);
- The second SNAP-IPV based on a court finding that an individual used or received SNAP benefits in a transaction involving the sale of controlled substances (Illegal drugs or certain drugs for which a doctor's prescription is required);
- All third SNAP Intentional Program Violations.

Any person convicted of a felony for knowingly using, transferring, acquiring, altering or possessing SNAP authorization cards or access devices may be fined up to \$250,000, imprisoned up to 20 years or both. The individual may also be subject to prosecution under the applicable Federal and State laws.

You may be found ineligible for SNAP or found to have committed an IPV if:

- You make a false or misleading statement, or misrepresent, conceal or withhold facts in order to gualify for benefits or receive more benefits; or
- Purchase a product with SNAP benefits with the intent of obtaining cash by intentionally discarding the product and returning the container for the deposit amount; or
- Commit or attempt to commit any act that constitutes a violation of Federal or State law for the purpose of using, presenting, transferring, acquiring, receiving, possessing or trafficking of SNAP benefits, authorization cards or reusable documents used as part of the Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) system.

Additionally, the following is not allowed and, you may be disqualified from receiving SNAP Benefits and/or be subject to penalties for actions that include:

- Using or have in your possession EBT cards that do not belong to you, without the card owner's consent; or
- Using SNAP benefits to buy nonfood items, such as alcohol or cigarettes, or to pay for food previously purchased on credit; or
- Allowing someone else to use your electronic benefit transfer (EBT) card in exchange for cash, firearms, ammunition or explosives, or drugs or to purchase food for individuals who are not members of the SNAP household.

If you get more SNAP benefits than you should have (overpayment), you must pay them back. If your case is active, we will take back the amount of the overpayment from future SNAP benefits that you get. If your case is closed, you may pay back the overpayment through any unused SNAP benefits remaining in your account, or you may pay cash.

If you have an overpayment that is not paid back, it will be referred for collection, including automated collection by the federal government. Federal benefits (such as Social Security) and tax refunds that you are entitled to receive may be taken to pay back to the overpayment. The debt will also be subject to processing charges.

Any SNAP benefits expunged from your EBT account will be used to reduce current overpayments. If you apply for SNAP again, and have not repaid the amount you owe, your SNAP benefits will be reduced if you begin to get them again. You will be notified, at that time, of the amount of reduced benefits you will get.

#### **CERTIFICATION**

I understand the penalty for hiding or giving false information. I also understand I will owe the value of any extra SNAP benefits I receive because I don't fully report changes in my household. I agree to prove any changes reported if necessary. The answers on this form are correct and complete to the best of my knowledge. I understand that my signature authorizes federal, state and local officials to contact other persons or organizations to verify the information I have provided.

SIGNATURE	DATE
Y	

NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE

# PROGRAMA DE ASISTENCIA NUTRICIONAL SUPLEMENTARIA (SNAP) FORMULARIO DE INFORME DE CAMBIOS

( (Favor de escribir en letra de molde legible)

CASO NI	ÚMER(	)			

SE LE EXIGE INFORMAR TODO CAMBIO EN LA SITUACIÓN DE SU SEGÚN LAS REGLAS A CONTINUACIÓN:		FECHA:
A: DOMICILIO:	NOMBRE, DIRECCI LOCAL:	IÓN Y NÚMERO TELEFÓNICO DEL DISTRITO

#### SU RESPONSABILIDAD DE INFORMAR CAMBIOS

Favor de leer las preguntas y reglas con atención. Si usted no reporta todo cambio que está obligado a informar, de acuerdo con las reglas establecidas, podemos iniciar una reclamación por pago excesivo de los subsidios del Programa de Asistencia Nutricional Suplementaria (SNAP – por sus siglas en inglés) y cobrarle dicho monto.

Los cambios que ESTÁ OBLIGADO a informar se explican a continuación. Los cambios que ESTÁ OBLIGADO a informar se explican a continuación. Usted puede informar, voluntariamente, todo cambio en la composición del grupo familiar que recibe SNAP. Si el cambio a reportar tendría como resultado un aumento en la cantidad de subsidios que recibe, una vez usted presente comprobantes de dicho cambio, aumentaremos la cantidad de subsidios que recibe.

¿PRESENTA USTED UN «INFORME SIMPLIFICADO» (SEIS MESES) O UN «INFORME DE CAMBIOS»? PUEDE RESPONDER A LAS SIGUIENTES PREGUNTAS PARA DETERMINAR SI USTED DEBE PRESENTAR UN «INFORME SIMPLIFICADO» O UN «INFORME DE CAMBIOS».

1.	¿Recibe subsidios transitorios de SNAP (TBA)?	SÍ – Vaya a "TBA" en la página 3 (Salte las preguntas 2 a 8)	NO – Vaya a la pregunta #2, a continuación
2.	¿Recibe subsidios del Proyecto de Solicitud Combinada del Estado de Nueva York (NYSCAP)?	SI – Vaya a "NYSCAP" en la página 3 (salte las preguntas 3 a 8)	NO – Vaya a la pregunta #3, a continuación
	¿Recibe subsidios del Proyecto de Solicitud Simplificada para Adultos Mayores (ESAP)?	SÍ – Vaya a "ESAP" en la página 3 (Salte las preguntas 3 a 8)	
3.	¿Es usted una persona certificada para recibir los subsidios SNAP por tres meses o períodos menores?	SÍ –Vaya a "Informe de Cambios" en la página 2 (Salte las preguntas 4 a 8)	NO – Vaya a la pregunta #4, a continuación
4.	¿Algún integrante de su grupo familiar recibe ingresos devengados que se contabiliza en el cálculo de sus subsidios SNAP?	SÍ –Vaya a "Informe Simplificado" en la página 2 (Salte las preguntas 5 a 8)	NO – Vaya a la pregunta #5, a continuación
5.	¿Son todos los adultos (de 18 años o más) de su grupo familiar permanentemente incapacitados o tienen 60 años o más?	SÍ –Vaya a "Informe de Cambios" en la página 2 (Salte las preguntas 6 a 8)	NO – Vaya a la pregunta #6, a continuación
6.	¿Recibe su grupo familiar \$0 en ingresos (incluyendo \$0 en Asistencia Temporal)?	SÍ –Vaya a "Informe de Cambios" en la página 2 (Salte las preguntas 7 y 8)	NO – Vaya a la pregunta #7, a continuación
7.	¿No tiene vivienda (domicilio fijo) o es usted trabajador agrícola migratorio o temporal?	SÍ – Vaya a "Informe de Cambios" en la página 2 (Salte la pregunta 8)	NO – Vaya a la pregunta #8, a continuación
8.	Usted contestó "No" a todas las 7 preguntas anteriores	Vaya a "Informe Simplificado" al principio de la página 2	

**REGLAS DEL INFORME SIMPLIFICADO:** Como hogar beneficiario de SNAP, según las reglas del «Informe Simplificado de Cambios», usted solamente tiene que informar cambios en la próxima revalidación, excepto en las tres situaciones siguientes:

1. Si el ingreso bruto mensual de su hogar sobrepasa el 130% del índice de pobreza, DEBERÁ reportar esta cantidad mensual al distrito de servicios sociales por teléfono, por escrito o en persona, dentro de los 10 días de finalizado el mes calendario en el que supera el 130%. El ingreso bruto es la cantidad de ingresos antes de pagar impuestos y descontar otras deducciones salariales y no la cantidad que usted recibe cuando cobra su cheque. Debemos utilizar el ingreso bruto al calcular su habilitación para recibir SNAP. La persona a cargo de su caso le explicará lo que significa el 130% del índice de pobreza para una familia con el número de integrantes como la suya. Todo otro tipo de ingreso que usted reciba, además de los ingresos devengados, deben ser agregados a su ingreso bruto con motivo de averiguar si sobrepasa el 130% del índice de pobreza. Ejemplos de otros tipos de ingresos que se toman en cuenta son: pagos de Sustento de Menores, Seguro por Desempleo, Asistencia Temporal (TA), Compensación Laboral, Seguro Social, Seguridad de Ingreso Suplementario (SSI) y pagos privados por incapacidad.

Si usted no nos informa que sus ingresos brutos sobrepasan el 130% del índice de pobreza en un determinado mes calendario, todos los beneficios recibidos después de ese mes se podrán considerar como pagos en exceso. Ello aplica aun cuando su ingreso bruto sea menos del 130% del índice de pobreza en un mes futuro.

2. Si el período de certificación de su grupo familiar dura más de 6 meses: En la fecha de la revisión de los seis meses de su período de certificación, usted recibirá un Formulario de Informe Periódico el cual usted DEBE devolver dentro de los diez días de recibirlo. Si su grupo familiar tiene algunos de los cambios que se mencionan a continuación, usted DEBE informarlos en el formulario que se le envía a la fecha de revisión de los seis meses.

#### Lista de cambios que debe informar en la revisión de los seis meses:

- Cambios en toda fuente de ingresos de uno de los miembros del grupo familiar
- Cambios en el total de ingresos devengados de su grupo familiar cuando dicho monto aumenta o disminuye por más de \$125 al mes
- Cambios en el total de ingresos no devengados de su grupo familiar provenientes de un fondo público, tales como subsidios del Seguro Social o el Seguro
  por Desempleo, cuando dicho monto aumenta o disminuye por más de\$125 al mes
- Cambios en el total de ingresos no devengados de su grupo familiar provenientes de fondos privados, tales como pagos de Sustento de Menores o Seguro Privado por Incapacidad, cuando dicho monto total aumenta o disminuye por más de \$125 al mes
- Cambios en el monto del pago por orden judicial de Sustento de Menores que usted paga a favor de un niño que no es miembro del grupo familiar que recibe SNAP.
- Cambios en quiénes viven con usted
- Si se muda, su nuevo domicilio y los nuevos montos de alquiler o hipoteca; gastos de calefacción, aire acondicionado y servicios púbicos
- Un automóvil nuevo o diferente, u otro vehículo
- Aumento en la cantidad de dinero en efectivo, acciones, bonos, dinero en el banco o instituciones de ahorro cuando la cantidad total en efectivo y en ahorros
  de todos los miembros del grupo familiar es más de \$3,000 (o más de \$4,500 si algún miembro del hogar está incapacitado o tiene 60 años de edad o más)
- Todo cambio en su hogar que resulte en una sanción, tal como se explica en la página 6.
- 3. Si algún integrante de su hogar beneficiario del subsidio SNAP es un Adulto Habilitado para Trabajar sin Dependientes ("ABAWD"), la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD DEBE informar al distrito si las horas de trabajo se reducen a menos de 80 horas cada mes, debe informarlo dentro de los diez días de finalizado dicho mes. El distrito ofrecerá y le brindará a la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD una actividad laboral que cumpla con el requisito laboral que le pueda ayudar a cumplir con el requisito federal ABAWD. Si algún integrante de su grupo familiar beneficiario de SNAP es una persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD, la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD deberá informar si el grupo familiar de la persona ABAWD se ha mudado a una zona donde la exención federal ABAWD ha sido aprobada o si la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD cree que debería ser exenta del requisito ABAWD.

#### **REGLAS DEL INFORME DE CAMBIOS:**

Según las reglas de «Informe de Cambios» en cuanto a los hogares que reciben SNAP, usted **DEBE** reportar los siguientes cambios dentro de 10 días de finalizar el mes en el que ocurre el cambio:

- Cambios en toda fuente de ingresos de uno de los miembros del grupo familiar
- Cambios en el total de ingresos devengados de su grupo familiar cuando dicho monto aumenta o disminuye por más de \$125 al mes
- Cambios en el total de ingresos no devengados de su grupo familiar provenientes de un fondo público, tales como subsidios del Seguro Social o el Seguro
  por Desempleo, cuando dicho monto aumenta o disminuye por más de\$125 al mes
- Cambios en el total de ingresos no devengados de su grupo familiar provenientes de fondos privados, tales como pagos de Sustento de Menores o Seguro Privado por Incapacidad, cuando dicho monto total aumenta o disminuye por más de \$125 al mes
- Cambios en el monto del pago por orden judicial de Sustento de Menores que usted paga a favor de un niño que no es miembro del grupo familiar que recibe SNAP.
- Cambios en quiénes viven con usted
- Si se muda, su nuevo domicilio y los nuevos montos de alquiler o hipoteca; gastos de calefacción, aire acondicionado y servicios púbicos
- Un automóvil nuevo o diferente, u otro vehículo
- En su grupo familiar hay un aumento de **dinero en efectivo**, **acciones, bonos, dinero en el banco o en una institución de ahorros** si el total del dinero en efectivo y ahorros de todos los miembros del grupo familiar sobrepasa los \$3,000 en un grupo familiar donde <u>no hay</u> un anciano o una persona con una incapacidad permanente; **o** \$4,500 cuando en el grupo familiar <u>hay</u> un anciano o una persona con una incapacidad permanente.
- Si algún integrante de su grupo familiar beneficiario del subsidio SNAP es un Adulto Habilitado para Trabajar sin Dependientes (ABAWD), la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD DEBE informar al distrito dentro de los diez días de finalizado dicho mes, si las horas de trabajo se reducen a menos de 80 horas. El distrito ofrecerá y le brindará a la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD una actividad laboral que cumpla con el requisito laboral que le pueda ayudar a cumplir con el requisito federal ABAWD. Si algún integrante de su grupo familiar beneficiario de SNAP es una persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD, la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD deberá informar si el grupo familiar de la persona ABAWD se ha mudado a una zona donde la exención federal ABAWD ha sido aprobada o si la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD cree que debería ser exenta del requisito ABAWD.
- Todo cambio en su hogar que resulte en una sanción, tal como se explica en la página 6.

#### INFORME DE CAMBIOS – Hogares que reciben beneficios transitorios (TBA):

 La subvención transitoria de los subsidios SNAP puede continuar por un período de hasta cinco meses después de que se cierra su caso de Asistencia Temporal.

- No se le exige reportar cambios durante el período de transición. Si se producen cambios que puedan aumentar su subvención, comuníquese
  con el trabajador social para registrar un formulario de revalidación temprana en cualquier momento durante el período de transición para poder
  recibir el aumento. No se le puede aprobar el aumento hasta que no se registre una solicitud firmada de revalidación y se haya completado todo
  el proceso de revalidación.
- Debe revalidar próximo a la fecha de vencimiento de su período de transición para determinar si puede continuar recibiendo el subsidio SNAP una vez finalizado el período de transición. Le enviaremos un aviso recordándole de este requisito de revalidación. Si usted no presenta una revalidación, no le enviaremos ningún otro aviso y nos veremos obligados a cerrar su caso de SNAP.

#### NYSCAP - INFORME DE CAMBIOS para participantes del programa NYSCAP:

- Hacia la mitad del periodo de su certificación en el NYSNIP o en el NYSCAP, usted recibirá un formulario de "Contacto Provisional" que debe rellenar y devolver.
- Aparte de la carta de contacto provisional que usted recibe, no se le requiere reportar ningún cambio durante el período de certificación. Puede, voluntariamente, reportar aumentos en gastos médicos, vivienda, gastos de calefacción / aire acondicionado, servicios públicos o disminución de ingresos. Si usted reporta y comprueba esos cambios, es posible que reciba un aumento en la cantidad del subsidio SNAP que recibe. No es obligatorio, pero le sugerimos que si se muda nos informe de su nuevo domicilio, de manera que pueda seguir recibiendo los avisos que le enviamos.

#### ESAP - Informe de Cambios - Participantes del programa ESAP:

- Los hogares beneficiarios de ESAP están considerados bajo la categoría del Informe Simplificado, pero DEBEN también informar sobre los siguientes cambios dentro de los 10 días después de finalizado el mes en que se hicieron los cambios:
  - Cambios en guienes viven con usted
  - Si algún miembro del grupo familiar empieza a recibir ingresos devengados
  - Si algún miembro del hogar recibe ganancias sustanciales de\$4,500 o más derivadas de ganar un premio monetario en loterías o juegos de azar en un mismo juego, antes de impuestos y otras retenciones.
- Usted recibirá una carta de contacto 18 meses después del inicio de ESAP. NO se le requiere que devuelva esta carta de contacto, pero lo puede hacer voluntariamente y debe documentar cualquier cambio antes de tener un incremento de sus subsidios SNAP.

Asistencia Temporal (TA) - Reglas de Informe de Cambios: Las reglas anteriores aplican solamente al Programa SNAP. Si usted también recibe Asistencia Temporal (TA), todavía se le exige informar cambios relacionados con el programa TA dentro de los 10 días de haberse producido el cambio, en las comunicaciones de habilitación pertinentes al programa TA y en la revalidación.

#### Cuando usar este formulario:

Puede usar este formulario para informar todo cambio obligatorio o voluntario. También, puede utilizar este formulario para informar cambios en el costo de cuidado de niños o adultos discapacitados o cambios en los costos de vivienda, aun si no se ha mudado. Si estos gastos suben usted podrá habilitar para recibir un aumento en el subsidio SNAP.

Si algún integrante de su grupo familiar beneficiario del subsidio SNAP es un Adulto Habilitado para Trabajar sin Dependientes (ABAWD), la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD DEBE informar al distrito dentro de los diez días de finalizado dicho mes, si las horas de trabajo se reducen a menos de 80 horas. El distrito ofrecerá y le brindará a la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD una actividad laboral que cumpla con el requisito laboral que le pueda ayudar a cumplir con el requisito federal ABAWD. Si algún integrante de su grupo familiar beneficiario de SNAP es una persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD deberá informar si el grupo familiar de la persona ABAWD se ha mudado a una zona donde la exención federal ABAWD ha sido aprobada o si la persona bajo la categoría de ABAWD cree que debería ser exenta del requisito ABAWD.

Este formulario debe ser enviado por correo o fax o presentado a la agencia indicada arriba. Si por algún motivo usted no puede enviar por correo, por fax o entregar en persona este formulario, puede reportar los cambios en línea o por medio de myBenefits.ny.gov; o llamándonos al número que aparecen en la página 1 de este formulario.

**RETIRO DEL PROGRAMA SNAP -** Si usted ya no desea recibir los subsidios SNAP, firme aquí para retirar su participación del programa SNAP. Sus subsidios SNAP cesarán. Usted tiene derecho a oponerse a este retiro del programa si considera que se le ha proporcionado información incorrecta o incompleta sobre su habilitación para recibir los subsidios SNAP. Puede hacerlo solicitando una Audiencia Imparcial dentro de 90 días. Puede volver a solicitar el subsidio SNAP en cualquier momento después de haberse retirado del programa.

X.

SI USTED RETIENE INFORMACIÓN PERTINENTE A CAMBIOS EN SU GRUPO FAMILIAR Y DE LOS CUALES USTED TIENE LA OBLIGACIÓN DE INFORMAR, NOS ADEUDARÁ EL VALOR DE TODO SUBSIDIO ADICIONAL QUE RECIBA A CONSECUENCIA DE NO INFORMAR LOS CAMBIOS. SI USTED INTENCIONALMENTE RETIENE INFORMACIÓN CUANDO TIENE LA OBLIGACIÓN DE INFORMAR, SE LE PODRÁ TAMBIÉN ELIMINAR DEL PROGRAMA SNAP Y ESTARÁ SUJETO A PROCESAMIENTOS PENALES (CONSULTE EL TEMA ADJUNTO TITULADO "ADVERTENCIA SOBRE LAS SANCIONES RELACIONADAS CON EL PROGRAMA SNAP» EN LA PÁGINA 6).

Use el formulario a continuación para informar cambios

<u>CAMBIO EN LOS INGRESOS O FUENTE DE INGRESOS</u> — Si usted presenta el Informe Simplificado, las reglas pertinentes a dichos cambios son explicadas a partir de la página 2. Si presenta el Informe de Cambios, las reglas pertinentes a dichos cambión son explicadas en la página 2.													
NOMBRE DE LA PERSONA QUE RECIBE EL INGRE	so	NOMBRE DEL EMPLEADOR O FUENTE DE INGRESO					NUEVA CAN	TIDAD	SI TRA NÚMERO DE HO TRABAJ <b>LA SE</b>	TOTAL DRAS ADAS <b>A</b>	(	¿CON QUÉ FRECUENCIA LO RECIBE?	
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retirado del hogar o que han fallecido.	100 1100 100 11110		iogai,		ayondo o	u 10		200. Tami		u u 100 1111	011101	o quo oo nan moo	, porado o
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CAMBIO DE DIRECCIÓN													
NUEVA DIRECCIÓN DE CORREO		CIUDAD						ESTA	.DO			CÓDIGO POSTA	L
SI SU DIRECCIÓN NO INCLUYE EL NOMBRE DE LA CALLE, PROPORCIONE INSTRUCCIONES PARA LLEGAR A SU CASA (si está desamparado(a), deje éste espacio en blanco)  NÚMERO DE TELÉFONO DONDE SE LE PUEDA LOCALIZAR  ( ) CÓDIGO DE ÁREA													
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¿Es usted pensionista o renta una habitación?	o □síl	□NO							Si contesta	«Sí», las N INCLUIE		las NO ESTÁN IN	CLUIDAS
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Servicios Públicos (electricidad, gas p basura, etc.)	ara cocinar, red	colección de		]									
PAGO DE HIPOTECA			SÍ	ĺ	NO		¿SI? CAN	NTIDAD ME	NSUAL		C	AMBIO (MARQUE UN	0)
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<ul> <li>Servicios Públicos (electricidad, gas para cocinar, recolección de basura, etc.)</li> </ul>													
¿Vive usted en una vivienda de la "Sección 8"	u otra vivienda	subsidiada?		] sí	□NO		¿Vive usted e	n una vivie	enda públi	ca?□ Sĺ	□м	)	
CAMBIOS EN LA CANTIDAD DE AUTOMÓVILES O VEHÍCULOS - ¿Algú casa rodante, motocicleta u otro vehículo desde la última vez que nos inforr								ar compré	o, vendió o	intercan	nbió u	n automóvil, cami	ón, barco,
MARCA				МО	DELO			ļ ,	AÑO	SI	LO VEI	NDIÓ, CANTIDAD REC	CIBIDA
1.										\$			
2.										\$			
3									\$				

<b>CAMBIOS EN LOS AHORROS -</b> Incluya el <b>total</b> de dinero que los miembros de su hogar tienen actualmente. Incluya dinero en efectivo, cuentas de ahorro, cuentas corrientes, acciones, bonos u otras inversiones. Se le exige informarnos si los ahorros de su hogar han <b>aumentado</b> a más de \$3,000 (o más de \$4,500 si un miembro del hogar tiene 60 años de edad o más, o es una persona incapacitada).									
CAMBIOS EN EL CUIDADO DE NIÑOS, GASTOS POR EL CUIDADO DE DEPENDIENTES O EN LA CANTIDAD PAGADA DE SUSTENTO DE MENORES - ¿Hay cambios en los gastos por el cuidado de niños o el cuidado de dependientes? De ser así, es posible que reúna los requisitos para obtener los subsidios de SNAP.									
CAMBIO (MARQUE UNO)	O CI CUIUGGO C	¿PARA QUIÉN?		QUIÉN LE PAGA USTED?		CANTIDAD	FRECUENCIA DEL PAGO		
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TIENE EL GASTO					\$				
3.					\$				
CAMBIOS EN LOS GASTOS MÉDICOS (doc	tores, dentist	tas, hospitales, recetas méd	licas,	etc.) – Sólo se le requ	uiere infor	mar los car	mbios en los gastos médicos		
al momento de la revalidación. Sin embargo, cuando usted lo desee, puede voluntariamente reportar los gastos médicos incurridos por miembros del hogar que:  tengan 60 años de edad o más sean cónyuges incapacitados o hijos de un veterano fallecido reciban Ingreso Suplementario de Seguro Social (SSI) reciban beneficios del Seguro Social por Incapacidad reciban beneficios por incapacidad para veteranos reciban una pensión gubernamental de jubilación por incapacidad reciban una pensión gubernamental de jubilación ferroviaria por incapacidad reciben asistencia médica por discapacidad. Si usted informa y confirma un aumento en sus gastos médicos, usted podría ser una persona apta para recibir más subsidios de SNAP.									
NOMBRE		TIPO DE GASTO		CANTIDAD		¿CON QUÉ	FRECUENCIA HACE ESTE PAGO?		
				\$					
				\$					
				\$					
				\$					
¿CREE QUE LOS CAMBIOS QUE HA REPO	RTADO SE RI	EPETIRÁN EL PRÓXIMO ME	S?				□ sí □ no		
Si contesta «NO», explique:									
MARQUE ESTA CASILLA SI NO TIENE CAI	MARQUE ESTA CASILLA SI NO TIENE CAMBIOS QUE REPORTAR SOBRE EL HOGAR QUE RECIBE SNAP								
MODIFICACIÓN EN LOS SUBSIDIOS  Usaremos las respuestas que usted nos da en este formulario para saber si habrá una modificación en los subsidios del grupo familiar. Antes de efectuar cambios en sus subsidios, le enviaremos un aviso explicándole lo que sucederá. Si no está de acuerdo con nuestra determinación, tiene el derecho a una audiencia imparcial con motivo de oponerse a nuestra decisión.									

ASEGÚRESE DE LEER Y FIRMAR LA PÁGINA 6



#### ADVERTENCIA SOBRE SANCIONES RELACIONADAS CON EL PROGRAMA DE ASISTENCIA NUTRICIONAL SUPLEMENTARIA (SNAP)

**ADVERTENCIA SOBRE MULTA RELACIONADA CON SNAP** – Toda información que usted suministre en relación con su solicitud de subsidio SNAP estará sujeta a verificación por autoridades federales, estatales y locales. De encontrarse información inexacta, se le podrá negar el subsidio SNAP. Se le someterá a enjuiciamientos penales si usted, a sabiendas, proporciona información incorrecta que afecte su habilitación para el monto de subsidios. Toda persona que esté en violación de una de las reglas de libertad condicional («probation») o libertad bajo palabra («parole») o que esté huyendo para evitar un juicio, custodia o prisión por un delito grave, y actualmente es un prófugo de la ley, no es apto para recibir los subsidios SNAP.

Si un integrante del grupo familiar beneficiario de SNAP es declarado culpable de Violación Intencional del Programa (IPV), esa persona no podrá recibir los subsidios de SNAP por un período de:

- 12 meses por la primera Violación Intencional del Programa SNAP (SNAP-IPV);
- 24 meses por la segunda Violación Intencional del Programa SNAP-IPV;
- 24 meses por la primera SNAP-IPV que se fundamente en un fallo judicial que establece que la persona usó o recibió subsidios SNAP en una transacción de venta de una sustancia controlada (drogas ilegales o ciertas drogas para las cuales se requiere una receta médica);
- 120 meses, si se le declara culpable de haber hecho una declaración falsa sobre su identidad o su domicilio, con el fin de obtener múltiples subisidios SNAP simultáneamente, a menos que se le inhabilite permanentemente por una tercera IPV;

Además, un tribunal de justicia también podrá prohibir que una persona reciba subsidios de SNAP por un período adicional de 18 meses.

La inhabilitación permanente de un individuo por:

- La primera SNAP-IPV que se fundamente en un fallo judicial que establece que la persona usó o recibió subsidios SNAP en una transacción de venta de armas de fuego, municiones o explosivos;
- La primera SNAP-IPV que se fundamente en una pena impuesta por traficar subsidios SNAP por un monto combinado de \$500 o más (tráfico
  constituye el uso, transferencia, adquisición, alteración o posesión ilegal de tarjetas de autorización o dispositivos de acceso de subsidios SNAP);
- Por la segunda SNAP-IPV que se fundamente en un fallo judicial que establece que la persona usó o recibió subsidios SNAP en una transacción de venta de una sustancia controlada (drogas ilegales o ciertas drogas para las cuales se requiere una receta médica);
- Todas las terceras Violaciones Intencionales del Programa SNAP.

Toda persona culpable de un delito grave por a sabiendas usar, transferir, adquirir, alterar o poseer fondos de SNAP, tarjetas de autorización o dispositivos de acceso, se le podrá imponer una multa de hasta \$250,000; una pena de prisión de hasta 20 años, o ambas sanciones. La persona también podrá estar sujeta a enjuiciamiento penal conforme las leyes federales y estatales vigentes.

Se le podrá declarar inhabilitado para recibir SNAP o declarado culpable de una Violación Intencional del Programa (IPV) si usted:

- Hace una declaración falsa o engañosa o hace una representación falsa, oculta o retiene hechos con el fin de habilitar para recibir subsidios o
  recibir más subsidios; o
- Comprar un producto con subsidios SNAP con el fin de obtener dinero en efectivo desechando intencionalmente el producto y devolviendo el envase por el monto del depósito; o
- Comete o intenta cometer un acto que constituya una violación de una ley federal o estatal con el objeto de usar, presentar, transferir, adquirir, recibir, poseer o traficar subsidios de SNAP, tarjetas de autorización o documentos reusables utilizados como parte del sistema de Transferencia Electrónica de Beneficios (EBT).

Además, no está permitido lo siguiente y se le puede inhabilitar para recibir el subsidio SNAP o estará sujeto a sanciones por las siguientes acciones:

- Usar o tener posesión de tarietas EBT que no le pertenecen a usted sin el consentimiento del propietario de la tarieta; o
- Usar el subsidio SNAP para comprar artículos no comestibles, tales como alcohol y cigarrillos, o pagar por comida previamente adquirida a crédito; o
- Le permite a otra persona usar su tarjeta de transferencia electrónica de beneficios (EBT), a cambio de dinero en efectivo, armas de fuego, drogas, o para comprar alimentos para otras personas que no son integrantes del grupo familiar beneficiario de SNAP.

Si usted recibe un monto mayor de subsidio SNAP del que debería recibir (pago en exceso), debe reembolsarlo. Si su caso está activo, deduciremos el monto del pago en exceso de pagos futuros de subsidios SNAP que usted reciba. Si su caso está cerrado, usted puede devolver el monto en exceso regresando cualquier monto no utilizado de subsidios SNAP que reste en su cuenta, o puede pagar con dinero en efectivo.

Si tiene vigente un pago en exceso no reintegrado, el monto de dicho pago estará sujeto a acciones de cobro, inclusive el cobro automático por parte del gobierno federal. Las prestaciones federales (tales como el Seguro Social) y los rembolsos de impuestos a los que usted tenga derecho, se le podrán retener como pago del monto en exceso adeudado. A la deuda también se le sumarán los costos pertinentes de procesamiento.

Todo subsidio SNAP extraído de su cuenta EBT se usará para reducir los pagos en exceso pendientes. Si solicita nuevamente SNAP, y no ha pagado la cantidad que adeuda, se reducirá el subsidio SNAP si comienza a recibir SNAP nuevamente. Se le notificará en ese entonces del monto reducido de subsidios que usted recibirá.

#### CERTIFICACIÓN

Comprendo la naturaleza del castigo que se impone por ocultar o proveer información falsa. También, comprendo que adeudaré el valor de todo monto adicional que reciba de beneficios SNAP, como resultado de no informar todos los cambios que ocurran en mi hogar. Acepto comprobar los cambios, si fuese necesario. Las respuestas en este formulario son exactas y completas según mi leal saber y entender. Entiendo que mi firma autoriza a las autoridades federales, estatales y locales a comunicarse con personas u organizaciones con el fin de verificar la información que he proporcionado.

rederales, estatales	y locales a comunicarse con personas u organizaciones con el fin de verificar la l	nformación que ne proporcionado.
FIRMA		FECHA

# **Using SNAP Benefits**

*In this section:* 

Monthly Benefits Issuance Schedule	1
The EBT Card	1
How to Use the EBT Card	1
Paying a Portion of the Bill From the SNAP Account	2
Purchases Above the Available Benefit Amount	2
Non-SNAP Purchases	2
Requesting a Second EBT Card	2
Repeated EBT Card Requests	3
Eligible Food Items	3
SNAP Benefits Are Used for Food Only	4
Using SNAP to Purchase Food Online	4
Restaurant Meals Program (RMP)	4
Appointing an Authorized Representative	5
Unspent SNAP Balances	5
RESOURCES FOR THIS SECTION	6
LDSS-4217 ID Card Update Form	
LDSS-5230 Restaurant Meals Program Notice of Eligibility Decision	

# **USING SNAP BENEFITS**

### **Using SNAP Benefits**

#### **Monthly Benefits Issuance Schedule**

EBT BROCHURE LDSS-5004

GIS 15 TA/DC030

GIS 16 TA/DC047

GIS 17 TA/DC043

GIS 19 TA/DC028

GIS 23DC085

GIS 24DC037

OTDA'S EBT WEBPAGE: OTDA.NY.GOV/ WORKINGFAMILIES/EBT/ Benefits are generally made available over the first nine to 14 days of every month, based on the last digit of the client's case number. The chart below applies to all counties outside of the five boroughs of NYC:

Case Number Ends In:	Benefits Available On:		
0 or 1	1st of the month		
2	2 <sup>nd</sup> of the month		
3	3 <sup>rd</sup> of the month		
4	4 <sup>th</sup> of the month		
5	5 <sup>th</sup> of the month		
6	6 <sup>th</sup> of the month		
7	7 <sup>th</sup> of the month		
8	8 <sup>th</sup> of the month		
9	9 <sup>th</sup> of the month		

View the NYC schedule at: otda.ny.gov/workingfamilies/ebt/nyc-issuance-schedule.pdf

For NYC cases, benefit postings are spread over 10 different days that are not Sundays or holidays, during the first two weeks of the month. The actual dates change from one month to the next, so NYC publishes a six-month schedule with the exact availability dates.

The NYC schedule above is based on the last digit of the case number, called the toe digit. To use, find the toe digit in the first column of the schedule. On the top row of the schedule, find each month listed with an A and B column underneath. Column A is the date of the SNAP benefit deposit for that toe digit for each month listed.

#### **The EBT Card**

#### **How to Use the EBT Card**

New York State uses an Electronic Benefits Transfer (EBT) system to issue SNAP benefits, TANF benefits, and Medicaid health insurance. SNAP participants use their EBT cards in machines at checkout counters, just like debit and credit cards.

#### The EBT Card, cont.

To use the SNAP benefits on the EBT card, SNAP recipients:

- Shop and take their purchases to the cash register
- Swipe the card through the machine, and
- Enter their Personal Identification Number (PIN)

The system will take the amount spent on food purchases from the SNAP account.

#### Paying a Portion of the Bill From the SNAP Account

It is possible to pay only a portion of the bill from the SNAP account and pay the remainder with another form of payment. The machine will ask how much the participant wants to pay from their EBT SNAP account, and the participant can enter any amount up to the amount of benefits available in their account. The grocery store receipt will tell them how much is left.

#### **Purchases Above the Available Benefit Amount**

If the amount entered for the EBT payment is more than the amount available, the machine will reject the entire transaction. In that case, the participant should check the balance, which can be done right at the cash register. Once the customer knows how much is available and enters that amount, the machine will accept the transaction, even if it is less than the amount of the purchase. The customer can then pay the balance with another form of payment.

#### **Non-SNAP Purchases**

Any non-SNAP-eligible purchases can be paid for with another form of payment. If the participant has a cash assistance account, the non-food purchases can be paid directly from the cash account by swiping the card again. Food and non-food purchases do not have to be separated at the checkout counter.

#### 23-ADM-02

#### **Requesting a Second EBT Card**

Certain SNAP households are allowed to have two EBT cards to use at grocery stores and EBT vendors.

#### Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-4217 ID Card Update Form

Households that include two parents/guardians are eligible to request a second EBT card if they meet the following criteria:

- Are both on the SNAP case,
- Live in the household full-time, and
- Are over the age of 18, or
- Regardless of age, are the parent/guardian of a minor child.

# **USING SNAP BENEFITS**

#### The EBT Card, cont.

To receive an additional EBT card, the SNAP head of household must submit a written request using the LDSS-4217 ID Card Update Form. The procedure to obtain a second EBT card is the same as obtaining an authorized representative card. In this situation, the second EBT card will have the payee/head of household name and the name of the second parent/guardian in the household. Each card will have its own card number. The second parent/guardian is not considered an authorized representative and does not have the same permissions and responsibilities to act on behalf of the head of household.

Once the household submits the LDSS-4217, the SNAP office has 30 calendar days to review and process the request. The SNAP head of household can request to deactivate the second card at any time without the consent of the second card holder by filling out the LDSS-4217.

SNAP households are permitted to have a maximum of **two** active EBT cards. If a two-parent/guardian household already has an authorized representative card issued, they cannot request an additional card for the second parent/guardian. Similarly, if the two parents/guardians receive a second EBT card, they cannot request an additional card for an authorized representative.

GIS 15 TA/DC030 GIS 17 TA/DC043

#### **Repeated EBT Card Requests**

SNAP recipients who have requested and used more than four EBT cards in a 12-month period will receive a letter from NYS, mandated by USDA, warning cardholders that misuse of EBT cards and SNAP benefits will result in a program violation that is subject to various penalties and sanctions. The letter also states that if the recipient continues to request new EBT cards, they can be referred to the local SNAP Program Integrity Unit for possible investigation.

Under this policy, OTDA will continue to monitor EBT card requests of current SNAP recipients and their benefit redemption history.

#### **Eligible Food Items**

SNAP benefits can be used to buy almost all foods, as well as seeds and plants that produce food. Households **cannot** buy the following items with SNAP benefits:

- Beer, wine, or liquor
- Cigarettes or tobacco
- Non-food items like toiletries, pet foods, or household supplies
- Vitamins and medicines
- Ready-to-eat hot foods
- Prepared cold foods that will be eaten in the store (prepared cold foods to be eaten at home are allowed)

Visit USDA/FNS for a complete list of SNAP-eligible food items: fns.usda.gov/snap/eligible-food-items

# Eligible Food Items, cont.

#### **SNAP Benefits Are Used for Food Only**

SNAP households can never get cash, as their SNAP benefits are only to be spent on food items at approved retailers.

#### **Using SNAP to Purchase Food Online**

GIS 19 TA/DC028

Approved SNAP retailers allow SNAP participants to purchase food through their websites using online transactions with their EBT cards. Much like using an EBT card in the grocery store, the websites will only deduct SNAP-eligible items from purchases. Other costs, including delivery fees, can not be paid using SNAP benefits. For more information and a list of participating retailers, visit fns.usda.gov/snap/online

#### **Restaurant Meals Program (RMP)**

GIS 23DC085

LDSS-5230 RESTAURANT MEALS PROGRAM NOTICE OF ELIGIBILITY DECISION GIS 24DC037

OTDA'S RMP WEBPAGE

The Restaurant Meals Program (RMP), which began in NYS in December 2023, allows SNAP clients who might not be able to prepare meals for themselves or who do not have permanent housing for storing and preparing food to buy prepared meals at restaurants with their SNAP benefits.

To be eligible for the RMP, SNAP clients must be participating in SNAP in a county that has an RMP and all members of the household must be either:

- Elderly (60 years of age or older);
- Disabled (receives disability or blindness payments or receives disability retirement benefits from a governmental agency because of a disability considered permanent);
- Homeless; or
- A spouse of a SNAP client who is eligible for the RMP.

If a SNAP participant meets one or more of the requirements above, their SNAP case will automatically be labeled as RMP eligible. Households can visit ebtEDGE.com and create or log in to their account to check their RMP eligibility.

Clients can also check their RMP eligibility status on the ebtEDGE mobile app. Both the ebtEdge account and the mobile app show a thumbs up icon with "Account is RMP Eligible" for SNAP recipients who meet the criteria for participating.

Restaurants participating in RMP will display a special decal on their doors or windows and provide a 10% discount to eligible RMP participants when they use SNAP benefits to purchase food.

For more information and a complete list of participating restaurants, visit OTDA's RMP webpage: otda.ny.gov/programs/rmp/

# **USING SNAP BENEFITS**

#### **Appointing an Authorized Representative**

Individuals who have difficulty accessing their EBT benefits, such as the homebound, can choose someone to be their authorized representative. This should be a person whom the household trusts, such as a home attendant or family member. Once appointed by the household, the authorized representative can use the original EBT card and PIN or get a separate EBT card and PIN, and use those when grocery shopping for the SNAP household.

See further details on appointing an authorized representative under *The SNAP Interview* in the *Applying for SNAP* section of this guide.

#### **Unspent SNAP Balances**

GIS 22 TA/DC075 AND ATTACHMENT 1

The 2008 Farm Bill required states to shorten the timeframe that unspent SNAP balances stay on the EBT card from 365 days to 274 days.

Unspent SNAP balances stay in the account for 274 days. The only exception: certain cases when a new NYSCAP participant has not accessed any SNAP benefits within the first 90 days of case opening. In those cases, the benefits are expunged after the first 90 days (See the *Programs to Help Seniors and Disabled Applicants Access SNAP* section for more details about NYSCAP).

SNAP participants can check their account balance at any time by calling the customer service number at 1-888-328-6399 (listed on the back of the EBT card) or by visiting myBenefits.ny.gov and logging into their account. Many larger stores also have machines available at the customer service desk where participants can check their balance before shopping.

## **Resources for This Section**

On the following pages, you will find this resource:

**LDSS-4217 ID Card Update Form** 

**LDSS-5230 Restaurant Meals Program Notice of Eligibility Decision** 

# **ID CARD UPDATE FORM**

CASE NUMBER:		CASE NAME:			DATE:	
	DD MENU)					
Section  1	Function: (check one)  1 ID Card Update, ( 11 EBT PIN Mailer  CIN			4 Plastic (		
VIDUPD/WIDAR						
Section 2	REASON CODE: (che 01 Lost 02 Stolen/Never Rec 03 Defective MAG S	04 N ceived06 S	Mutilated Surrendered Tempcard Los	t-Stolen	☐09 Other/New	
	REVISE MAILING ADD For requested card:	ORESS Street City/Town		State	Zip Code	
	PHOTO ID: (Check Or	ne)		)		
	Auth Rep Name	First		Las	<u></u>	
Section	ADD OR DELETE (che	eck one)	DELETE	Luc	). 	
<b>2A</b>	Individual as PA/FS Pa	yee for Case C	Case #			
Section	ADD A VAULT CARD OR DELETE A CARD (check one)					
<b>2B</b>	☐ ADD A VALUT CARD 600486 200 ☐ DELETE A CARD #600486					
Worker Name (Prin	t Name):		Office	Unit	Worker ID:	
Telephone No.:		Form Created By:				
Recipient Signature	9					
Worker Signature						
DEO Signature						

#### COMMON IDENTIFICATION CARD ACTION GUIDE AND TRANSMITTAL

To issue a CBIC to a recipient or an applicant.

#### Section 1

- Check Function 1 for a plastic CBIC and a temporary cardboard CBIC.
- Check function 4 for a plastic CBIC only.
- For an **APPLICANT** if a CIN exists enter the CIN and registry #; otherwise enter a registry #/line #.
- For a RECIPIENT enter a CIN.

#### Section 2

- Check Reason Code.
- If plastic card is to be mailed to other than case address enter a new address.

To add, change or delete the PA/FS payee on an application in receipt of a BICS pre-reg benefit or to add, change or change the PA/FS payee on a case.

#### Section 1

- Check Function 1
- For an APPLICANT without a CIN enter the line number and registry #.
- For an APPLICANT with a CIN enter both the CIN and the registry #.
- For a RECIPIENT enter a CIN.
- Enter the case number.

#### Section 2A

Check either Add or Delete

**NOTE:** If you Delete a payee you should replace that payee with another one. If not, then no one on the case can receive the benefits for the case.

\_\_\_\_\_

#### To issue an Authorized Representative card

#### Section 1

- Check Function 3
- Enter the CIN of a case member who is a PA/FS payee.

#### Section 2

- Check reason code.
- Indicate if a photo is desired by checking **Yes** or **No**.
- Enter Authorized Representative name.
- If plastic card is to be mailed to other than case address enter a new address.

#### To issue a Vault Card or Deactivate a Card

#### Section 1

- Check Function 1
- Enter the CIN, or an App Reg #/Line #.

#### Section 2B

Check ADD A VAULT CARD – (Leave card number area blank to request a vault card) OR
DELETE A CARD – Write in the card number to be deleted) OR
Delete ALL Cards for a client by writing in "ALL" in the card number area

To mail a PIN to a client or an Authorized Representative

#### Section 1

- Check Function 11
- Enter the CIN, or an App Reg #/Line #.
- Check Client or Authorized Representative.

### **Restaurant Meals Program Notice of Eligibility Decision**

NOTICE DATE:			NAME AND ADDRESS OF AGENCY/CENTER OR DISTRICT OFFICE:			
CASE NUMBER: CIN:			OTTICE.			
CAS	SE NAME (And C/O Na	ame if Present) AND ADI	DRESS		LEPHONE NO. ONS OR HELP _	_
				OR Age	ncy Conference _	
					Hearing Information assistance _	
				Red	ord Access	
				Leg	al Assistance Information _	
	FICE NO.	UNIT NO.	WORKER		UNIT OR WORKER NAME	TELEPHONE NO.
hou					SNAP) case was reviewed (RMP). It has been determ	
	ELIGIBLE. Your SN	NAP household is eligi	ble to par	ticipate in the	RMP.	
The RMP allows households where all members are either elderly (age 60 or older) or disabled (receives or blindness payments or receives disability retirement benefits from a governmental agency because of disability considered permanent), or the spouse of someone who is elderly or disabled, and for househol homeless, to use their SNAP benefits to purchase prepared meals at certain restaurants. Since your household the eligibility criteria to participate, your household has been included in the RMP. If there is a characteristic your household's circumstances and a member of your SNAP household is no longer considered elderly disabled, your household is no longer homeless, or your SNAP case closes, your household will no long included in the RMP and you will not be able to use your SNAP benefits to purchase prepared meals at participating restaurants.					y because of a for households that are nce your household here is a change in dered elderly or I will no longer be	
	Please check your household's food benefit balance by calling 1-888-328-6399 or visiting <a href="www.connectEBT.com">www.connectEBT.com</a> to ensure you have sufficient funds in your SNAP EBT account prior to purchasing prepared meals at participating restaurants. Once logged into your ConnectEBT account, check the "Cardholder Info" section which must display "Restaurant Meal Program Eligible" to confirm that your EBT card can be used at participating restaurants. If you attempt to purchase a prepared meal and do not have sufficient funds, you will still be responsible for covering the cost of your meal with funds other than SNAP benefits. For a current list of participating restaurants where you may use your SNAP benefits to purchase prepared meals, visit <a href="https://otda.ny.gov/rmp">https://otda.ny.gov/rmp</a> .					
	INELIGIBLE. Your	SNAP household is in	eligible to	participate in	the RMP.	
This is because your household does not meet the eligibility criteria RMP, all members of your household must be either elderly (age 60 blindness payments or receives disability retirement benefits from a considered permanent), the spouse of someone who is elderly or d					60 or older) or disabled (re n a governmental agency b	eceives disability or ecause of a disability
This does not mean that you cannot use your SNAP benefits. You may continue to use your SNAP benefits, but you are no longer eligible to use them at participating restaurants. If you attempt to purchase a prepared meal a restaurant, you will be responsible for covering the cost of your meal with funds other than SNAP benefits.					e a prepared meal at a	
	7	Γhe above decision is ba	sed on Nev	w York State reg	gulations at 18 NYCRR 387.16	S.

NAME	ADDRESS:	CASE NUMBER:

#### CONFERENCE AND FAIR HEARING SECTION - DO YOU THINK WE ARE WRONG?

If you think our decision was wrong, you can ask for a review of our decision. We will correct our mistakes. You can do both 1 and 2:

1. Ask for a meeting (conference) with one of our supervisors; 2. Ask for a State fair hearing with a State hearing officer.

The Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance (OTDA) policy issuances and manuals are posted on the OTDA website at otda.ny.gov/legal. These issuances and manuals are available to you or your representative to determine whether a fair hearing should be requested or to prepare for a fair hearing. In addition, upon request to your local social services district, specific OTDA policy issuances and manuals will also be available to assist you or your representative.

- **1. CONFERENCE** (informal meeting with us) If you think our decision was wrong, or if you do not understand our decision, please call us to set up a meeting. To do this, call the conference phone number on the **front** of this notice **or** write to us at the address on the **front** of this notice. Sometimes this is the fastest way to solve any problem you may have. We encourage you to do this even when you have asked for a fair hearing.
- 2. STATE FAIR HEARING You have 90 days from the date of this notice to ask for a fair hearing.

**HOW TO ASK FOR A FAIR HEARING:** You can ask for a fair hearing by:

<u>Mail</u> : Send a copy of the entire notice <i>completed</i> to the Office of Administrative Hearings, New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance, P.O. Box 1930, Albany, New York 12201. Please keep a copy for yourself.
☐ I want a fair hearing. I do not agree with the agency's action. (You may explain why you disagree below, but you do not have to include a written explanation.)
Phone: 800-342-3334 (PLEASE HAVE THIS NOTICE WITH YOU WHEN YOU CALL.)

Fax: Fax a copy of the front and reverse of this notice to: (518) 473-6735 or

Online: Complete an online request form at: http://www.otda.ny.gov/oah/forms.asp.

If you cannot reach the New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance by phone, fax or on-line, please write to ask for a fair hearing before the deadline.

**WHAT TO EXPECT AT A FAIR HEARING:** The State will send you a notice that tells you when and where the fair hearing will be held.

At the hearing, you will have a chance to explain why you think our decision is wrong. You can bring a lawyer, a relative, a friend or someone else to help you do this. If you cannot come yourself, you can send someone to represent you. If you are sending someone who is not a lawyer to the hearing instead of you, you must give this person a letter to show the hearing officer that you want this person to represent you at the hearing. At the hearing, you and your lawyer or other representative will have a chance to explain why we are wrong and a chance to give the hearing officer written papers that explain why we are wrong. To help you explain at the hearing why you think we are wrong, you should bring any witnesses who can help you. You should also bring any papers you have, such as: pay stubs, leases, receipts, bills, doctor's statements. At the hearing, you and your lawyer or other representative can ask questions of witnesses which we bring or which you bring to help your case.

**LEGAL ASSISTANCE**: If you think you need a lawyer to help you with this problem, you may be able to get a lawyer at no cost to you by contacting your local Legal Aid Society or other legal advocate group. For the names of other lawyers, check your Yellow Pages under "Lawyers".

ACCESS TO YOUR FILE AND COPIES OF DOCUMENTS: To help get ready for the hearing, you have a right to look at your case file. If you call or write us, we will provide you with free copies of the documents from your file that we will give to the hearing officer at the fair hearing. Also, if you call or write us, we will provide you with free copies of other documents from your file that you think you may need to prepare for your fair hearing. To ask for documents or to find out how to look at your file, call us at the Record Access phone number on the **front** of this notice or write to us at the address on the **front** of this notice.

If you want copies of documents from your case file, you should ask for them ahead of time. They will be provided to you within a reasonable time before the date of the hearing. Documents will be mailed to you only if you specifically ask that they be mailed.

**INFORMATION:** If you want more information about your case, how to ask for a fair hearing, how to see your file, or how to get additional copies of documents, call us at the phone numbers on the **front** of this notice or write to us at the address on the **front** of this notice.

#### **SNAP Benefits During Disasters, Misfortunes, & Theft**

*In this section:* 

Disaster SNAP	3
Replacement SNAP Benefits in a Misfortune	3
Examples of Household Misfortune:	3
Replacement Benefits After Electronic Theft	4
What is Electronic Benefit Theft?	4
What Should Clients Do if their SNAP or Cash Benefits are Stolen?	5
Eligibility for Replacement of Stolen Benefits	5
Deadlines for Applying	5
Information Needed When Seeking Replacement of Stolen Benefits	6
Filing a Claim	6
Determining the "Amount of Theft"	7
How to Submit Claims for Replacement SNAP	7
Frequency of Replacement Benefits	8
How to Protect SNAP and Cash Benefits	8
EBT Card Freezing Features	8
RESOURCES FOR THIS SECTION	10
LDSS-2291 Request for Replacement SNAP with Hunger Solutions New York cover sheet	
LDSS-5215 Request for Replacement of Stolen Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits	

3

#### **SNAP Benefits During Disasters, Misfortunes, & Theft**

#### **Disaster SNAP**

THE FRAC ADVOCATE'S GUIDE TO D-SNAP

In the event of a large-scale disaster, states may request permission from USDA to operate a Disaster SNAP program (D-SNAP). D-SNAP has special income rules and a very simple application process. It provides SNAP benefits quickly to households that would not ordinarily qualify for them, but that suddenly need food assistance due to a disaster situation. D-SNAP may also include special provisions for existing recipients.

#### **Replacement SNAP Benefits in a Misfortune**

GIS 08 TA/DC 031 GIS 11 TA/DC018

#### Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-2291 Request for Replacement SNAP

SNAP recipients who experience a household misfortune that causes their food to spoil or be destroyed can receive a replacement benefit. The loss of food can be due to a situation such as a storm or a flood, which affects large areas, or can be specific to a single household, such as a fire. The amount of the replacement benefit cannot be higher than the household's usual monthly allotment.

#### **Examples of Household Misfortune:**

- Extended power outage (four hours or more)
- Flood
- Fire
- Equipment failure (refrigerator/freezer)
- Failure to pay a utility bill

It is always possible for SNAP recipients who lose food in a household misfortune to obtain replacement benefits if the household:

- Reports the loss within 10 days of the misfortune either verbally (by phone or in person) or in writing to their SNAP office, and
- Returns a signed and completed LDSS Form 2291 (at the back of this section) within 10 days of the date of the reported loss to the SNAP office, either by mail or in person.
  - o If the 10th day falls on a weekend or holiday, a form received the day after the weekend or holiday will be accepted by the SNAP office.
- Uses Form 2291 to fulfill the requirements of both reporting the loss *and* submitting the form, instead of doing these two things separately. In this case, the form must be submitted within 10 days of the loss.

#### **Other Things to Note:**

- The SNAP office should always issue replacement benefits if a household requests them and has experienced a power outage/shutoff of four hours or longer.
- The SNAP office should not require the household to bring in spoiled food to verify need for reasons of health and administrative impracticality.

#### Replacement SNAP Benefits in a Misfortune, cont.

- A household may not be denied replacement SNAP benefits because it has applied for replacement issuances in the past.
- The amount of replacement benefits provided depends on each household's food loss.
- Replacement benefits are impacted by the time of month that the misfortune occurs. The later in the month the misfortune occurs, the lower the replacement amount will be. This is because a family would be eating the food they bought with their SNAP benefits throughout the month.

#### **When Requesting Replacement Benefits:**

- Be aware that Form 2291 is a legal statement indicating a loss of food due to a household misfortune and the cost of the food lost.
- The SNAP office/HRA center may use available information regarding power outages and flooding to confirm the accuracy of the statement.
- When SNAP recipients fill out Form 2291, make sure that they complete the form and that their writing is legible.

#### **Replacement Benefits After Electronic Theft**

24DC064 23-ADM-07 24DC005 SNAP and TA cash benefits stolen through electronic means such as card skimming, cloning, and phishing can be replaced through new SNAP rules.

#### Helpful resource at the back of this section:

LDSS-5215 Request for Replacement of Stolen SNAP and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits

#### What is Electronic Benefit Theft?

Electronic benefit theft (also known as "skimming," "phishing" or "card cloning") is a type of theft that occurs electronically, even if the EBT card is never physically lost.

Skimming devices are placed on a store's card-swiping machine to copy EBT, credit, and debit card information. Card information is then used to make fake cards (called "clones") to steal money from accounts. Skimming can happen anywhere EBT cards are swiped. SNAP participants impacted by skimming often find out when they attempt to make a new purchase or check their EBT balance.

Phishing is a different type of fraud where people are tricked into clicking on a link, usually sent through text or email, that looks legitimate. These links often direct the SNAP recipient to a third-party website or attempt to coax the person into providing their EBT card number and PIN, enabling scammers to create a point of access to steal the victim's SNAP benefits. NYSOTDA and SNAP Offices will never ask for SNAP EBT account information by phone or email.

5

#### **Electronic Theft, cont.**

#### What Should Clients Do if their SNAP or Cash Benefits are Stolen?

Immediately contact the EBT Customer Service Helpline to report the theft and request a replacement EBT card by:

- calling 1-888-328-6399,
- visiting ebtEDGE.com,
- or through the ebtEDGE mobile app.

The EBT Customer Service Helpline is available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, and assists Arabic, Chinese, English, Haitian-Creole, Italian, Korean, Russian, and Spanish speakers.

#### **Eligibility for Replacement of Stolen Benefits**

SNAP recipients can submit claims to request the replacement of SNAP and/or Cash Assistance benefits stolen electronically through EBT card skimming and phishing scams. Even if the SNAP or TA case has closed since benefits were stolen, cardholders may still be eligible for replacement benefits.

SNAP benefits stolen on or after **October 1, 2022** may be eligible for replacement including:

- regular, ongoing SNAP,
- restored, replacement or retroactive issuances, and
- Disaster SNAP (D-SNAP).

Pandemic EBT (P-EBT) and Summer EBT benefits are not SNAP benefits and are **not** eligible to be replaced.

Cash benefits stolen on or after **January 1, 2022** may be eligible for replacement including:

- Family Assistance (FA),
- Safety Net Assistance (SN-FP),
- Safety Net Cash Assistance (SN-CSH),
- Safety Net Non-Cash Assistance (SN-FNP),
- Emergency Safety Net Assistance (ESNA) and
- Emergency Assistance to Families (EAF).

#### **Deadlines for Applying**

For benefits stolen between October 1, 2022 and August 20, 2023 the deadline to apply was April 1, 2024. If a cardholder is just learning of theft that occurred during this timeframe, they have 30 days from the date they become aware of the theft to submit a claim.

Benefits stolen on or after August 21, 2023 must be claimed within 30 days of the date the cardholder becomes aware of the theft.

#### **Electronic Theft, cont.**

#### **Information Needed When Seeking Replacement of Stolen Benefits**

When seeking to have stolen EBT benefits replaced, cardholders must provide several things to the SNAP office when submitting their claim.

#### **EBT Transaction History**

Cardholders should review and note their EBT transaction history so that they can report the following for each fraudulent transaction:

- The date the transaction occurred,
- The name and address of the business where the transaction occurred,
- The benefit type (whether Cash Assistance or SNAP),
- The amount of each fraudulent transaction (see below, "Determining the Amount of Theft").

Cardholders should consider fraudulent transactions to be ones that they did not make or consent to.

Cardholders can use one of these methods to obtain their EBT transaction history:

- Access EBT transaction history at ebtEDGE or by downloading the ebtEDGE mobile app (available for download in the Apple App Store and Google Play Store). If clients have never used ebtEDGE, they will need to create an account using an email address and valid EBT Card number. If they have reported their card stolen, they will need to wait for their new card to arrive to create an ebtEDGE account.
- Call the toll-free EBT Customer Service line at 1-888-328-6399. Through the
  Customer Service line, clients can access an automated menu that allows them
  to hear their ten most recent transactions. Clients can also use the automated
  menu or speak with a customer service representative to request a two-month
  statement of their account history. Agents are available 24/7 and help in the
  following languages: Arabic, Chinese, English, Haitian Creole, Italian, Korean,
  Russian, and Spanish.

On the new ebtEDGE system, clients can access six months of transaction history via the website and mobile application. Transaction history dating back up to three years is available via the EBT Customer Service Helpline at 1-888-328-6399.

#### Filing a Claim

After reviewing transaction history and identifying the fraudulent transactions, the client can submit their claim to their local SNAP office. To file the claim, they will need the following:

- Client Identification Number (CIN) of the head of household or case payee
- Case Number
- Current Mailing Address
- Date, location, benefit type, and amount of each fraudulent transaction.

#### **Determining the "Amount of Theft"**

An occurrence of theft may span more than a single transaction. The occurrence may take place over a few days, or a case may remain compromised with ongoing theft transactions for several months. The "amount of theft" is the combined total loss resulting from (a single or multiple) theft transactions: beginning with the first theft transaction following the original skimming (or phishing, etc.) episode in which the EBT account was compromised and including every subsequent theft transaction until the compromised EBT card was deactivated.

When working with a household, carefully review the transaction history to identify the combined total loss due to a theft incident rather than just the initial transaction that started the fraudulent activities. The SNAP office will only consider the sum of the reported fraudulent transactions listed on the LDSS-5215/HR-210, even if it is apparent in the transaction history that there were additional fraudulent activities stemming from the same theft incident.

#### **How to Submit Claims for Replacement SNAP**

Clients can submit a claim for replacement of benefits stolen electronically using any of the following methods:

#### **Online/Mobile App**

- In NYC: File a claim online at nyc.gov/hra. This process may take as little as 10
  minutes if the client has already reported the fraud and reviewed and identified
  the suspected fraudulent transactions. HRA strongly recommends that people
  in NYC submit an online claim.
- Rest of NYS: The application is paper-based, but an online application in myBenefits is expected to launch in the future. Households can upload the LDSS-5215 via the NYDocSubmit app if they live in a participating district.

#### By mail

- In NYC: Clients can print a paper claim form from nyc.gov/hra, or call DSS One Number (718-557-1399) to request that a form be mailed to them. Paper claim forms are also available in the local BAC or SNAP Center. Completed paper applications can be mailed to: Department of Social Services, PO Box 02-9121, Brooklyn GPO, Brooklyn, NY 11202
- Rest of NYS: Households can mail the application to the local SNAP office. Visit otda.ny.gov/workingfamilies/dss.asp to find a SNAP office.

#### **In-Person**

- In NYC: Clients can submit a claim via paper form or on PC Banks in any Benefits Access, SNAP, or HASA Center. Find the closest Center at www.nyc.gov/site/hra/locations/locations.page
- Rest of NYS: Clients can drop off the application in person at the local SNAP office. Visit otda.ny.gov/workingfamilies/dss.asp to find a SNAP office.

10/2024 7

Once a claim is submitted, the client should allow up to 30 calendar days to receive a decision notice in the mail. Clients should anticipate receiving their replacement benefits on their newest and most recently used EBT card around the time that they receive their notice of determination.

#### **Frequency of Replacement Benefits**

A household may receive up to two instances of replacement SNAP benefits in each Federal Fiscal Year (FFY), which runs October 1– September 30. Households are eligible to receive either the amount of SNAP benefits that were stolen, or an amount equal to two times the SNAP benefits received in the most recent complete month of participation in SNAP before benefits were stolen, **whichever is less.** 

#### **How to Protect SNAP and Cash Benefits**

USDA and OTDA encourage cardholders to safeguard their EBT cards and take the following actions to help prevent theft of SNAP benefits:

- Keep the SNAP EBT PIN a secret. Cardholders should not share their PIN with anyone outside of their household. Cover the keypad when entering the PIN on a machine.
- Lock the EBT card. Cardholders can use the new freeze/unfreeze card feature to help secure their EBT card and protect benefits from scam-related theft. See below for a "how to".
- Check the SNAP EBT account regularly for authorized charges. Change the EBT PIN immediately to stop the thief from making any new purchases. By changing the PIN, anyone attempting to gain access to the EBT account via a duplicate card will be restricted.
- Check card reading machines to make sure there's nothing suspicious attached
  to the card swiper or keypad. Skimming devices can be difficult to detect, but
  are often bigger than the original machine and may hide parts of the machine.

#### **EBT Card Freezing Features**

Cardholders can freeze their EBT card when it is not in use and then unfreeze the card to make a purchase. Follow these four simple steps to freeze an EBT card:

- 1. Visit ebtEDGE.com or download the ebtEDGE app on your mobile device.
- 2. Securely log in to your account.
- 3. Tap the new "Freeze/Unfreeze Card" icon on the home screen.
- 4. Select "Freeze My Card Everywhere" and click "OK".

#### Other Security Features of the ebtEDGE Mobile App and the Web Portal

Once clients set up their account, these security features can help them prevent scam-related electronic benefit theft and keep their benefits safe:

- Check transactions and deposits
- Block internet and out-of-state transactions
- Change PIN (if needed)
- Request a replacement card if lost, stolen, or damaged

#### **Resources for this Section**

On the following pages, you will find these resources:

LDSS-2291 Request for Replacement SNAP with Hunger Solutions New York cover sheet

LDSS-5215 Request for Replacement of Stolen Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits

#### REQUEST FOR REPLACEMENT OF FOOD PURCHASED WITH SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) BENEFITS

If you are blind or seriously visually impaired and need this application/form in an alternative format, you may request one from your social services district. For additional information regarding the types of formats available, contact your social services district or visit <a href="https://www.otda.ny.gov">www.otda.ny.gov</a>.

If you are blind or seriously visua written notices in an alternative for	-	-		-	e to receive No
If Yes, check the type of format yo Data CD Audio CD _ other alternative formats will be e	Bı	raille, i	if you as	sert tha	
If you require another accommodatistrict.	ation	, pleas	se conta	ct your	social services
NEW YORK STATE  CASE NAME				COUNTY	PORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE
CASE NUMBER		SSN			DATE OF BIRTH
ADDRESS (including house and Apt number)	CITY		STATE	ZIP	PHONE NUMBER
I	e agenc d as a r □A	y represe	ntative:	ood purchas	ed with Supplemental
Client Comments:					
CEF DO NOT SIGN UNTIL YOU HAVE READ	RTIFICA AND U		AND THE ST	TATEMENT:	S BELOW
I am aware that offering a false instrument for filing as d maximum penalty of four (4) year's imprisonment. If I c Laws of the United States and New York State and unc Disability Assistance.	do so, I	will be su	bject to pros	ecution und	er the Civil and Criminal
I understand I have a right to a fair hearing to contest Replacements would not be issued pending the fair hear			ay of a repla	cement issu	uance for my household.
I understand that if I do not sign and return this stater reported, the agency will not replace the SNAP benefits.		the agen	cy within ten	(10) days (	of the date the loss was
Signature				Date	

#### PETICIÓN DE REEMPLAZO DE ALIMENTOS ADQUIRIDOS CON EL SUBSIDIO DEL PROGRAMA DE ASISTENCIA NUTRICIONAL SUPLEMENTARIA (SNAP)

Si usted es una persona ciega o tiene un impedimento visual grave y necesita esta solicitud / formulario en un formato alterno, lo puede solicitar de su distrito de servicios sociales. Si desea información adicional sobre los tipos de formatos disponibles, comuníquese con su distrito de servicios sociales o ingrese a www.otda.ny.gov. Si usted es una persona ciega o tiene un impedimento visual grave, ¿Le gustaría recibir notificaciones en un formato alterno? Sí Si contestó «Sí», marque el tipo de formato que desea: Letra Grande CD Audio CD de Datos Braille, si usted determina que ninguno de los otros formatos alternos le serán de igual utilidad a usted. Si usted necesita otra modificación, favor de comunicarse con su distrito de servicios sociales. NEW YORK STATE OFFICE OF TEMPORARY AND DISABILITY ASSISTANCE CASO A NOMBRE DE: CONDADO N° DE CASO Nº DE SEGURO SOCIAL FECHA DE NACIMIENTO CÓDIGO POSTAL N° DE TELÉFONO DIRECCIÓN (incluya el Nº de la casa o del apto.) CIUDAD **ESTADO** \_, siendo el jefe del hogar o integrante adulto del hogar correspondiente al caso mencionado arriba, deseo informar lo siguiente al representante de la agencia: Mi hogar sostuvo una pérdida por el monto de \$ \_ de alimentos comprados con subsidios del Programa de Asistencia Nutricional Suplementaria (SNAP) y los cuales se dañaron debido a: ☐ Una interrupción del servicio eléctrico ☐ Una inundación ☐ Un incendio ☐ Otro desastre Describa: Comentarios del trabajador social: Comentarios del cliente: CERTIFICACIÓN NO FIRME HASTA QUE HAYA LEÍDO Y ENTENDIDO LOS ENUNCIADOS A CONTINUACIÓN Yo entiendo que el ofrecer un instrumento falso para su registro, tal como lo describe el Artículo 175 de la Ley Penal, es un delito el cual conlleva una pena máxima de cuatro (4) años de prisión. Si lo hago, estaré sujeto a procedimientos judiciales bajo la Leyes Civiles y Penales Estadounidenses y del Estado de Nueva York y según las pautas de la oficina estatal New York State Office of Temporary and Disability Assistance. Entiendo que tengo el derecho a una audiencia imparcial con el fin de oponerme a la denegación o la demora del remplazo destinado a mi grupo familiar. No se emitirán remplazos mientras se espera por la decisión de la audiencia Entiendo que si no firmo y devuelvo esta declaración a la agencia dentro de diez (10) días contados a partir de la fecha que se informa la pérdida, la agencia no remplazará los subsidios SNAP. Firma

# Have you lost food due to an emergency?

Do you buy groceries with SNAP? You may be able to get some of your SNAP dollars added back to your EBT card.

#### What you need to know:

- If you receive SNAP benefits and have lost food due to a household misfortune, you can request replacement SNAP benefits.
- The loss can be due to a situation that affects **large areas**, such as a storm or a flood, **or can be specific to a single household**, such as a fire.
- Household misfortunes can include:

**Storms** 

**Flooding** 

Fire

**Extended power outages** 

**Equipment failure (refrigerator or freezer)** 

Failure to pay a utility bill

Note: power must be out for four hours or more to be eligible for SNAP replacement.

#### What you need to do:

- Fill out and submit a replacement form to your local SNAP/HRA office within
   10 days of the loss. You can do this by mail or in person.
- If you are unable to submit the form within 10 days, call the SNAP/HRA office right away to report the loss. You will then have 10 days to return the form after you report.
- The Nutrition Outreach and Education Program (NOEP) can help you report
  the loss and submit the form. NOEP can also help you get the form in other languages.
   NOEP provides one-on-one help to anyone in New York State with questions about SNAP.
   The service is free and confidential.

#### To find a NOEP near you, visit FoodHelpNY.org.



### Request for Replacement of Stolen Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits

This form must be used to request the replacement of SNAP and/or TA benefits that were stolen through electronic means like card skimming, card cloning, third party misrepresentation or other similar fraudulent methods such as phishing.

#### **Section A: Household Information**

Case Name				County
0 11 1 2"	(15.11   (21))	Τ,	E II II CEDTO I	D ( (B) II
Case Number or Clie	ent ID Number (CIN)	Last	5 digits of EBT Card	Date of Birth
Address (including h	ouse and Apt number)	City,	State, Zip	Phone Number
Section B: Ber	nefit Theft Inforr	mation		
I,		, am th	e head of household or an a	adult household member for
the above-named ca	ase and wish to repor	rt the following	to the agency representative	adult household member for e:
Date I discovered th	nat benefits were stole	en:		
Total amount of stol	len SNAP benefits: \$_			
Total amount of stol	len TA Benefits: \$	<del></del>		
I had my EBT card	with me at the time m	y benefits were	stolen: Yes	No
I reported my EBT o	card lost or stolen:	☐ Yes	□ No	SNAP
Please list the tran	sactions that were	not made by v	ou (please attach addition	nal sheets if necessary): 🚆
Date of	Program Type	Amount of		Z
Transaction	(SNAP or TA)	Transaction	Retailer Name & Location	n (address) of Transaction
				TSD
				JRIN
				(i)
				DIS
				DISASTE
				7
Please provide any	y additional informa	tion about the	theft you feel is importan	t for us to know:
				It for us to know:
				Ö
				RT
				Z
				S

#### **Section C: Certification**

Supervisor Signature:

I understand and agree to the following:

- I must complete, sign, and submit this form to request the replacement of stolen benefits.
- I declare under penalty of perjury that the information I provided in this request is true and accurate.
- The submission of this request does not guarantee that my benefits will be replaced.
- If I have knowingly given incorrect information about the facts stated above, I may be charged with an intentional program violation (IPV) and may be subject to civil and criminal penalties including, but not limited to, penalties for perjury or filing a false instrument. I will also have to pay back any benefits I was not eligible to receive.
- I have a right to a fair hearing to contest the denial or delay of replacement issuance for my household. Replacements would not be issued pending the fair hearing decision.

Signa	ture				Date
Note: This completed and signed form must be person, by mail, or through NYDocSubr				to your local district	. This form may be submitted in
Sect	ion D: District De	terminatio		- Only	
			District Us	e Only	
Repl	acement Approved?	☐ Yes	☐ No		
Repl	acement Amount(s):	SNAP - \$_		TA - \$	
Com	ments:				
	ker Signature:				Date:

Date:

## Instructions for Completing the Request for Replacement of Stolen Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits

If you are blind or seriously visually impaired and need this form and/or the *Request for Replacement of Stolen Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program SNAP and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits* application in an alternative format, you may request them from your local Social Services District (district). The following alternative formats are available:

- Large print;
- Data format (a screen reader-accessible electronic file);
- Audio format (an audio transcription of the instructions or application/recertification questions);
- Braille, if you assert that none of the alternative formats above will be equally effective for you.

If you require another accommodation, please contact your social services district.

#### General

The Request for Replacement of Stolen Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and/or Temporary Assistance (TA) Benefits application should be completed by households that have experienced scam-related benefit theft. This type of theft occurs when SNAP and/or TA cash benefits are stolen through electronic means such as EBT card skimming, cloning, third party misrepresentation, or other similar fraudulent methods like phishing.

You must complete each section as fully and accurately as possible, and sign and date this application before you submit it. In order to be determined eligible for replacement benefits, you must submit this application **within thirty (30) days** from the date you discovered your benefits were stolen. After 30 days, you are not eligible for replacement benefits.

#### **Section A: Household Information**

This section collects basic demographic information about your household circumstances.

#### **Section B: Benefit Theft Information**

This section collects specific information about the SNAP and/or TA benefit theft and information about the EBT card you had when your benefits were stolen.

Please note, if you have not reported your EBT card lost or stolen and have not yet requested a new EBT card since your benefits have been stolen, your SNAP or TA account is likely still at risk. No replacement benefits may be issued until you have reported your compromised EBT card lost or stolen. To report your card stolen, request a new card, and change your PIN please call EBT Customer Service at 888-328-6399, or go to <a href="https://www.connectebt.com/">https://www.connectebt.com/</a>.

#### LDSS-5215 (Rev. 5/23)

#### **Transactions**

List each SNAP or TA cash transaction you did not make on a separate line, even for purchases occurring on the same date or at the same retailer. If more lines are needed, please attach additional sheets as necessary. You can find and view this information by checking your EBT history at <a href="https://www.connectebt.com/">https://www.connectebt.com/</a> or by downloading the ConnectEBT mobile app (available for download in the Apple App Store and Google Play Store). Alternatively, you may also find this information by calling the toll-free EBT Customer Service Helpline at 1-888-328-6399. You may use the helpline to:

- Hear your last ten transactions on the automated menu.
- Request a printed 2-month statement of your account history from the automated menu or from a customer service representative.
- Review your transactions with a customer service representative.

#### Additional Information

Please print any additional information about the theft that you feel is important for your district to know. For example, if you believe you know how your account was compromised, please explain that here.

#### Section C: Certification

Please read the certification section carefully. If you agree to the terms of the certification, please sign and date the application. Your signature and date are required to process the request.

#### Section D: District Determination

The remainder of the application is for district use. Do **not** write in the District Use Only section. If additional space is needed for any of the application sections, please attach a separate piece of paper with the additional details.

#### Replacement Benefit Eligibility and Calculation

You do not need to have an active SNAP or TA case to be eligible to receive a replacement benefit if it has been determined that your benefits were stolen through electronic means such as EBT card skimming, cloning, third party misrepresentation, or other similar fraudulent methods like phishing. The availability of a replacement benefit depends upon the type of benefit that was stolen.

#### TΑ

The issuance of replacement TA benefits is limited to those households who had a scam-related theft of TA cash benefits **on or after January 1, 2022.** Households may not receive more than two (2) replacement TA benefits for the time period from January 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022. Thereafter, households may not receive more than two (2) replacement TA benefits in a single federal fiscal year (October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023, and October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024). After September 30, 2024, households will only be eligible to receive one (1) replacement TA benefit in a single federal fiscal year.

#### **SNAP**

The issuance of replacement SNAP benefits is limited to those households who had a scam-related theft of SNAP benefits **on or after October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2024**. Households may not receive more than two (2) replacement SNAP benefits in a single federal fiscal year (October 1, 2022 through September 30, 2023, and October 1, 2023 through September 30, 2024).

#### LDSS-5215 (Rev. 5/23)

For both benefit types, the replacement benefit you are eligible to receive is either the amount of SNAP or TA cash benefits that were stolen, or an amount equal to two (2) times the SNAP or TA cash benefits you received in the most recent complete month during which you received SNAP or TA cash before your benefits were stolen, **whichever is less**.

#### **Instructions for Submission**

For households who live outside of New York City, this application may be submitted to your local district in person, by mail, or by mobile upload through NYDocSubmit.

- Mail/In Person: To find your local district address and contact information you can visit our website: https://otda.nv.gov/workingfamilies/dss.asp or call the toll-free OTDA Hotline: 1-800-342-3009.
- **Mobile Upload**: you can use the NYDocSubmit mobile app to upload the application to your district by taking a picture of the application and submitting the images through your mobile device. For more detailed instructions, please visit our website: <a href="https://otda.ny.gov/programs/nydocsubmit/">https://otda.ny.gov/programs/nydocsubmit/</a>.

For households who live in New York City;

- Apply Online: Log in to your ACCESS HRA account or visit nyc.gov/hra
  - Applying online is the fastest, easiest way to apply!
- Mail: You can mail a completed paper application to:
  - o PO Box 29006 Brooklyn, NY 11202.
- In-Person: You can visit any Benefits Access or SNAP Center. You can find a Center on NYC.gov (https://www.nyc.gov/site/hra/locations/locations.page)